Weather Forecast.
Fair and Cool; Wednesday Fair; Brisk Northwest Winds.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

Graphic Details of the Destruction of St. Pierre on Pages 11, 12 and 13.

VOL. 116 ESTABLISHED JULY 29, 1786. NO. 289. PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 27, 1902.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT A COPY.

Destruction of Martinique Told by Eye-Witnesses

NEWS SUMMARY

FOREIGN.

The correspondents of the New York Herald and Pittsburgh Gazette's relief ship give the first adequate story of the eruptions of Mont Pelee and La Soufriere, gleaned from the few surviving eyewitnesses of the calamity.—Page 11.

Two German steamship companies make terms with the shipping combine.—Page 3.

DOMESTIC.

Comte de Fitz-James, who witnessed the destruction of St. Pierre, described the scene to a Gazette correspondent.—Page 1.

Rochambeau party spends the day at Buffalo and Niagara Falls. Gaulois arrives at New York.—Page 9.

United States Steel Corporation is negotiating for Bessemer pig iron for delivery next year.—Page 16.

Firemen at anthracite mines said to be unanimous for quitting work Monday delivery next year.—Page 5.

WASHINGTON.

Senator Patterson talks on the Philippines. The senate passes the fortifications appropriation bill after its return from conference.—Page 9.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Former Attorney General McCormick died at Williamsport.—Page 9.

LOCAL.

The site for the new building of the cathedral lyceum has been definitely located in Washington street, opposite the new Church of the Epiphany.—Page 20.

At yesterday's meetings of Pittsburgh councils the ringsters in select turned down all moves looking to a thorough investigation of the city affairs, but the reform element in common decided to go ahead and send for officials and papers with a view to equalizing the very unfair conditions that have prevailed in the past.—Page 1.

Richard B. Scandrett endeavors to get the Eighth district delegates for Elkin, but fails in his mission. Fred W. Edwards tells him where the county delegation will stand in the convention.—Page 10.

At the next session of councils Director Leslie will introduce an ordinance limiting the speed of automobiles within the city limits to 10 miles an hour.—Page 10.

Controller Larkin submitted to councils a statement of revenues that is highly suggestive of what the city does not get and why the property owner is overburdened with taxes.—Page 1.

Prof. John A. Brashear, in speaking of an "astrologer's" forecast that a certain conjunction of the planets about this time meant a great disaster, told of his own experiments that show how volcanoes are forced into action.—Page 2.

Arrangements for entertaining delegates to the United Presbyterian general assembly, which opens its sessions in the Eighth church, Allegheny, tomorrow, are complete. It is anticipated that a warm debate will be provoked by the report on membership covenant.—Page 7.

J. A. Cooper, the local agent of the beef trust, has been notified that he is temporarily out of a job. All meat prices higher at East Liberty market yesterday.—Page 3.

The Westmoreland court house contract is playing an important part in the Republican primaries in that county. The commissioners are candidates for re-election and want the judges to approve the contract so as to shift the responsibility.—Page 2.

Mme. Kate Ward was arrested at No. 501 Sheridan street, East End, yesterday and is held for identification by the New York police.—Page 2.

SOCIAL.

Many of the summer cottages of wealthy Pittsburgh families will be opened and occupied next week.—Page 5.

The opening Women's golf tournament will be played today at the Allegheny Country club.—Page 5.

The Tourist club elected new officers yesterday at its annual outing at Riverview park, Allegheny.—Page 5.

A dance at the clubhouse last evening followed the minstrel show given by the Keystone Bicycle club in the Empire theater.—Page 5.

LEGAL.

West Side Belt Railroad Company says competitors purchased stock in another company to harrass it.—Page 18.

Judge Hawkins points out duty of trustees, during hearing in Conlon estate.—Page 18.

Large crowd gathered to hear Mrs. Sarah E. McCloy try her case against the Rev. J. M. Thomas.—Page 18.

SPORTING.

Wet grounds prevented the game between the Pirates and Quakers yesterday.—Page 14.

The interscholastic field meet at Schenley park on Saturday promises to be a very lively affair.—Page 14.

The Latonia winners: Death, Jena, Lauralighter, Harry New, Sheriff Belle and Drummond.—Page 14.

The winners at Gravesend: Graden, Contend, Plater, Cameron, Hyphen and Wild Thyme.—Page 14.

FINANCIAL.

Pittsburgh bank exchanges for yesterday were more than $1,273,000 larger than for the same day last year.—Page 17.

The market on the Pittsburgh stock exchange yesterday was fairly active and somewhat firmer.—Page 17.

Light receipts push up the price of wheat and corn. Provisions are lower.—Page 18.

Big holders in Wall street tire of waiting for buyers and dump in large blocks, weakening the market.—Page 16.

CHILD BURNED TO DEATH.

Mother Also Injured—Father Locked Up Pending an Investigation.

By the explosion of a lamp last midnight, the infant child of Thomas Manton was fatally burned and his wife, Margaret, seriously burned about the breast and shoulder. The mother and child were taken to Mercy hospital, where the child died.

The father was locked up in No. 4 police station until an investigation can be made. The mother stated at the hospital that she was coming down stairs carrying the child in one arm while she held the lamp in her other hand. The lamp was overturned in some way. The mother and father had been drinking and the police decided to lock the father up until they could ascertain the facts in connection with the accident. The couple live at No. 2038 Forbes street.

CITY MATTERS TO BE PROBED BY ONE BRANCH

Ringsters in Select Council Block Investigation Moves.

COMMON COUNCIL WILL ACT ALONE

President Crawford Makes a Decided Ruling Regarding "Rump" Committees.

PRESIDENT LAMBIE WAS ENTERTAINING

Taxation of all corporations operating under franchises from the city has been taken up. Last night common council authorized the appointment of a committee of three to examine into the relations between the city and these corporations, to ascertain the right of the city to tax them, to secure all books and papers needful in the conduct of the examination, and to subpoena witnesses and administer an oath to them. President Charles S. Crawford will appoint this committee in a few days.

A similar resolution, providing, however, that the committee be a joint one, composed of members from both branches was presented in select council at its meeting in the afternoon, and after a brisk fight was relegated to the corporations committee, there to be smothered by votes of the machine men.

Salaries Are to Be Revised.

The salaries of city employes are to be revised. A resolution was introduced in common council providing for the appointment of a committee of three to ascertain the number of city employes and their salaries, and to formulate an ordinance for a revision and equalizing of salaries. This resolution got no farther than first reading last night, but it will be pushed through to final passage. This ordinance was also introduced in select council in the afternoon, and provided for a joint committee, but it went no farther than first reading. The committee is now to be confined to common council and the investigation will be thorough.

Director A. H. Leslie was authorized last night, by an ordinance which has now passed both branches, to award the contract for the erection of a municipal hospital for the treatment of persons afflicted with contagious or infectious diseases, the building to cost $80,000. The site is in the Thirteenth ward.

An ordinance was also passed directing Director Leslie to employ an architect to prepare plans and specifications for the construction of hospital buildings, the architect to get 5 per cent for his work. The job will be worth about $4,000.

Franchises for Light Companies.

Ordinances were introduced in common council and referred to the corporations committee granting franches to the Diamond Light and Power Company and the Co-operative Light Company. The former was introduced by Thomas Delaney and it is understood that the North American Savings bank is behind the concern. The latter was introduced by John J. Hughes of the Fifth ward, and Mr. Hughes says he does not know who is behind the Co-operative company. He says he expects that to be developed when the corporations committee takes up the ordinance.

Common council met last night, and select council yesterday afternoon, as the rules of the branches now provide. Common council passed all the legislation that had been enacted in select council since the branch organized in April.

President Crawford, in the course of the meeting ruled that all ordinances which come to common council after having been passed by select, and which were not previously acted upon by the proper joint standing committee, must go to that joint committee before common council acts upon them. This is to make the passage of measures legal, notwithstanding the puerile actions of the select council.

New Matters of Importance.

On the call of wards the following important papers were presented in common council in addition to the franchise ordinances noted: By W. H. Stevenson, a resolution authorizing the transfer of $2,577 from appropriation No. 32 to appropriation No. 104, to complete the extension of water mains; by William Brand, a number of ordinances for park improvements heretofore noted; by Thomas M. Brown, an ordinance repealing the vehicle light ordinance so as to strike out the paragraph which compels the displaying of lights on bicycles, and an ordinance increasing the salaries of policemen from captains down, it being a 20 per cent increase except in the case of captains, who are increased to $115 a month, and policemen, who are increased to $70 per month; by G. W. McNeil, permitting the Pennsylvania Railroad Company to extend its tracks on Liberty street. There were in addition several ordinances for street and sewer improvements, and these with the others went to the proper joint committees.

W. C. Reitz of the Thirty-fifth ward introduced the resolution for the appointment of a committee of three common councilmen to act with the president of that branch in examining into relations between the city and corporations operating under city franchises, the manner in which they are secured, and to ascertain whether the city has the right to tax them.

Ring Whip Opposes Probing.

Max G. Leslie fought the resolution bitterly, and attempted to browbeat Mr. Reitz by cross-examining him on the purport of the resolution. Mr. Reitz said: "This is a proper matter for councils and something we ought to know about. The

Continued on 2d Page, 4th Column.

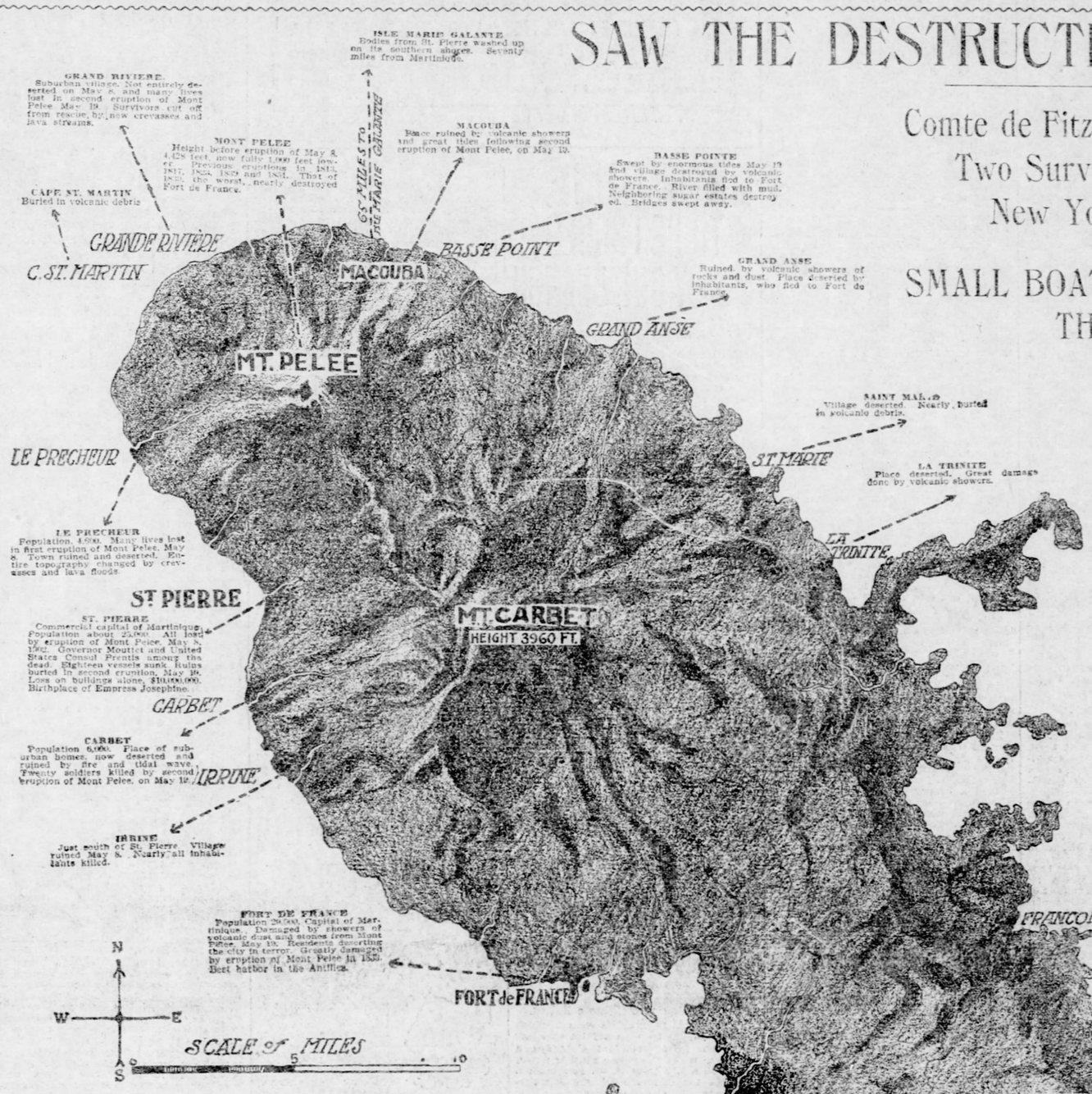
ISLE MARIE GALANTE
Bodies from St. Pierre washed up on its southern shores. Seventy miles from Martinique.
65 MILES TO ISLE MARIE GALANTE
GRAND RIVIERE
Suburban village. Not entirely deserted on May 8, and many lives lost in second eruption of Mont Pelee, May 19. Survivors cut off from rescue, by new crevasses and lava streams.
MONT PELEE
Height before eruption of May 8, 4,428 feet, now fully 1,000 feet lower. Previous eruptions in 1851, 1817, 1851, 1839 and 1851. That of 1851 the worst, nearly destroyed Fort de France.
MACOUBA
Place ruined by volcanic showers and great tides following second eruption of Mont Pelee, on May 19.
BASSE POINTE
Swept by enormous tides May 19 and village destroyed by volcanic showers. Inhabitants fled to Fort de France. River filled with mud. Neighboring sugar estates destroyed. Bridges swept away.
CAPE ST. MARTIN
Buried in volcanic debris
GRAND ANSE
Ruined by volcanic showers of rocks and dust. Place deserted by inhabitants, who fled to Fort de France.
SAINT MARIE
Village deserted. Nearly buried in volcanic debris.
LA TRINITE
Place deserted. Great damage done by volcanic showers.
LE PRECHEUR
Population, 4,000. Many lives lost in first eruption of Mont Pelee, May 8. Town ruined and deserted. Entire topography changed by crevasses and lava floods.
ST. PIERRE
Commercial capital of Martinique. Population about 25,000. All lost by eruption of Mont Pelee, May 8, 1902. Governor Mouttet and United States Consul Prentis among the dead. Eighteen vessels sunk. Ruins buried in second eruption, May 19. Loss on buildings alone, $10,000,000. Birthplace of Empress Josephine.
MT. CARBET
HEIGHT 3960 FT.
CARBET
Population 6,000. Place of suburban homes, now deserted and ruined by fire and tidal wave. Twenty soldiers killed by second eruption of Mont Pelee, on May 19.
IRRINE
Just south of St. Pierre. Village ruined May 8. Nearly all inhabitants killed.
FORT DE FRANCE
Population 28,000. Capital of Martinique. Damaged by showers of volcanic dust and stones from Mont Pelee, May 19. Residents deserting the city in terror. Greatly damaged by eruption of Mont Pelee in 1851. Best harbor in the Antilles.
FRANCOIS
MT. VAUCLIN
HEIGHT 1657 FT.
VAUCLIN
CAPE DIAMANT
ST. LUCE
MARIN
DIAMOND ROCK
Supposed desolate solid rock, but reported by Captain Morton Hansen, of the Talisman, to be in volcanic eruption May 12, 1902.
ST ANNE
GRANDE RIVIERE
C. ST. MARTIN
MACOUBA
BASSE POINT
GRAND ANSE
MT. PELEE
LE PRECHEUR
ST PIERRE
CARBET
IRRINE
FORT de FRANCE
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EXHIBIT MADE BY LARKIN IS WORTH STUDY

Exhaustive Statement of City Revenues Presented to Councils.

REAL ESTATE HAS TO CARRY BURDEN

Controller Larkin yesterday submitted to councils an exhaustive statement of city revenues prepared from official records by Auditor F. A. Kimball. The showing is not creditable to the management of municipal business. The statistics complete would occupy a page of The Gazette and the reader might then lose their significance, so it is deemed best to summarize as briefly as possible.

A recapitulation of the details shows that during 20 years direct taxes were collected to the amount of $77,306,122, while during the same period revenues from indirect taxation aggregated but $15,474,190. That is, real estate paid over 83 per cent of the total, while less than 17 per cent was derived from other sources. Chicago, operated under a very lax system, derived little more than 65 per cent of its revenue for 1900 from real estate. This comparison is highly unfavorable to Pittsburgh, but is further emphasized by a glance at the details. The indirect revenues that have been increasing most rapidly are vehicle and venders' licenses and the state appropriation for schools.

Diminishing Quantities.

The item of liquor licenses has advanced, but the income from bridges, fines, weigh scales, private switches and wharves are dwindling quantities. The population of the city has doubled in 20 years, but the revenues from markets, after increasing, have again fallen and are now only about $11,000 more than in 1882.

Vehicle licenses have increased from $20,624 in 1882 to $55,226 in 1901, in almost direct proportion to increase in population. Venders' licenses have increased from $5,672 in 1888, when the charter of 1887 went into effect, to $13,495 last year. State warrants for schools have increased from $20,896 in 1882 to $235,008 in 1901. Evidently there is some spirit in the collection of the licenses named and the state appropriation comes without effort.

By way of contrast to these is the administration of the office of city gauger, which paid into the city treasury $4,782 in 1882, and only $1,627 last year. It is a fee office, and until 1885 the gauger retained 50 per cent of his collections. By that year the revenues had fallen so low that councils voted him 75 per cent of the total as his compensation. At this rate of progress the city may soon be compelled to make an appropriation to sustain the office.

Wharf Is a Disgrace.

Controller Larkin is particularly caustic in commenting upon the revenues from wharves and private switches, and the facts warrant his criticism. The Allegheny wharf brought in $4,179 in 1882, $5,154 in 1892, and last year $5,237. That wharf is occupied from the Point to Brilliant pumping station by a heterogeneous collection of interests that, in the controller's estimation, should pay at least $100,000 a year for their privileges, if permitted to remain there. He denounces that wharf as a disgrace to the city.

Weigh scales in 1882 covered into the city treasury $4,069, last year only $950. Apparently the city scales have fallen into disuse and the private scales, which are supposed to pay $50 a year license, must be few, indeed, for a city of the size of Pittsburgh. One can hardly realize that weighing should decrease while population and traffic have been taking huge forward strides. Yet the city records are there to prove the anomaly as to suggest that some things are woefully neglected.

An Abandoned Revenue.

Weighing of coal yielded $5,480 in 1882 and the next year was abandoned after $1,069 had been collected on the plea that consumers refused to pay the fees. Since then purchasers take their coal weights for granted and the city gets no revenue from that source. This may recall to mind a scandal of a few years ago in connection with the supply of fuel to a school board. Certainly it is worth something to have both buyer and seller satisfied, as would be the case if weights were certified by a sworn city officer.

Of private switches the controller's office has record of 197, supposed to be authorized by ordinance, at a rental of $15 a year. They should yield almost $15,000 annually. Less than 50 ordinances are found in the books; since 1885 the rentals have never exceeded $3,000 a year, and in 1901 they were but $1,387 50. The controller estimates that more than $150,000 is due the city on this account alone, though he does not attempt to say what political favors may have been rendered in lieu of cash payment to the municipality.

As far as the city records go, there has been no increase in the number of pawnbrokers. Thirteen were licensed in 1890; 9 in 1900, and 12 in 1901. Possibly the impecunious young man who wants to see his uncle may know of a few who are not officially registered.

Growth Restricted Here.

Returns from the mayor's office with its police magistrates in 1882 amounted to $41,103, rose to $75,702 in 1890, dwindled to $29,026 in 1897 and amounted to $45,199 last year—about $4,000 more than 20 years ago. In the same time the cost of suppressing and dealing with crime has more than doubled.

Pittsburgh revenues from street railways are notoriously small. The total collections in 1900 amounted to $18,534. The same year Cincinnati received from its street railways over $150,000. Cincinnati is not as large as Pittsburgh, and the population of its contiguous territory is much smaller, so its street railway business is naturally much less.

It is not possible to review here every item in Controller Larkin's highly suggestive statement, but enough has been given to indicate its purport and to demonstrate that many legitimate sources of revenue have been neglected to the cost of the direct taxpayers. In conclusion Mr. Larkin says, in part:

Unavoidable Conclusions.

In reaching these conclusions it does not necessarily follow that any want of integrity in the discharge of duty is charged; rather a faulty conception or a disposition to follow a beaten path. Men generally follow custom, and especially those long established, or to which no objections have been urged.

The system as practiced is faulty, out of joint and not at all adapted to the wants of a great, rapidly growing city, and the need of radical revision is manifest in almost every item in the group.

The growth of these revenues and their hazard ebbs and and flows, as shown in the assembled figures of 20 years, are much more suggestive and convincing than official criticism. Real estate alone has been the one great producer. The burdens imposed on it have been increased and collected with scrupulous fidelity, and its response to demands, whether right or wrong, has been as certain as the recurring year.

No private corporation would permit these inequalities to exist, or allow the earning power in any branch of its business to lag or be dissipated; nor would it suffer the proceeds of that branch of its business which produced most readily, to be drawn upon in undue proportion without prompt investigation, and the immediate introduction of corrective measures. Vast sums of money cannot continue to be paid out for government without harrassing the owners of real estate and through them, the wage earners and tenants, unless public franchises and utilities consisting of scales, switches, licenses, gauging, rentals, markets, docks, wharfage, and kindred grants, bear their full share of the cost and are just as vigilantly looked after as the income from the tax duplicate.

Penalties Should Be Provided.

That deserved attention may be given to these things, an ordinance should be passed regulating and fixing the charge for all public service utilities and providing for such penalty for nonpayment as is now imposed on real estate. Authority should be given the fiscal officer of the city to appoint, instruct and direct three or four revenue officers to personally inspect every feature of the public service from which the city derives revenue and report such inspection daily to the controller.

All charges to be paid into city treasury at stated periods and all delinquencies to be collected by the delinquent tax collector.

OLD OFFICERS REMAIN.

American Baptist Home Mission Society Holds an Election.

ST. PAUL, May 26.—The American Baptist Home Mission society today elected the following officers: President, E. M. Thresher, Ohio; vice presidents, Andrew McLeish, Illinois; I. E. Gates, New York; auditors, Edgar L. Marston, New York; L. F. Requa, New York; corresponding secretary, Thomas J. Morgan, Ill. D. New York. Twenty-four managers were also named.

Mr. Gates, as vice president, succeeds Vice President Mabey, deceased.

The Desolation of Martinique.

* *

This map of the island of Martinique is drawn from the most accurate surveys. It shows the physical contour of the island and its cities and villages. The northern half of the island was the part desolated by the eruptions of Mont Pelee. The attached descriptions show the general character of the ruin wrought at each center of population. The map will be interesting and helpful in connection with the wonderful tale of the volcano's work published this morning.

ELECTRIC LINES SOLD FOR NEARLY $4,000,000

New Castle Roads Thought to Have Netted Senator Quay a Large Profit.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

NEW CASTLE, PA., May 26.—The sale of the New Castle Traction Company, the New Castle Electric Company and the Lawrence Gas Company brought Senator M. S. Quay, his son, R. R. Quay, ex-Senator Don Cameron and others interested nearly $4,000,000, as is shown by the papers recorded at the court house here today.

The deed transferring the properties to the Pennsylvania & Mahoning Valley Railway Company, named a consideration of $1, but there were $208 75 in revenue stamps attached, which would show that the money consideration was really $1,197,500. In addition, a mortgage for $2,700,000 was recorded in favor of the United States Mortgage and Trust Company of New York, making a total of $3,897,500 for the local properties.

This is for more than was supposed had been paid in the transfer and shows that the Quays and Cameron reaped a rich return for the money they invested here, which is known to have been much less than $1,000,000.

Convention Goes to Erie.

HARRISBURG, May 26.—William T. Creasy, chairman of the Democratic state committee, today issued a formal call for the meeting of the state convention at the Park opera house, Erie, on June 25, for the nomination of candidates for governor, lieutenant governor and secretary of internal affairs.

SAW THE DESTRUCTION OF ST. PIERRE

Comte de Fitz-James and Baron Fontenilliat, Two Surviving Spectators, Arrive in New York and Tell Their Story.

SMALL BOAT IN THE ROADSTEAD THEIR PERILOUS VIEWPOINT

Beheld the Wave of Fire Which Licked Up the Ships in Harbor.

LIVES SAVED BY EARLY ROWING

Unnatural Calm Most Striking Thing Immediately Preceding Outburst

THEN CAME A SCENE LIKE DANTE'S DREAM

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

New York, May 26.—"Gustave Dore, in his most ecstatic delirium, never conceived anything so dramatic and so awe-inspiring as was St. Pierre after it had been desolated by the whirlwind of fire that swept down upon it from Mont Pelee. It was more than a city of the dead. It was an inferno, magnified and realized. I looked upon it, and the vision was such that its impression will never be removed from my mind.

From the depths of the earth came rumblings, an awful music which cannot be described. I called my companion's name and my voice echoed back at me from a score of angles. All the air was filled with the acrid vapors that had issued from the mouth of the volcano.

"I had been beaten down by the force of the explosion until I was too weary to realize the miracle that had left Baron Fontenilliat and myself among the few survivors, and the only ones who were permitted to force our way into St. Pierre as far as the still living flames would permit. Just now my mind seems to return to its normal condition, and I look back upon that Thursday morning and the hours that immediately followed as upon some fearful nightmare."

The Two Survivors in New York.

Comte de Fitz-James, who, with Baron Fontenilliat, witnessed the destruction of St. Pierre, Martinique, escaping destruction in a most marvelous manner, and by the display of great fortitude and presence of mind, thus describes his impressions today to a reporter for the Gazette. Both these French travelers realize now how favored they have been by fortune and each shows in his appearance the hardships he endured. They arrived in New York today on the Red Line steamship Caracas from San Juan. Continuing his narrative, Comte de Fitz-James said:

"From a boat in the roadstead in front of St. Pierre, Baron Fontenilliat and I witnessed the cataclysm that came upon the city. We saw the shipping destroyed by a breath of fire. We saw the cable ship Grappler keel over under the whirlwind and sink as if drawn into the waters of the harbor by some force from below. The Roraima was overcome and burned at anchor. The Roddam, a trifle more fortunate, was able to escape like a stricken moth which crawls from a flame that has burned its wings and left it a cripple to suffer until death relieves.

"Our own danger was great, and had it not been for the bravery and the courage of the baron, I would have perished as miserably as did the thousands of wretches ashore. I was stunned, unable to lift a hand to assist myself. Baron de Fontenilliat dragged me from the boat into the water, where he supported me until I was so far recovered as to be able to care for myself.

Reproducing an Indellible Picture.

"If you will permit me to relate the remarkable circumstances that took us up to Martinique and to St. Pierre in time to be a witness of this great tragedy, I will give as best I can the picture which will never leave my memory.

"Baron de Fontenilliat and I had been in French Guiana on a business trip relating to some mining property in which we are interested. It became necessary for us to leave Cayenne before the regular mail steamer, and we hired a sailing vessel to transport us to Martinique. It happened that when we left Cayenne there was something of a scare prevailing because of an outbreak of yellow fever. For that reason, we were not certain what would be our reception in Martinique and instead of going to Fort de France or to St. Pierre, we decided to go to Carbet, a suburban village a little way outside of St. Pierre, there to remain until the quarantine regulations were complied with. Carbet is on the opposite side of the bay from Mont Pelee, and there some of the wealthiest, as well as some of the poorest, classes made their homes.

"We learned upon our arrival that an eruption of Mont Pelee had destroyed a part of the village of Precheure, on the other side of the harbor. That was the eruption of May 3, which ruined one of the best sugar factories in the island, killing scores of workmen.

Early Start Saved Their Lives.

"We made immediate arrangements to visit the scene of the disaster.

"Two negro boatmen were employed to take us across the bay, and it was the fact that we made an early start the next morning that saved our lives. After a light breakfast we were in the boat and started across to Precheure by 6 o'clock on the morning of May 5, having arrived on the island, as I have neglected to say, the previous evening.

"We had no thought of what was to

come. Not having been in St. Pierre we had not an opportunity to share the panic which had been caused by the ugly temper betrayed by Mont Pelee.

"It was such a morning as it is almost impossible to describe. Low hanging clouds gave the scene a dismal appearance, and this was heightened by the fine volcanic dust which filled the atmosphere, making respiration difficult. This dust was next to impalpable. It could not be seen as it floated in the air, but it settled so rapidly that my hand, resting upon the boat, was covered completely in less than three minutes.

"As we made our way across the water we more than half faced Mont Pelee, which was throwing off a heavy cloud of smoke, steam and ashes. No flames were to be seen. On shore the inhabitants could be seen making their way about the water front. The city was to our right. Small craft plied about the harbor, some trading with the ships that were at anchor, while in some fishermen were going out to the fishing grounds, just off Carbet.

Passed the Ships in the Harbor.

"Leaving shore we first passed the Roddam, which was at quarantine, a fact to which the salvation of the ship is due. A little further out in the roadstead was the Roraima, its deck filled with passengers who were observing the laboring of the volcano. Still further off was the ill-fated Grappler. Then there were several sailing vessels at anchor.

"I should have said that the calm of the morning was almost abnormal. Not a ripple was to be see on the face of the sea. Not a breath of air was stirring, which made it more difficult to breathe. But in spite of our discomforts we were glad that we had made the trip, as it was an opportunity not often given to man to see a volcano in active eruption.

"The rumbling from the bowels of the mountain were majestic in tone. I cannot tell you just how they sounded, but perhaps you can imagine a mighty hand playing upon the strings of a harp greater than all the world. The notes produced were deep and full of threatenings. There was a jarring sensation and every now and then there was a commotion of the waters that caused a swell without making the surface break.

"Out from the shore put a small launch carrying the pennant of Gov. Mouttet. The governor at the last moment had realized that the situation was filled with a terrible danger. He was attempting to escape with his family and a few friends. I had commented to Baron de Fontenilliat upon the appearance of the governor's craft. Neither of us gave to the incident its true significance.

The Volcano Explodes.

"While we were talking there came an explosion that was beyond any that ever before happened. I can only liken it to a shot from a mammoth cannon. The breath of fire swept down upon the city and water front with all the force that could have been given to it by such a cannon.

"Of this comparison I will have more to say later. For the present it will do to add that the explosion was without warning, and that the effect was instantaneous. Cinders were shot into our faces with stinging effect. The air was filled with flames. Involuntarily we raised our hands to protect out faces. I noticed the gesture when I saw the bodies of the victims on shore. Arms had been raised and the hands were extended with the palms outward, a gesture that in a peculiar manner indicated dread and horror.

"When the explosion came our two boatmen were either thrown from the boat or with a quick impulse they sprang overboard. It was the one thing to have done to save their lives; but, unfortunately for them, they lost their presence of mind and instead of staying by the side of the boat they swam away in the direction of Precheur, which we were approaching when the disaster came. It was impossible for them to land at Precheure, so they were compelled to put back. They then struck out across the bay, evidently hoping to reach Carbet. We saw neither of them again, and I have no doubt they were drowned.

Saved by His Companion.

"My brave companion had the same impulse that actuated the negroes. He sprang into the water and when he saw that I did not move he reached up and catching me by the shoulder dragged me from the boat. I was stunned at first, and, though it was not a physical injury, I could not move of my own volition until the cool water restored my senses. It was this so that we could see all that happened about us.

"The Grappler rushed through the water as far as her anchor cable would permit. Then she seemed to rise by the bow, and when she settled back she sank almost before the force of the explosion had spent itself.

"The Roraima was all a mass of flames. We could see the poor wretches aboard of her rushing about in a vain attempt to escape from the fire that enveloped them. Capt. Muggahor—at least, I suppose it was him—made an attempt to give orders to the maddened crew. Then he staggered to the railing and fell overboard. The Roddam also was overcome. Her gangway was on the side. Her upper works were wrecked, but by heroic effort those on board were able to let go the anchor, and after many attempts the ship began to move. She literally crawled away. It was a splendid display of courage. At least three hours elapsed after the explosion before the Roddam cleared the harbor.

The Flame-Swept Town.

"On shore all was aflame. The city burned with a terrible roar. We realized that the inhabitants had all died, as not one was to be seen making an attempt to escape. Not a cry was heard, save from the ships that were in the harbor.

"Our own condition was desperate in the extreme. The heat was intense. We were able to keep our faces above the surface of the water for a second at a time at the most. We would take a mouthful of air and then sink into the water, to stay there until forced to come to the surface again. This only lasted about three minutes. After that we were able to float by the side of the boat, dipping only occasionally.

"The water began to get so warm that I feared we had escaped roasting only to be boiled to death. In reality the water did not get so warm as to be uncomfortable. That at the surface was many degrees warmer than that a foot below.

"When we gave our attention to the panorama that was spread before us, the entire city of St. Pierre was mantled by a dense black cloud. We could not penetrate it, but it lifted a few seconds, revealing below it a second cloud, absolutely distinct from it. The second cloud was yellow, apparently made up of sulphurous gases. It lifted, as did the first, both raising like blankets, and in a similar manner they floated away. Then, as the yellow cloud lifted from the earth, we saw the flames devouring the city, from which all show of life had disappeared, dissipated by the magic work of Mont Pelee.

No Answer to Their Calls.

"At Carbet we found the village absolutely deserted. Two portions of it had been ruined. That which was down by the water's edge had been swept by the great wave which followed the explosion. I have neglected to refer to that wave before, but it was of terrible force, and it added to the confusion all along the shore. Part of Carbet had been struck by the wave of fire from the volcano, but the greater portion of the village was left uninjured.

"When we got ashore we called aloud, and only the echo of our voices answered us. Our fear was great, but we did not know which way to turn, and had it been our one thought to escape we would not have known how to have done so.

"It was about 1 o'clock in the afternoon when we reached shore. Our fatigue was beyond description. Sleep was the one thing I wanted, but I overcame the desire, and with Baron de Fontenilliat, set off to make our way to St. Pierre, hoping that we might still render some assistance to the injured. Not knowing the paths, we attempted to enter the city from the direction traveled by the blast of the volcano. That brought us to flames and we were driven back.

"Then we went further into the country, and so happened to meet the two soldiers who did work of [illegible] nature as was ever accomplished [illegible]. The soldiers had been in camp at Cou[illegible] far back from St. Pierre, but, on leave, had wandered in toward the city.

Soldiers' Attempt at Rescue Work.

"They heard the explosion and rushed down from the hills to give aid where it was needed. When they went in through the streets, it was at the risk of their lives. They were the only ones who penetrated into St. Pierre that afternoon.

"These soldiers, to whom I hope The Gazette will give such prominence as their work warrants, are named Valant and Tribut. They came upon a sailor so injured that he could not move. Picking him up, they carried him back out of the danger zone. They left him on a couch of grass, and neither they nor we ever learned what was his fate. It is probable that he died.

"Again entering the city these two heroes found five women in a hut. They were much injured, but not dead. The soldiers gave them drink and put food within their reach, and left them, promising to return with assistance as soon as possible. When they met us they told about the women and Baron de Fontenilliat and I made an attempt to find the women, but were not successful in our search.

"Not to show the folly of those upon whom responsibility fell in that hour of terrible disaster, I may say that when these two soldiers reached their camp they were sent to the guardhouse for having remained away after hours. They told of the five suffering women, and their officer insisted that the tale had been arranged by them for the purpose of escaping punishment. They were kept under guard all Thursday night, and all of the next day, and the following night.

Soldiers Pleaded for the Women.

"During those 36 hours the two soldiers made no complaint of their own treatment, but they continued to beg that assistance be sent to the women whom they had left so badly injured. Finally their plea prevailed and on Saturday they were permitted to lead a rescue party to St. Pierre. Then their story was fully verified.

"One of the women was still alive. She told how the soldiers had rescued her and her four friends, who had died late Friday night. She was taken to Fort de France, where she died a few days later. Had the story told by Valant and Tribut been acted upon when first told, five lives would have been saved. It is our greatest regret that we were unable to find the hut in which these women were hidden, but we did the best we could. After we learned what had happened we saw that the record of these two men was not blackened by the sentence which the petty officer had passed upon them. When they return to France there shall be my guests.

"Our shoes were burned to a crisp, but we plodded about those hills as long as we were able to move. Then we returned to Carbet and remained there that night. We were all alone and it was not until the next morning that some of the inhabitants returned. We remained there, doing what we could until Saturday, when we walked to Fort de France. There we remained until May 13, when we returned to St. Pierre and did what we could with one of the official relief parties.

Work Done by Americans.

"It was on Monday that we took the pictures of the scene of desolation. It was on Monday, too, that we met Capt. McLean, who had just brought the American cruiser, the Cincinnati, to Martinique. He did great work, as did other Americans.

"It is impossible to describe even in the most faint manner the horrors of St. Pierre. There were some things that can be explained, and many more that cannot be explained, by anything known to modern reason.

"It happened that one of the first bodies found by the party with which we entered St. Pierre on Monday was that of a pretty little girl about 4 years old. She sat in a life-like posture by the side of a box containing her toys; but how to account for the fact that the house in which it was found was in absolute ruins, and instead of being under the debris, the body was on top of it all, I know not. It was thought the little girl and her box of toys had been lifted into the air and after the building had fallen into ruins had dropped back to earth.

"So it was in the streets. The explosion happened just before 8 o'clock. It was a feast day. Mass was called for 8 o'clock and many were on their way to the cathedral. All of those had been lifted into the air, and after the ruins had fallen the bodies dropped back.

Clothes Blown Off, Not Burned.

"When melinite explodes in the hands of a man it is always the case that his clothes are blown from his body. So it was at St. Pierre. All of the bodies were naked, save for the shoes. Moreover, the clothing had not been burned off, as has been so often reported. The only bodies touched by fire were those that remained where the houses burned after the explosion.

"We saw a body of a beautiful young woman. Fire had not touched her, but her clothing had been torn from her body. She rested on her back, and under her was just a scrap of her underwear, and it showed that it had been torn and not burned. This is something that I cannot understand, for the heat was intense.

"We saw great stones that seemed to be marvels of strength, but when touched by the toe of a boot they crumbled into impalpable dust. I picked up a bar of iron. It was about an inch and a half thick and three feet long. It had been manufactured square and then twisted so as to give it greater strength. The fire that came down from Mont Pelee had taken from the iron all of its strength, and had left it so that when twisted it fell into fragments, like so much broom straw.

"Back of the cathedral was the savannah. Great trees had been torn up by the roots, leaving a hole 20 feet deep and 30 to 40 feet across. Then this hole had been filled by the ashes that poured down from the volcano. The leaves were cut off as by a mighty knife in the hands of a giant reaper. Everywhere were banks of cinders and ashes.

The Universal Gesture.

"When the baron and I first went into the ruined city we were too awe-struck to speak. Then I found tongue, and I called to him. His name echoed back to us from a score of standing walls. All about us were bodies. On few faces was to be seen that peace which I have seen mentioned by others. I believe that almost all had time to realize what was upon them, but they did not have time to suffer. Their arms were outstretched, as I have before remarked. The hands were open and the fingers were spread. It was a common gesture, and I believe that it was the act of men and women who threw their hands to ward off a blow which they knew was descending upon them.

"There was another fact which has not been remarked upon as it deserves. I know that the explosion of Mont Pelee was not accompanied by anything like an earthquake, for the reason that when we entered St. Pierre we found the fountains all flowing, just as if nothing had happened. They continued to flow, and are flowing still, unless destroyed by the later explosions. There was no flow of lava. It was all ashes, dust, gas and mud. Therein lies another fact, which must be considered.

"It should be remembered, when discussing this disaster, that the crater that sent disaster upon St. Pierre was not at the crest of the volcano. The old crater was at the top and it was filled with water, forming a pretty lake. The first eruption, which sent destruction upon Precheure, was far down the side of the mountain. The destruction then was worked by mud.

Destruction Came from Volcano's Side.

"Now, the water in that lake disappeared a little before the eruption of May 3. There had been constant and heavy rains. Then a small peak of the mountain fell in and covered the crater, from which the hot mud had been pouring. I am convinced that that fall of earth, stones and water closed up the vent, and when the pressure on the inside became sufficient it forced out the side of the mountain.

"It is a fact that a new crater formed and it pointed in the exact direction of St. Pierre. That crater is in the northern side and I referred to it when I said that the explosion was like that of a cannon. It was aimed at St. Pierre, and the result was that the hot gas, the stones and the boiling mud were forced down upon the city, just as the gas is forced down from the mouth of a cannon.

"It is true that there was one survivor of the disaster, a prisoner, who was confined in a dungeon far below the surface of the earth. He was released four days after the destruction of St. Pierre, and after he had suffered the tortures of the damned. It would seem that he might have been left at liberty, but he has been returned to a cell in the prison at Morne Rouge. I was told about this prisoner by a priest, who assured me that the disaster had fallen upon St. Pierre as a direct act of providence and as punishment because the inhabitants were wicked and did not attend church as they should have done.

"I wish to refer to the action of the authorities, who assured the inhabitants that nothing was to be feared from Mont Pelee. Had the opposite course been taken many would have escaped. But the assurance of safety was given, and as a result the daily paper published in St. Pierre the day previous to the destruction of the city contained a long editorial intended to lessen the panic. That editorial concluded with this expression: 'Where, then, can one be more secure than St. Pierre?'"

THE PREDICTION WAS NOT QUITE VERIFIED

Eruption Came Five Months Too Late to Fulfill Astrologer's Claim. Stars Are Too Weak.

"When I was working in a rolling-mill years ago," said Prof. John A. Brashear last night, "I gave some study to the subject of earthquakes and volcanoes. I made an experiment with some iron slag. The heated iron was placed in a tight vessel, and when the surface cooled and the gas pressure inside became so strong that the crust could not hold the internal force it exploded exactly in the same manner that the crater of a volcano does.

"When I was making these experiments in the mill the other workmen said that I was crazy, but these experiments taught me some valuable lessons. They demonstrated to me how volcanic eruptions occur and how earthquakes are started. There is nothing in this connection between volcanic eruptions and the stars."

As an evidence of the experiments of which he had been speaking the very miniature volcano that he had made in the mill could be seen in the professor's office.

This was only an introduction to another matter in connection with the Martinique disaster. Out in San Francisco a California "astronomer" or "astrologer," Dr. Frank M. Close, six years ago published an article in which he said that from December 9 to 26, 1901, some tremendous cataclysm or calamity to our earth would again occur.

Information From Babylon.

The "astrologer" asserted that the clay cylinders dug up at Babylon, and upon which are impressed the cuneiform writing which was in use by the ancient Chaldeans, and form what may be considered a library of Babylonian history, religion, and science, state that at the time of the Noachian deluge the sun and the five then known planets, Mercury, Venus, Mars, Jupiter and Saturn, were all in conjunction in the sign of Capricorn, while the earth was alone on the opposite side of the sun.

It is also set forth that Berosus, a Chaldean astronomer and historian, whose writings are extant, took notice of the conjunction of the planets named in Capricornus at the time of the deluge and he further declared that when the sun and those same planets should again be conjoined in Capricornus, some tremendous terrestrial cataclysm or calamity to our earth will again occur.

After carefully figuring the matter out Dr. Close announced that the formidable conjunction would take place six years from his prediction in December 1901.

The conjunction foretold by Close did take place last December and no wonderful phenomena accompanied it. One might suppose that the followers of Close would be disgusted and abandon faith. Not a bit of it. The recent eruptions in Martinique proves to them his contention.

Prof. Brashear's Explanation.

Dr. Brashear laughed at the tale when it was recalled to his mind last night. He had heard of it before.

"Why," said Mr. Brashear, "all those planets and the sun combined did not exert one-thousandth part of the influence exerted every day by the moon, as exemplified in the tides, or perhaps one ten-thousandth part of the influence exerted by the sun and the moon together, as exemplified in the season of high tides. The mean distance of the moon from the earth is 240,000 miles; the nearest planet is 35,000,000 miles away."

Mr. Brashear explains the recent eruption of the volcanoes in the Windward islands as explained generally by science today—that as the earth is shrinking as her interior cools there is a constant movement of the crust of the earth, and that in the weakest part of the crust the movement is greatest. The pressure exerted by the shrinkage on the molten interior is sufficient to cause volcanic eruptions, and where, as was probable in the case of Mont Pelee, the water of the sea penetrated through crevices into the interior, more violent eruptions occur.

ELOQUENT MAN SECURED.

Principal Address to Graduating Class of Western University by Charles Emory Smith.

Former Postmaster General Charles Emory Smith has agreed to deliver the principal address at the commencement exercises of the Western University of Pennsylvania on June 19.

On the night of June 12 there will be a reception at the house of Acting Chancellor Brashear. On June 15 the baccalaureate sermon will be preached by the Rev. Dr. Robert M. Russell at his church, the Sixth United Presbyterian, in East Liberty.

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN.

A Sale That Is Attracting Widespread Attention.

One of the events of the season and one in which women will be specially interested is a sale at the well-known drug house of Joseph Fleming & Son, 410-412 Market street, of high class fountain syringes at a fraction of their regular price. When you can get a 2-quart for 25c, a 3-quart for 35c and a 4-quart for 50c, all complete with pipes and five feet of tubing, you can rest assured such bargains will not go begging. By mail costs 12 cents extra.

A Remarkable Showing.

On the third page of this issue will be found the financial statement of the Pittsburgh Bank for Savings, as drafted at the close of business on May 22. The statement in detail shows the assets to be $12,627,060.92; but the strongest feature is the remarkable gain of depositors reached within the past year. Over 15,000 new accounts have been opened within the period named, thus increasing the list of depositors to 32,000. The Pittsburgh Bank for Savings is one of the oldest financial institutions in the state. Its officers are deserving of full commendation for the extraordinary success thus attained.

Chickering—Highest Award.

The Legion of Honor. Praised and favored by greatest musical authorities. Has the unbought, unsought indorsement of the profession. Sold only by Frederick's, 633 Smithfield street. G. Schroeder, manager. Steinway grand and upright pianos, one-third below regular prices.

The Superb (Genuine) Chickering. King of Pianos.

Sole agency. Frederick's mammoth music house, 633 Smithfield street. New grand and upright Steinway pianos, bought from retiring dealer, selling one-third below regular prices.

VOTING CLOSES AT MIDNIGHT, JUNE 7.

This BALLOT cut from **The Pittsburgh Gazette** of TUESDAY, May 27, 1902, If received at our office before MIDNIGHT OF **JUNE 7,** Counts ONE VOTE for

SERIES L VOTE.

Name.....

School.....

Town..... *County*.....

For the EUROPEAN TOUR tendered to 25 most popular School Teachers by

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE and CHRONICLE TELEGRAPH.

Send all ballots to Excursion Department, Pittsburgh Gazette and Chronicle Telegraph. Ballots not legibly filled out will not be counted. Last ballot will be printed May 31, 1902. Ballots from Sunday Gazette count three votes.

ALL BALLOTS MUST BE IN BY MIDNIGHT, JUNE 7.

CITY MATTERS TO BE PROBED BY ONE BRANCH

Continued From First Page.

public service corporations ought to bear their share of the expense of the city government, and it is a question whether we have a right to tax them. We want to find out about that."

Mr. Leslie was worried about the books and papers clause, and asked what was wanted with them. Mr. Reitz explained that it might be necessary to use them, and that it was expected to make the investigation thorough.

The promised communication from Controller John B. Larkin regarding the revenues of the city was presented by Mr. Stevenson, who asked that the preamble might be read to show the purport of it and that it might then be referred to the finance committee. The machine fought the proposition to read, but the preamble was finally read and the communication sent to the committee. A resume of this important paper will be found in another column of this issue of the Gazette.

Move for Salary Revision.

Mr. Stevenson presented a resolution for the appointment of a committee to ascertain the number of employes in each department and bureau of the city government, the salaries they receive, and to formulate an ordinance revising and equalizing these salaries. He asked for a suspension of the rules that the resolution might be passed finally, but this lacked a two-thirds vote, the motion to suspend the rules only getting 30 votes to 15 against.

It is now only on first reading, but will be passed at the next meeting of council. It is the intention to go thoroughly into the question of salaries and revise them. George S. Fleming, in select council, in the afternoon presented a similar resolution, with the exception that it provided for a joint committee, but it was left at first reading.

It is evidently the intention of the Thirteenth ward to fight the location of the new municipal hospital in that ward. Richard McNally, member from that ward, said on the floor last night that he saw no way to fight the ordinance at present, as it did not really name this site. He gave notice, however, that a fight would be made later. J. G. Splane, former common councilman from the ward, fought the city successfully for two years and until he removed from the ward.

President Crawford Makes a Ruling.

The first bill from select council which had not passed through a joint standing committee gave President Crawford a chance to make the ruling already noted. This was a bill from E. M. Semmelroch of $1 83 for undertakers' supplies furnished to the charities department. It had not gone through the joint standing committee, and President Crawford ordered it sent there. That committee reports to select council, so the bill will have to go back there. In making his ruling President Crawford said he believed Recorder J. O. Brown would veto measures unless they were properly passed.

Select council in the afternoon passed an ordinance providing for the construction of an ice plant at Marshaisea to cost not more than $3,000. It was taken up in common and passed. With this ordinance were a number of resolutions for the payment of bills incurred by the charities department, and which had been passed by select council. Common also passed them. After choosing seats, common council adjourned.

Meeting of Select a Farce.

What purported to be a meeting of select council was held yesterday afternoon. It was a farce from beginning, and everything done is said to be illegal. It resolved itself into a joint debate between President John S. Lamble and John Upperman. President Lambie got hopelessly entangled over the make-up and standing of the regular joint standing committees and the special so-called "regular" committees composed of members of select council only, and the attitude he is supposed to maintain toward them. He even went so far as to vote against his own committees. The minutes of the meeting are in such shape that it will take the entire force of city solicitors to straighten them out. Clerk E. J. Martin endeavored several times to help President Lamble and only succeeded in making matters worse. Incidentally the machine majority went on record against the taxing of public service corporations.

P. J. Barry of the Fifth ward introduced a resolution calling for an investigation by a joint committee of the relations between the city and public service corporations, and to ascertain whether the city can tax those corporations. This committee was to consist of two members of select council and three of common.

Defeated by Filibustering.

The machine, led by John Upperman, John Benz and Thomas E. Perry, filibustered, and finally defeated the resolution. After the motion to suspend the rules failed Mr. Barry asked to withdraw his resolution, and it was denied him. The resolution went finally to the select council committee on corporations, and would now be illegal, even were it taken up and passed. There were 13 votes for a suspension of the rules, and 18 against it, strict division on machine and reform lines.

As various measures came up on the call of the wards they were referred to the select council committees. Measures which had gone through the joint committees and passed common council were also sent to the select committees. Reform members who ventured to oppose this were not recognized by the chair. President Lambie nearly broke his arm pounding the marble stock before him. He was furiously angry from the beginning of the meeting until the close and the lobby was in a roar of laughter from start to finish at his antics.

When the joint committees on corporations and filtration reported their organization, on motion of John Upperman the reports were ordered back, alleging that they had not complied with the charter ordinance.

President Lambie Had Much to Say.

A debate followed, President Lambie ignoring the usual custom of calling another member to the chair when he wanted to speak. The only time throughout the meeting that he was not either making a speech from the chair or trying to make one was when John Upperman was talking. President Lambie appears to be rapidly becoming a figurehead and it is Upperman who governs select council from the floor. The reports on organization of the joint committees on finance and surveys were received and filed and the reports of the organization of the select council committees were received and filed.

Ordinances from common council providing for the paying of union wages to mechanics in city employ and providing rules for the sinking fund commission were referred to the select branch's committee on finance. Thomas E. Perry tried to make a report for the committee on charities, but as he is chairman of both the joint and separate charities committees, he could not see his way out. President Lamble tried to help him and Perry disgustedly sat down. Clerk Martin then tried his hand at running the machine for a minute, but John Upperman frowned at him and he wilted. Perry finally got some bills ordered paid, but from which committee they came Perry himself does not know.

Other Matters Presented.

Charles Stewart introduced and had passed an ordinance for the construction of an ice plant at Marshalsea to cost not more than $2,000. Charles H. West introduced an ordinance providing for the transfer of $7,500 from the contingent fund to the health bureau fund to furnish means for disinfecting buildings that have housed infectious diseases. This ordinance went to select council's committee on finance and charities.

New papers were presented as follows and referred to select council's committee: Ordinance for the purchase of a submarine diving apparatus for use at Brilliant station; establishing the grade on Maurice street from Fifth avenue to Forbes street.

The following papers, which had been acted upon by both the joint and the select branch committees, were passed finally in both branches: Ordinance paving Jackson street, Hay street, Grafton street, Marble alley, Amboy alley, Vista alley, Mignonette street, Kirkwood street, Bayard street, Winfield street, Lang avenue, Linwood street, Meade street, Darlington road, Wilkins street, Bennett street, Beacon street, Murdoch street, Bartlett street, Beulah street; grading Charles; accepting sewers on Booth plan of lots.

Art Sims Put Out Again.

ST. PAUL, Minn., May 26.—Otto Siefoff of Chicago tonight knocked out Art Sims of Akron, Ohio, in the eighth round of what was to have been a 10-round bout. Siefoff's manager says that he will challenge Joe Gans.

THE WEATHER.

Fair and cool weather is predicted for Pittsburgh today by the United States weather bureau and it is probable that the mercury will not go as high as yesterday, when the maximum temperature was 73 degrees. Considerable relief was felt in the cool atmosphere yesterday after the hot weather experienced in this section last week. There were indications of rain nearly all day yesterday, but the local weather office only reports .01 of an inch of precipitation.

Fair.

The Gazette weather service thermometers at Kaufmann's corner at the following hours yesterday registered:

12 noon.....72 degrees| 8 p. m.....66 degrees
4 p. m.....68 degrees|12 midnight..99 degrees

Time of sunrise today..... 4:35 a. m.
Time of sunset today..... 7:18 p. m.

Daily report for yesterday furnished by the United States weather bureau:

Time.	Baro.	Tem.	Hum.	Wind.	Weather.
8 a. m.....	29.86	66	62	N. W.	Clear
8 p. m.....	29.76	66	56	N. E.	Pt. cldy

Comparative temperature and precipitation for the past six years:

Temperature.	1901	1900	1899	1898	1897	1896
Maximum	57	79	70	74	64	78
Minimum	32	58	54	58	43	64
Mean	54	68	66	66	54	71
Precipitation	.80	.09	0	0	0	1.44

Maximum temperature (1 p. m.)..... 73
Minimum temperature (5 a. m.)..... 61
Mean temperature..... 67
Normal temperature for 31 years..... 64
Excess in temperature for the day..... 3
Excess in temperature since May 1..... 106
Excess in temperature since Jan. 1..... 65
Normal precipitation for 31 years..... .11
Precipitation for the day..... .01
Deficiency in precipitation for the day..... .10
Deficiency in precipitation since May 1..... .97
Deficiency in precipitation since Jan. 1.....2.28

Government Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 26.—Forecast for Tuesday and Wednesday:

Western Pennsylvania—Fair and cool Tuesday; Wednesday fair, brisk to high west to northwest winds on Lake Erie.

Ohio—Fair and cool Tuesday and Wednesday; brisk to high north winds Tuesday on Lake Erie.

West Virginia—Fair and cool Tuesday; Wednesday fair.

Observations taken at weather bureau stations at 8 p. m.:

Pittsburgh	66 Pt.cldy	Marquette	40 Clear
Cincinnati	64 Clear	St. Paul	56 Pt.cldy
Parkersb'g	60 Cloudy	Huron	58 Clear
Indianap's	64 Pt.cldy	Bismarck	62 Clear
Cairo	74 Pt.cldy	Kansas City	66 Clear
Washingt'n	66 Rain	Norfolk	74 Clear
Columbus	64 Pt.cldy	Jacksonville	78 Clear
Oklahoma	76 Cloudy	New Orleans	86 Pt.cldy
Chicago	48 Clear	Dodge City	66 Rain
Des Moines	60 Pt.cldy	North Platte	68 Clear
Louisville	66 Clear	Omaha	62 Clear
Memphis	78 Clear	Rapid City	64 Clear
Vicksburg	86 Cloudy	Denver	62 Cloudy
St. Louis	70 Clear	Helena	74 Clear
Philadelp'a	66 Rain	Calgary	48 Pt.cldy
New York	66 Rain	Qu'Appelle	64 Clear
Buffalo	56 Cloudy	Cheyenne	56 Cloudy
Cleveland	58 Cloudy		

TODAY'S AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND—Stock Company in "The Royal Box," 2:15 and 8:15 p. m.

BIJOU—Rose Melville in "Sis Hopkins," 8:15 p. m.

ACADEMY—Al Reeves' Burlesque Co., 2 and 8 p. m.

DUQUESNE GARDEN—Stock Opera Company in "1492," 8:15 p. m.

Hood's Pills

Do not gripe nor irritate the alimentary canal. They act gently yet promptly, cleanse effectually and

Give Comfort

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

DIED.

GRIMES—On Monday, May 26, 1902, at 8:05 a. m., MARY GRIMES, aged 28 years.

Funeral from the residence of her sister, Mrs. Robert Hamilton, 616 Oakwood street, Thirty-seventh ward, on Wednesday, May 28, at 8:30 a. m. High mass of requiem at St. James' church, Wilkinsburg, Pa., at 9 a. m. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend

MONEY WAS EASY TO OBTAIN FOR MADAME WARD

She Was Arrested Yesterday to Wait Identification from New York.

WAS GAME TO THE END

Although She Had $100 in Her Possession When She Reached the Police Station, She Borrowed a Dollar as She Left Home.

Charged with being a suspicious person, Mme. Kate Ward of New York was arrested yesterday afternoon by Detectives Elmore and McGovern at the Arlington house, No. 501 Sheridan avenue, East End, and locked in the Central police station to await identification by New York police.

Mme. Ward came to this city four months ago. It is alleged by the detectives that she is a confidence woman and has fraudulently secured considerable money from prominent residents of the East End. She was not suspected until yesterday, when she attempted to secure valuable rugs from A. Friend & Co., Penn avenue.

For several weeks Madame Ward got money from her boarding mistress. She said she was getting a divorce from her husband, who is a lawyer in good circumstances. She claimed that she had property of her own and that it was in litigation by reason of her divorce proceedings.

Had Rugs to Dispose Of.

About a week ago she asked her hostess to lend her $40. She said she could secure her some valuable rugs and antiquities at a sacrifice through a friend in Kansas City.

She was told to make the negotiations and the rugs would be taken from her in payment. Yesterday she informed her hostess that the rugs had arrived in the city and if the landly advanced $4 on them to pay the express charges she would have them sent to the house. The money was advanced and Madame Ward went to the firm of A. Friend & Co. and bought two rugs valued at $75. She paid $4 and said that she would pay the balance in two weeks. She then went home and said the rugs had been sent to the house.

The members of the firm became suspicious and notified the detectives. Detectives McGovern and Elmore instructed A. Friend & Co. to send the rugs to the house and they would intercept them when delivered.

Met by Madame Ward.

Madame Ward was awaiting the rugs. Before they arrived Detectives Elmore and McGovern went to the house and Mrs. Ward met them. Detective McGovern acquainted her with his business, told her that her transaction was somewhat irregular and that she would have to make an explanation to him.

This she refused and was placed under arrest. Just as she was leaving the house she secured a small amount of money in a clever manner. One of the servants was standing at the door crying when Madame Ward was being taken to the police station.

"Lend me a dollar," she said to the servant, "I have left my pocketbook upstairs." The money was promptly advanced.

Madame Ward has lived at several places in the East End and has been able to borrow considerable money from the guests at these houses. Word was sent to Capt. Titus of New York to investigate the character of the woman. She is about 35 years of age and pretty. She is refined in her manner and was considered an accomplished woman by those who knew her.

$300 IN PRIZES.

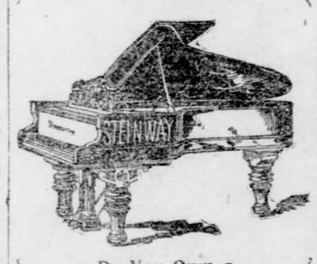
A Novel Competition That Is Bound to Interest Young People.

The Pittsburgh Bank for Savings, Fourth avenue and Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa., will award the sum of three hundred dollars in prizes to boys and girls under 18 years of age, who submit the best essay on the advantages of money saving. Write at once for circular No. 26, giving particulars. Contest closes June 10. This bank, established in 1862, has 32,000 depositors with twelve million dollars on deposit, and pays 4 per cent interest. A dollar or more starts an account.

Keep Cool.

Buy one of our lightweight Panama or Porto Rico straws. Netting, Wood and Diamond streets.

"Mellor"
Stands for Melody.



Do You Own a

Steinway?

It's the standard piano of the world — the universal favorite.

Americans may well feel proud of the Steinway. It has entered every foreign country and "conquered" every nation.

The royal courts of Europe do not even consider any other piano. The world's most famous musicians say the Steinway is the ONLY PERFECT PIANO.

A Word to the Wise

The only place where GENUINE New Steinway Pianos can be had, now or at any time, is

Mellor's
C. C. Mellor Co. Ltd.
319 5th Ave.

Catalogue Free by Mail.

Sole depot for Steinway, Mason & Hamlin, Krakauer, Ludwig and Chauncey pianos and for the Pianola Piano Player.

HAMMOCKS,

ROPE, TWINE and CORDAGE, HEMP AND JUTE PACKING.

H. Gerwig & Sons 1301 and 1303 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa

WANT THE COURT TO CARRY BURDEN

WESTMORELAND COMMISSIONERS DESIRE JUDGES TO HELP THEM.

Failure to Approve Contract for the Court House Has Complicated Matters. Board Members Are Candidates for Re-Election.

The court house contract is playing an important part in the Westmoreland county Republican primaries to be held June 7. The commissioners are candidates for re-election and the failure of the court to approve the contract for the new temple of justice is said to be hampering them in their campaign.

Several weeks ago the commissioners awarded a contract for the superstructure to the Lindsay Construction Company of Pittsburgh, whose bid was considerably higher than that of William Miller & Sons of this city, and another bidder. The award was attacked by Controller John H. Burns. He charged that the commissioners would make the court house cost the taxpayers of Westmoreland several million dollars.

Judges L. W. Doty and A. D. McConnell have to approve the contract before the Lindsay Construction Company can go ahead with the building of the court house. The judges have not seen fit to pass upon the papers, and in the meantime the Republican commissioners are endeavoring to secure a nomination.

W. D. Reamer and George Earnest are the Republican members of the board and R. N. Gay is the Democrat. Reamer is serving his third term, and wants a fourth. Earnest is asking for a second term. Gay will request the Democrats to give him a third chance at the salary. The Republicans are now at the heat of their campaign, and the court house contract is the issue. The taxpayers have a desire to know why the contract was not let to the lowest bidder.

So long as the judges hold up the contract the commissioners cannot shift the responsibility. Effort is being made so have the court dispose of the matter. If the contract is approved before it is too late, Reamer and Earnest are said to figure that the responsibility will then rest with the judges, and it will make their chances of a renomination all the better. The judges do not seem disposed to rush matters, and are said to be making a thorough investigation before determining finally what they will do.

Controller Brown and the commissioners have been at loggerheads ever since the controller went into office.

Hair dressing, 35c; shampooing, 50c. Miss E. Young, second floor, 107 Sixth st.

W. F. Frederick. G. Schroeder.

FREDERICK'S
For the Best

Largest Stock of Pianos in Pittsburgh.

A Name That Inspires Confidence.

HARDMAN PIANO.

The Only Piano That Improves With Use.

This is not a mere claim that sounds well. It is a demonstrated fact in the actual experience of thousands—yes, tens of thousands—of the best American homes as well as the foreign countries, from the greatest of Royal palaces downward.

When you hear the sweet singing and mellow tone in Hardman pianos and get Frederick's prices you will buy a Hardman piano. Sold only by

FREDERICK'S

Reliable Music Store.

633 SMITHFIELD ST.,

Entire Building. Near Seventh Ave.

Exclusive agencies for genuine Chickering, Behr Bros., McPhail, Kroeger, Haines & Co., Pianos, and Estey Organs. New Steinway pianos in our stock selling 1-3 below regular prices.

Special Bargains

This week. Come early to get the choice of them. Must be sold now. Prices to make them go.

Zephyr Ginghams...	10c to 12½c
Lawn and Dimities.	10c to 12½c
Scotch Ginghams.....	20c to 25c
Wash Silks	35c to 50c
Baby Bonnets.....	25c to $1.00
Children's Hose.....	10c to 25c
Ladies' Hose.....	10c to 50c
Children's Parasols..	50c to $2.00
Ladies' Parasols...	$1.00 to $5.00
Eton Jackets.....	$4.50 to $9.00
Silk Eton Jackets.	$9.00 to $12.00
Walking Skirts....	$3.50 to $6.00
Ladies' Dress Skirts.	$4.00 to $9.00
Ladies' Wrappers...	75c to $1.50
Muslin Skirts.....	60c to $2.00
Muslin Gowns.....	50c to $1.50
Ladies' Vests.....	10c to 50c

Elegant line of

GERMANS MAKE SHIPPING DEAL WITH MORGAN

Two Big Companies Agree to Enter the Steamer Combine.

DIVIDEND IS GUARANTEED

The Absorbed Concerns to Exchange Earnings Based on Capital Stock for a Pledge of 6 Per Cent Profit. Limits Placed on Traffic.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]

Berlin, May 26.—The directors of the Hamburg-American line have issued a circular divulging the terms of the agreement arrived at between the Morgan shipping combine and the Hamburg-American and the North-German Lloyd lines. The two German companies undertake to pay the combine an annual sum equal to a dividend amounting to at least 20,000,000 marks.

This provision was agreed on when the capital of the German lines was 80,000,000 marks each, and in the event of an increase in the capital the combine reserved the right of increasing the annual sum accruing to it to an amount equalling dividends on 25 per cent of the capital stock.

The syndicate in return pledges itself to pay the Germans six per cent on a corresponding amount of capital and not to send any ships to a German port without the consent of the German companies. The latter are bound to limit their traffic from British ports. They can, however, continue the existing services.

Can Run to West Indies.

The Germans are not precluded from including in their ports of call hereafter British ports from which the cobine does not run services nor from running their South American, Mexican and West Indian services from British ports, even though the combine utilizes the same ports. The combine, on the other hand, undertakes to allow at most two ships weekly, in each direction, to touch at French ports.

The Germans are debarred from touching at Belgian ports with ships running to and from North America, and agrees not to touch at English ports exceeding 75 times for each company way, making an aggregate of 300 calls. The Germans are free to increase their sailings from French ports, in which case the combine is entitled to an increase proportionately.

The establishment of new lines or the extension of the existing services, if so large as to double the present number of sailings, must, before being carried out, be submitted to a joint committee of the contracting parties. The committee will not have the right to prevent such an extension.

To Arbitrate Differences.

It is agreed that in the event of either party desiring to effect such extension or establishment of new lines it is bound to give the other the option of participating to the extent of one-third. This provision does not affect coastal or similar minor services.

The North Atlantic cabin passenger traffic of both parties is to be regulated by a special pooling arrangement and it is agreed to maintain the present pool regarding steerage passengers.

The freight business will be conducted under the existing agreements, excepting mutual precautions against outside competition.

The agreement further provides for the arbitration of differences and it becomes inoperative in the event of war between the United States and Germany, Great Britain and Germany or the United States and Great Britain.

The combine engages to leave to the Hamburg-American line its services from New York to East Asia, and New York to the West Indies.

MORGAN MAKES AN OFFER.

Will Pay Ninety for Monon. Preferred and Seventy-Eight for Common.

NEW YORK, May 26.—The banking house of J. P. Morgan & Co., as depositary for the Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company and the Southern Railway Company, has sent a circular letter to Monon stockholders, making a formal offer of 90 for the preferred stock and 78 for the common. If less than 51 per cent of the entire capital stock is on deposit with Morgan & Co. by July 1, the offer to buy may be withdrawn.

Reports coupling the Morgan-Hill interests with extensive buying of Canadian Pacific stock are flatly denied by a representative of the Morgan banking house.

Will Appeal K. of L. Case.

Pittsburgh members of the Parsons wing of the Knights of Labor returned yesterday from the meeting in New York on Sunday, which arranged for a reorganization. Arrangements were made to appeal the recent court decision in Washington, D. C., against the Parsons faction. The Denny organization of window glass workers will contribute at least $1,000 to this.

CAMPBELL'S.

Jackets and Capes for Ladies.

Nobby styles in Etons.

An all-silk Eton for $5.00; finer ones at $7.50 and $10.00.

Black Eton jackets the very pink of perfection, at $5.00, $7.50, $8.50 and $10.00.

Black and tan jackets, new ones to take with you on your summer trip, at $5.00, $6.50, $7.50, $8.50 and $10.00.

A hundred different styles in summer capes, long or short, all materials, $5.00 to $35.00.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE,
327-333 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Chickering Pianos—The World's Acknowledged Leader.

For nearly a century the premier piano of the world. Today it is better than ever before. It is as far in advance of all others now as it ever has been. Come and let us show you how others are just now imitating features that have been in the Chickering for 10 years.

The great 60c-on-the-dollar purchase is still on. We are selling new grand and upright Steinway pianos one-third below regular prices. Frederick's reliable music house, 633 Smithfield street. G. Schroeder.

THE SUREST WAY

To Attain Wealth Is to Spend Less Than You Make

and put the surplus where it will be safe and make more money for you every day in the year. The Pennsylvania Trust Company, 410 Smithfield street, pays 4 per cent interest, compounded twice a year. You can open an account with any sum from $1.00 up. Write for the booklet, "Banking by Mail."

The (Genuine) Chickering—Favorite of All.

Now—can only be bought of Frederick's reliable music house, 633 Smithfield street. Sale of 60c-on the-$ purchase still on—new Steinway grand and upright pianos, one-third below regular prices.

Decoration Day Excursion To Moss Side Park.

Steamer Torrance at 10 a. m., returning at 7 p. m. Dancing on boat and at park. Evening trip at 8:15.

Spring Suitings

In all the latest patterns.
PITCAIRN'S, 434 Wood Street.

BIG ORDER PLACED BY TRACTION CO.

COKE REGION LINE WILL DOUBLE ITS POWER.

Pittsburgh, McKeesport & Connellsville Street Railway Co. Contracts for Three Large Turbines and Three Westinghouse Generators.

The Pittsburgh, McKeesport & Connellsville Street Railway Company yesterday placed contracts with the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company and the Westinghouse Machine Company for equipment which will double the power plant of the interurban traction system. The contracts for power equipment placed will swell the expenditure of the traction company for power facilities to $1,000,000.

Orders placed yesterday with the Westinghouse interests are for three 1,500 horse power Parsons turbines and three 1,000 K. W. Westinghouse generators. The traction company had, months ago, contracted for three 1,500 horse power engines. These are to be supplied by the Allis-Chalmers Company of Milwaukee and are to be the vertical compound condensing engines. These engines are to be delivered ready to be placed within six weeks. In the original power plant equipment order there were three 1,000 K. W. Westinghouse generators and these will be delivered at about the same time as the Milwaukee engines.

Power Plant at New Haven.

The power plant of the traction company is located at New Haven. Scattered at seven points along the 140 miles of traction system of the road are power sub-stations. The buildings are now being completed by James Stewart & Co. of St. Louis and Pittsburgh.

The Pittsburgh, McKeesport & Connellsville Street Railway Company has just taken over the Greensburg & Southern Traction Company, with a line of 12 miles between Greensburg and Youngwood, and the Connellsville Suburban line of three miles. These will constitute feeders for the general system. Twenty-five palace traction cars, each 44 feet long, from the John Stephenson company of New York, have been delivered to the Pittsburgh, McKeesport & Connellsville Street Railway Company. These are in use on the lines now in operation and are housed at the three car barns of the company at New Haven, Mt. Pleasant and Uniontown.

Soon to Connect With Pittsburgh.

Within 90 days it was officially announced yesterday these cars will be speeding over the coke belt system of the traction company at a rate of 35 miles an hour. In a year they will be coming into Pittsburgh over the lines of the Monongahela Street Railway Company, now controlled by the Pittsburgh Railways Company. Months ago it was expected that the connection with Pittsburgh would be a fact by this time, but the delay of the American Bridge Company in erecting the many steel bridges and viaducts for the new traction system have prevented this.

The traction company, which is controlled by the Hon. W. H. Graham, on Sunday opened its picturesque Olympia outing park at Versailles, covering a tract of 76 acres. At the opening of this park fully 6,000 people from the adjacent valley assembled there. The park promises, through costly improvements, to be among the leaders of this district.

Bishop Hamilton Speaks Here.

Bishop J. W. Hamilton of the Southern conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, addressed the ministers' meeting of that denomination, yesterday morning. He said that the annual minutes of the church for this year would show a gain of 50,000 members. The Rev. Dr. W. H. McMillan addressed the United Presbyterian ministers; the Revs. J. N. McJunkin and Herbert Hezlep, the Presbyterian ministers, and the Rev. George L. Lee, the Baptists.

LOCAL AGENT OF THE BEEF TRUST OUT OF A JOB

J. A. Cooper Notified That His Position Is Temporarily Abolished.

ALL MEAT PRICES HIGHER

The Market at East Liberty Yesterday Took a Jump Upward on Advices From Chicago, Which Really Controls the Local Situation.

The identity of the local arbitrator of the beef trust has been revealed. For years J. A. Cooper, a broker in Fourth avenue, kept the joint accounts of the Pittsburgh branches of the beef trust, but last week he was notified that his position was abolished temporarily while the government injunction suit is pending.

It was Mr. Cooper's business to compile what is known among the butchers as the "black-list," on which were the names of butchers who were not always able to pay their bills promptly every week. It was also the business of the arbitrator to impose fines upon any packing house that violated the terms of the credit agreement or sold below the schedule of prices which the packers agreed upon. The arbitrator had access to the books of every house in the combination and made frequent examinations to see if the agreements on credits and prices were adhered to.

Trust Agents Disturbed.

The trust agents are much disturbed by the announcement that the state authorities intend to take up the cudgel against them for selling adulterated meats. They fear that they will be subpoenaed to testify in court, as were the packing house representatives in Chicago. One meat man said yesterday that if the state proceeds against them they will follow the example of the trust agents in New York and take themselves and their books out of the state. The trust agents of New York went into New Jersey with all the books and papers that were demanded by the New York court. The same thing was done by the representative of a beef trust house in Pittsburgh a few years ago when the state authorities were carrying on the oleomargarine investigation.

The prediction that the beef trust would continue to advance prices was verified by yesterday's market. Dressed beef took another jump and cattle went up a notch both here and in the west. The local live stock market is regulated by the market in Chicago, which the big packers control.

Meat Prices All Advance.

Advices from Chicago yesterday stated that prices were higher than last week and the cattle market in East Liberty took a corresponding advance.

The best cuts of dressed beef advanced a cent and a half wholesale yesterday. Beef loins, which sold last week for 13½ cents, sold for 15 cents, and ribs of beef, which sold for 13½ cents, brought the same price as loins. Beef sides were steady at last week's prices. Spring lamb went up a cent a pound. Nearly all kinds of smoked meats, dry salt meats and dry salt smoked meats advanced h[illegible] a pound wholesale. The fact that [illegible] consumption of meat is naturally reduced in warm weather makes the rise in prices significant.

Added to this is the fact that the trust agents are unloading on the market their old stock, which has been in their cold storage house for months. Much of it spoils on the hands of the retailers and must be disposed of often at a sacrifice.

Men's Shirt Waists.

We are showing a perfect-fitting, practical, waist. Coat cut, cool and sightly. Just the thing for hot weather. Netting, Wood and Diamond streets.

Fine Spring Trouserings.

New designs. Exclusive patterns.
PITCAIRN'S, 434 Wood Street.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

When the bowels are constipated the blood becomes impure. The Bitters is the best known laxative and blood purifier.

It will cure SICK HEADACHE, INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA and MALARIA, FEVER and AGUE.

A trial will convince you.

Mellor Sacrifice Piano Sale Is Reaching Its End

It is a matter of only a few days until the Mellor sale of pianos at sacrifice prices must close. It will close for the very good reason that all the instruments will be sold. No stock of pianos, no matter how large, could long resist a demand such as has been made upon this stock since the sale started. So it will be necessary to come here immediately if you hope to benefit by the unheard-of bargains prevailing at this sale.

The low prices asked for these pianos are the surprise of all. Such prices are accounted for by the fact that the excavations being made for the foundations of the Farmers Deposit National bank, adjoining the Mellor property have so encroached upon the latter that the stock in the basement simply had to be sacrificed.

Not only pianos of various makes, but also all the small instruments in the basement have been marked at prices that make buying not only a pleasure, but a matter of the greatest importance to those in need of such goods.

Here are the names of some of the pianos involved in the sale. They need no comment: Steinway, Krakauer, Sterling, Ludwig, Cameron, Cambridge, Chickering and a half dozen others.

There are shopworn pianos, pianos that have been rented, pianos in storage, specimen pianos sent for examination, etc.

Second-Hand Square Pianos from $25 up
Second-Hand Uprights from $75 up
Shop-Worn Pianos from $135 up
Specimen Pianos from $165 up
Brand New Pianos from $175 up

Used Pianolas, $150, $175 and $200. These have been rented and the cases are marred somewhat, but otherwise they are in good condition—and are remarkable bargains.

Reductions in Guitars, Mandolins Regina Music Boxes, etc.

MANDOLINS, $4.00, $5.50, $6.50, $8.50, $10.00, $15.00 and up to $50, at one-third off regular prices.
METRONOMES, with bell, $3.00.
METRONOMES, without bell, $2.00.
GUITARS, $4.00, $5.00, $6.00, $7.50, $8.50, $10.00 and up to $50.00, at one-third off regular prices.
BANJOS, $8.00, $5.00, $8.00, $10.00 and up, one-third off regular prices.
NEW REGINA MUSIC BOXES—
$25.00 Boxes, Reduced to $20.00.
$50.00 Boxes, Reduced to $42.00.
$75.00 Boxes, Reduced to $63.00.
60c Regina Tune Sheets, 42c.
VIOLINS, $3.00, $4.00, $5.00, $6.00, $8.50, $10.00, $15.00, $20.00, $25.00 and up to $100, at one-third off marked prices.

Mellor's 319 5th Ave. C. C. Mellor Co. Ltd.

Mellor's 319 5th Ave. C. C. Mellor Co. Ltd.

Large stock of Edison Moulded Records (latest numbers) just received—PHONOGRAPH HORNS, RECORD CASES AND CABINETS — and all sundry supplies for Talking Machines.

CAMPBELL'S

more room wanted for our fine wash goods dept.--hence, a sacrifice sale of dress goods at prices unprecedented

54-inch all-wool HOMESPUNS, VICUNA CLOTH and SUITINGS, in grays, browns, tans, blues, etc. .....
50-inch all-wool CHEVIOTS, in black and colors .....
46-inch all-wool VIGOUREUX and ENGLISH SUITINGS, every desirable color and mixture .....
46-inch all-wool gray BEIGES, handsome shades .....
52-inch all-wool BROADCLOTH and VENETIANS, in black and newest colors .....

Regular Price $1.00 and $1.25 yd., Reduced to 69c

At 37½c Reduced from 50c yard—fine all-wool Albatross, in black, cream and 15 of the newest shades.
At 12½c Reduced from 25c yard—good double width Plaids, popular styles; also handsome line of novelty dress goods.
At 39c Reduced from 50c yard—fine all-wool Henriettas, 38 in. wide, in black, cream and 17 of the best colors.
At 69c Reduced from $1.00 yard—52-in. all-wool black Serge.
At 8½c Reduced from 12½c yard—black Brocade Dress Goods.
At 58c Reduced from 75c yard—56-in. black Habit Cloth, very desirable for walking skirts.
At 10c Reduced from 15c yard—part wool black Serges.

Remnants of Dress Goods at HALF PRICE.

choicest styles in fine wash goods

At 19c Regular 25c yd. quality—choice line of Percales, striped and figured effects on white grounds.

At 29c Regular 35c yard value elegant showing of Madras Cloth, mercerized stripes on white grounds, also choice black and white figured effects.

At 50c Extra quality silk finished Oxfords, in plain colors and striped effects.

At 20c Beautiful new Wash Fabrics, in basket weave and hopsacking effects, the latest thing for outing skirts and suits.

At 39c Regular 45c yard value—handsome line of Mercerized Linens in plain colors—pretty blues, tans, pinks, oxbloods, etc., also same colors in fancy effects.

Very elaborate showing of Mercerized Foulards, Sateens, Eddy Silks, Pongees and other Wash Fabrics in hundreds of different styles and colorings, at..
15c, 25c, 35c, 39c and up

Wm. Campbell, The People's Store 327-333 5th Ave.

The more you know about other beds the better you like a Bernstein.

KEECH'S POPULAR STORES.

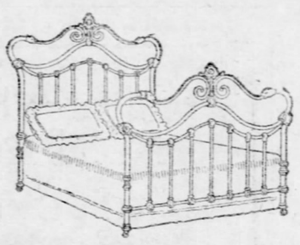
This store has the exclusive sale of Bernstein Beds in this city.

Bernstein Metal Beds

Are the Best Beds Made. Most Satisfactory in Use.

We don't tell you about these Bernstein Beds as often as their merits deserve for the reason that the sales have grown to such big proportions that they about equal the limited supply. It's just another proof that people appreciate something better than the ordinary, and that they talk about it, for fully half the sales are made to people who have been told of them by friends. That's how good they are.

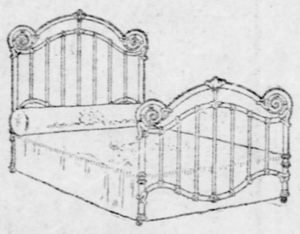
We have one hundred and seventeen samples of these beds on our floors today. Either as buyer or looker it's worth your while seeing them. They do not have an equal in construction, in finish or in handsome designs.



Construction

Only the best grade of heavy tubing used throughout head and foot.

Hooks are stamped from cold rolled sheet steel and chill casted to each post. Ornamental cast chills. Each joint is perfect.



A Five-Year Guarantee

Each bed spring is guaranteed five years against sagging or breaking.

How Bernstein Beds Are Finished

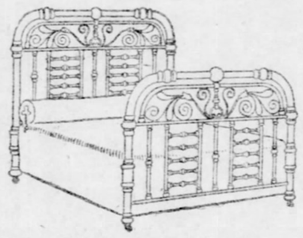
All Bernstein Beds, from the cheapest to the best, are finished in three coats of high grade enamel, each coat separately baked on. The new Aluminum Bronze finish, in dead black and green, are the softest, prettiest finishes ever made. All brass trimmings. Also brass beds, are lacquered with the finest quality gold lacquer obtainable.

Bernstein Beds Do Not Cost Any More

than beds of an equal grade, in the ordinary construction with separate bed spring.

Prices $6.50 to $165

Cash or Credit, As You Wish.



Half-a-Minute

is all the time required to set up or take apart.

Fastenings just drop in place and fit so snugly that bed stands perfectly erect and firm. No hammering required.

The Three-Piece Bed.....

Head, Foot and Spring—that's all. But they make the only perfect bed.

W. H. Keech Co. *Keech's Furniture Makes Happy Homes* **923 to 931 Penn Ave.**

REPORT OF CONDITION OF

PITTSBURGH BANK FOR SAVINGS,

Smithfield Street and Fourth Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.,
At Close of Business May 22, 1902

ASSETS.

Cash on Hand and in Banks . .	$2,254,202.06
Demand Collateral Loans . . .	4,593,697.36
Time Loans on Collateral, Etc. .	1,994,771.93
Investments	3,784,338.57
	$12,627,009.92

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	$75,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits . .	256,895.47
Deposits	12,295,114.45
	$12,627,009.92

I HEREBY CERTIFY that the above is a true and correct report to the best of my knowledge and belief.

WM. J. JONES, Treasurer.

Correct—Attest:
JAMES S. KUHN,
WM. ROSEBURG,
WILSON A. SHAW,
Directors.

15,064

NEW ACCOUNTS OPENED FROM MAY 22, 1901, TO MAY 22, 1902.
MARK THE GROWTH!

Deposits	May,	1898	$ 3,134,163.97
Deposits	May,	1899	4,123,278.51
Deposits	May,	1900	5,904,094.05
Deposits	May,	1901	8,564,776.51
Deposits	May,	1902	12,295,114.45

32,000 Depositors.

4 PER CENT. INTEREST.

The Best Impressions
ARE MADE WITH
RUBBER STAMPS
MANUFACTURED BY
JAS. H. MATTHEWS & CO.
204 Third Ave., PITTSBURGH, PA.

Best Teeth, $8.00
Gold Crowns, Bridge Work, $4.00
Painless Extracting.
Albany Dental Parlors
Fifth Ave. and Wood St.
OPEN EVENINGS.

LIFE INSURANCE.
The Best Policy in the Safest Company
At the Lowest Cost.
THE PROVIDENT LIFE & TRUST CO.
210 Lewis Block, Pittsburgh, Pa.
GRAHAM C. WELLS, Gen'l Agent.

PERUNA Cures CATARRH
OF HEAD, THROAT, LUNGS, STOMACH
KIDNEYS & BLADDER FEMALE ORGANS.

Total assets over $4,000,000.00.
A strong bank provides for periods of depression—We have set aside a surplus fund of $608,000.00, in order that money deposited with us may be absolutely safe.
INTEREST ON SAVINGS.
THE
MECHANICS NATIONAL BANK
229-232 FOURTH AVE.

RESORTS.

HOTEL PITNEY,
ATLANTIC CITY.

Centrally located near beach. Extension of 50 new rooms. Completely refurnished. For particulars address
W. J. IMEL.

"The Ralston"
No. 128 ST. JAMES PLACE, Atlantic City.
One minute walk for boardwalk and Young's Pier. Far enough away to be exclusive and quiet, but convenient to every attraction. Newly furnished throughout, excellent table; rates reasonable. Write
C. J. SCOTT, Proprietor.

JUST AS EASY TO CARRY LIFE INSURANCE

in the best and largest Company in the world as to be identified with some of the smaller ones. Besides it's safer, surer and cheaper in the end. When you measure them up the

MUTUAL LIFE
INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK
Is the largest and best from any point of view.
Ask for reasons, facts and figures.

$358,000,000
Assets mean security and strength.

A. F. M'DONALD,
District Manager.
First National Bank Building, Pittsburgh.

Three Cities, Forty-Five Boroughs, Twenty-Six Townships. Population, 726,064.

LOCAL NEWS OF ALL PITTSBURGH

Fifth in Volume of Bank Clearings. Fourth In Rank Among Cities.

Burns Cause Child's Death—Helen M. Govern, 5 years of age, daughter of Patrick McGovern of Carson and South Thirtieth streets, died yesterday morning of burns received two weeks ago.

Injured by Misstep—Antonio Grando of East Pittsburgh stepped off a street car backward, in Braddock yesterday. He lit on his head and his skull is fractured. He was taken to Mercy hospital.

Little Girl Seriously Hurt—Martha Penten, the 6-year-old daughter of Ernest Penten of No. 810 Fifth avenue, is at her home in a critical condition as a result of being struck by a Hamilton avenue car, in front of her home, Sunday night.

Looking for Missing Boy—Edward Steele, aged 12 years, ran away from his home in Economy on Friday. The police of Pittsburgh and Allegheny have been asked to locate and hold him if he is in the two cities, until his parents come for him.

Fell Forty Feet—Frank Wilson of Fleet street, Rankin, a structural steel worker, employed on the new building of the Westinghouse Machine Company, in East Pittsburgh, fell 40 feet from the top of the structure yesterday afternoon. He may not recover.

May be Murderer Barwell—Word was received last night from Lorain, O., that John Barwell, who beat his wife so badly that she died, had been arrested in that town. Chief of Police West Noble and Constable Frank Bell of Homestead left last night for Lorain.

Workmen Gain Employment—About 20 ironworkers from the works at Reading, Pa., of the American Steel and Iron Company, where a strike is on, arrived here yesterday and were given employment in the mills of the Pittsburgh Forge and Iron Company and other plants.

Boy Drowned in Allegheny—While taking a plunge in the Allegheny river at the foot of Twenty-ninth street about 5:30 o'clock last evening Charles Albecker, the 13-year-old son of Frederick Albecker of No. 2915 Penn avenue, was drowned. Up to a late hour last night his body had not been recovered.

Relief Fund Increasing—The Sheraden relief fund is still increasing. Subscriptions amounting to $75 were received yesterday. The funds in the hands of the relief committee at Sheraden now amounts to $3,998.50. The funds in the hands of Pittsburgh committees makes a material addition to this sum.

Foundling Child Restored—The foundling that was found in Mr. Washington last Monday was restored by her relatives yesterday to the arms of the mother who deserted it on May 19. The mother is Mrs. Bessie Smith of New Cumberland, W. Va. She is demented, and for that reason deserted her infant.

Closing Out at Arsenal—All the stores of the Allegheny arsenal have at last been disposed of and the final abandonment by the ordnance department will take place in a short time. R. N. Heath, clerk at the arsenal, acted as auctioneer yesterday and disposed of what junk and other stuff remained from the last sale.

Homestead Without Water—Homestead was without water again yesterday, the fifth time within six months. The reason was the giving out of several tubes in the remaining boiler house at the waterworks. Last week one of the boilers exploded, leaving the work of furnishing the water to the other boiler.

Child Killed by a Car—While crossing the car tracks at Sixth avenue and Grant street last night at 7 o'clock, Daniel Sullivan, 4 years old, of No. 507 Sixth avenue, was run over by a Homestead car No. 1142, and died one hour later at the Mercy hospital. The wheel passed over the lad's body and almost severed him.

Carnegie Contracts Let—The Carnegie Sheet Steel Company contracted with Edward E. Erickson for two open hearth furnaces. The American Bridge Company will do the structural steel erecting and the Pittsburgh Construction Company has the contract for foundation work.

An Unexpected Welcome—After hunting for one year for Charles Person, Constable Thomas Shilton arrested the man in Homestead last night. The charge against Person was made by Mrs. Margaret Person before Justice Morton. She charges him with desertion and non-support.

Believe Goods Were Stolen—Stephen Crooks and James Butler, who claim to live on the South Side, were arrested at Second avenue and Grant street yesterday by Officer Thomas McCabe and locked up as suspicious persons. They had a lot of hats, caps and other clothing in their possession, aggregating in value about $50, which the police think were stolen.

Charged With Conspiracy—Information was made yesterday morning by Superintendent Phillip Demmel against W. H. Raynor, who gave his residence as New York, and J. A. Doyle and C. C. Magee, charging them with conspiracy to defraud. The three men are said to be interested in a concern known as the National Wardrobe Company.

Will See the Golden Gate—The uniform rank of Commandery No. 28, Knights of Pythias of Wilkinsburg, are making preparations to attend the national encampment of the military branch in San Francisco, during August. The delegation, consisting of 62 members, will leave Wilkinsburg August 1 in a special train, with their own band comprising 21 pieces.

Killed at Emsworth — William Kuntzok, 30 years old, married, of No. 46 Petrel street, Allegheny, was killed yesterday afternoon on the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago railroad, near Emsworth. He was working with several laborers and stepped from one track to the other out of the way of one train and directly in front of another. He was a section hand.

Limited Only by Law—J. W. Duncan, who lives in the East End and who was one of the quartet who assaulted Chief of Police Floyd Ross of Wilkinsburg, Sunday night, seriously injuring him, was given the limit by Burgess Horner yesterday—$25 and costs. In passing sentence the burgess told Duncan that he was sorry he could not give him a year's confinement.

Pastor in the Toils—The Rev. J. P. Temple, pastor of the Arthur Street A. M. E. church, waived a hearing before Alderman Connor last night and gave bail for court on a charge of assault and battery made by Mrs. Annie Williams of 1619 Wylie avenue. She claims the minister assaulted her son and that when she attempted to take his part, he struck her several times.

Hampton Battery Fete—Hampton Battery B, Civic Association, is preparing for a big lawn fete at Kennywood lawn, East End, on August 15. That will be the anniversary of the surrender of the Spanish forces in Porto Rico, when the battery was just making ready to open fire. In connection with the celebration the battery will issue a pretentious illustrated souvenir of a historical character.

Effort to Identify Burglars—Alderman John Groetzinger held a partial hearing yesterday in the cases of Martin Griffin, Harry Kuntz, Joseph Sullivan and Harry and Frank Kennedy, the alleged Crafton burglars, in an effort to identify them. Other witnesses will be examined today. Assistant District Attorney John S. Robb, Jr., appeared for the commonwealth and Attorney James F. Burke represented the prisoners.

Will Discuss Point Park—The committee on municipal affairs of the chamber of commerce, of which D. F. Black is chairman, will hold a meeting Wednesday to discuss the project of a park at the Point and several other important matters referred to them. They will report at a special meeting to be held Monday afternoon, when a committee of the Daughters of the American Revolution will be present to present their side of the matter in connection with the preservation of the old block house.

Fell on a Locomotive—Michael Martin, 40 years of age, of Bookers hollow, North Braddock, fell on a locomotive yesterday afternoon at Port Perry and was badly injured. It was thought for some time that he had been killed. He was working at the top of the tunnel when a train came along. In some manner he lost his footing, tumbled down on the engine, and then rolled to the ground. He was badly injured and was taken to a hospital.

Burned by Live Wire—Detmar, the 3-year-old son of M. S. Matthews of No. 7129 Hamilton avenue, Homewood, was seriously shocked and burned yesterday by a live wire at Hamilton avenue and Clawson street. The wire belonged to the Philadelphia Company and is said to have been down for some time. The boy's father was sitting at a window of his home and saw the accident. He rushed to his son's rescue and was badly shocked in saving the lad. Dr. C. F. Marshall was called, and said she thought the child would recover.

It Was Depew's Double—The Gazette learns that it was misinformed in stating that the Hon. Chauncey Depew was a guest at Henry C. Frick's dinner party at the clubhouse of the Pittsburgh Golf club Saturday night. The gentleman reported to be Mr. Depew turns out to have been his double in appearance, Mr. Alfred R. Whitney of New York, and by way of a joke he was referred to as Mr. Depew, so that many at the clubhouse itself thought he was the real Mr. Depew. The error is the more to be regretted, as some of our esteemed contemporaries, seeing the item in the first edition of the Gazette, took the trouble to make over a form to get the story in their own later editions.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

August Herman	Sturgeon
Kate George	Sturgeon
Johan Telma	Pittsburgh
Anna Plesmiva	Pittsburgh
George Clifford	Pittsburgh
Thersa Lemon	Allegheny
Just Johnson	Munhall
Anna Johnson	Munhall
Andrew P. Gibson	Bakerstown
Fena Brown	Bakerstown
John Karoski	Pittsburgh
Victoria Novak	Pittsburgh
William Tripet	Cleveland, O.
Louise Klinge	Cleveland, O.
Alfred F. Smith	Pittsburgh
Stella E. Herb	Pittsburgh
Emil Zimmerman	Bennett
Augusta Brechel	Etna
Emilio Stefano	Tresble, Pa.
Elisia Fedon	Tresble, Pa.
Gegileh Maute	Pittsburgh
Friedricka Helurich	Homestead
David O. Buckley	Vandergrift
Bessie A. Kirkpatrick	Armstrong county
Antonio Rado	Pittsburgh
Agala Rado	Pittsburgh
Mose Moran	Allegheny
Katie Jackson	Pittsburgh
Wowozentecz Greywaz	Moon Run
Annie Pierce	Moon Run
Stacey L. Cook	Pittsburgh
Annie Kelsey	Pittsburgh
John A. Vance	Wilkinsburg
Martha A. Slpe	Fulton county
William W. Barker	Allegheny
Louise M. Kelse	Hamilton, N. Y.
Fred Bishop	Pittsburgh
Mary A. Cramer	Pittsburgh

A SPLENDID RECORD.
The Extraordinary Success of Pittsburgh's Junior Banking House.

Within a period of but six months the North American Savings Company has attained such a degree of matchless success that may engender a spirit of jealousy among older banking houses. The statement of this institution, elsewhere to be found in this issue, which covers the first six months of its existence, shows among other details the round sum of $1,216,482.94. In this is included a surplus of $70,686. The report in its total scope is positive evidence of efficient management.

Steamer F. J. Torrance To Moss Side Park.
Decoration day at 10 a. m., returning at 7 p. m. Dancing on boat and at park. Evening trip at 8:15.

W. M. Laird Co.

Our Tuesday Special

for today will be

500 Pairs Women's

$2.50 and $3.00 Oxfords

at $1.65 a Pair { in Patent Leather, Patent Kid and Vici Kid.

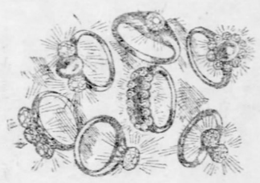
These on sale all day Tuesday. The lot is small, and they will go quick—

W. M. LAIRD CO.

402 to 408 Market St.
431 to 437 Smithfield St.

Diamond Rings...

Diamonds in Combinations with Rubies, Emeralds, Pearls, Olivenes, Opals and Turquoises. We have hundreds of them in all the late style settings from $25 to $1,000 each. Single Stone Diamond Rings from $10 to $1,500 each. Almost an endless assortment at tempting prices.



Here you have the pick and choice of the finest stock of loose and mounted Diamonds west of New York.

SAM. F. SIPE

Direct Importer of
Diamonds and Precious Stones
Schmidt Building, Second Floor,
339 Fifth Ave., Pittsburgh.
Wedding Gifts in Cut Glass, Sterling Silver, Clocks, etc., arriving daily.

PIANOS
At Hamilton's

Our remarkably successful house-cleaning sale having ended, we are now ready to bend all our energies to our regular line of instruments.

THE A. B. CHASE PIANO

Considering the fact that there are so many makes of pianos on the market, it is most complimentary to the A. B. Chase that many of the foremost musicians prefer it to all other instruments, designating it as the only piano that realizes their ideal. Ask any up-to-date musician what he thinks of the relative merits of pianos, and, if he is fair, we are sure he will tell you, unqualifiedly, that the A. B. Chase is the most desirable piano for artistic playing. It is the refinement of tonal beauty—an art piano for artists.

THE J. & C. FISCHER PIANO

is conspicuous among the noted makes here on account of the brilliant vibrant quality of this instrument. The Fischer is exquisite in tone and style and its durability is admitted on all sides. Over 113,000 are now in use. Undoubtedly the Fischer is the most popular piano in America. Those who like music with a great deal of "snap" in it find the Fischer to fulfill their fondest expectations of musical excellence.

THE EXQUISITE SCHUMANN

The best medium grade piano sold in Pittsburgh today is the Schumann. Its rich, mellow tone, easy action, style and finish cause it to appeal to all classes of music lovers. Both inside and outside the Schumann is everything that it should be. Always dependable. Compare the Schumann with pianos costing from $100 to $200 more and you will find that the Schumann is preferable.

We have several other makes of cheaper pianos, all of which are perfectly reliable, ranging from $150 to $250. Terms of payment are made to suit.

All makes of old instruments are taken in part payment on new ones. You do yourself an injustice if you fail to see this stock before purchasing.

THE ANGELUS PIANO PLAYER

This is the piano player that is responsible for "reviving" silent pianos—bringing music into homes that had not enjoyed the use of their pianos for years. There is no other piano player "just as good" as the Angelus. It is the original—it is unique. It does all that any other player does—and much more. Any person can operate the Angelus. It plays any piano.

Send for Catalogue—Free.

S. HAMILTON

Hamilton Building. 335-337 Fifth Avenue

P. S.—Still a few bargains in second-hand square and upright pianos at $25 to $100; Hamilton and Estey organs from $38 to $50.

DRY GOODS.

Largest stocks of White Goods, Wash Goods, Dress Goods and Table Linens in the city. Prices positively lowest on record.

LACE, EMBROIDERIES AND ALL-OVERS.

Don't fail to see the wonderful assortment of these goods we show, especially when prices are such wonderful inducements.

JOYCE'S

305-307-309 PENN AVE. AND THIRD ST.
2 SQUARES FROM 6th.

INFANTS' WEAR.

Immense varieties of Long and Short Cloaks and Dresses; Caps and Bonnets. You'll go no farther after seeing these goods.

GIRLS' WHITE AND COLORED WASH DRESSES

It's seldom, indeed, that such an opportunity for selection is presented as is afforded by this sale. Every desirable style and pattern is shown here at a price that cannot be met by any other dealer.

JOYCE'S EXCEEDING ALL RECORD FOR REMARKABLE BUSINESS! BUYING IS INTENSELY SPIRITED.

It is not to be wondered at. No sooner do our offerings go into print than they are snapped up with a rapidity that is amazing. No man or woman can enter our doors without seeing dozens of reasons why we're enjoying such wonderful patronage—Our stocks are an exact reproduction of the very newest styles on the market—our goods are all of unapproachable merit—our assortments reveal 5 to 10 times the varieties shown anywhere else. Today's offerings are the best evidence we could present as to our prices being away beneath uptown stores' prices.

When you enter the Ladies' Made-Up Garment Department you'll behold a conquest of values such as you never believed possible.

No store in the whole county is satisfied with such trivial profits as Joyce's! No other firm is so diligent in the interest of the buying public, to which it looks for support, as Joyce's.

Extra preparations have been made in the Millinery, Dry Goods and Furnishings Departments, and if we do not have a rousing trade it will be no fault of the goods or prices. You'll be doubly paid for every minute spent here, as it is an economy event without a parallel.

Ladies' Made-Up Garments.

Opportunities the equal of those presented for this sale have never been equaled. Selection from largest and most complete stocks in the city. Prices that no woman can resist will be named on garments of the finest quality.

500 LADIES' $15.00 TO $25.00 ELEGANTLY TAILORED SUITS—In swellest Blouse, Eton and Tight-Fitting styles; made of finest Broadcloths, Venetians, Coverts, Canvas Cloths, etc., in Black, Browns, Castors, Grays, Reds and Blues—all sizes—positively the greatest Suit bargain ever offered; for this sale, choice from an immense variety, each..... $10.00

DRESS AND WALKING SKIRTS—Ladies' $7.50 and $12.50 Walking and Dress Skirts, elegant new styles, lined and unlined; beautifully tailored; made of superior quality Broadcloths, Etamines, Venetians, Coverts, Wool Crashes, light weight Kerseys, etc.; twenty-five different new styles, in every desirable color and black; all sizes; skirts you cannot match anywhere else under $7.50 and $12; choice of this lot during this sale, each, $4.98 and..... $3.98

DRESS AND WALKING SKIRTS—Ladies' elegant $15, $18 and $20 Man-Tailored Dress and Walking Skirts, made of French Etamines, Satin-Faced Broadcloths and Venetians; drop skirt, lined or unlined; beautifully trimmed in Taffeta band or plain tailor stitching; your choice from an immense variety during this sale at, each, $9.98 and..... $7.98

Ladies' Beautiful New Shirt Waists

We have just received a shipment of 600 dozen Ladies' Beautiful White and Colored Shirt Waists. The lot embraces all the late popular styles and patterns worn this season and is, without doubt, the greatest Shirt Waist opportunity of the year. Our prices on these productions are little more than half what other stores ask. Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday will see an immense volume of business done in this department.

WHITE WAISTS—Hundreds of dozens of beautiful new White Lawn Waists, an immense variety; embroidery and lace trimmed; others' $1.00 to $3.00 values; during this sale they will be let go at the remarkable price concession of, each, $1.98, $1.48, 98c, 75c and..... 50c

WHITE WAISTS—Ladies' $1.00 and $2.50 values in fine Wash Waists; beautifully made of plain Oxfords, plain and corded Madras and Ginghams, fine Percales and Mercerized Chambrays, in plain colors and all the latest patterns; any size you want for this sale, at, each, $1.48, 98c, 75c and..... 50c

250 DOZ. LADIES' SHIRT WAIST SUITS—Beautiful new styles, made of fine Corded Madras, Gingham, Mercerized Chambrays, Oxfords and Percales; also fine White Lawns and White and Black Batistes; real values $2.00 to $10.00; choice of an immense variety for this special sale at, each, $6.75, $4.98, $3.98, $2.98, $1.98 and..... 98c

WRAPPERS—New Wrappers, perfectly made of fine Lawn, Chintzes, Percales and Cambrics, made extra full, with deep flounce; neatly trimmed; any size you want; usual $1.00 to $2.50 values, at $1.38, 98c and..... 68c

Men's Furnishings.

The opportunities to save money on good reliable productions for the men folks were never greater than at this present sale. Every desirable conceit for the outer man will be found here at a price that cannot even be approached by any other house.

MEN'S SUMMER UNDERWEAR—1,000 doz. Men's new Summer Underwear just received—we bought this immense stock of fine Underwear at a little over half values, and the entire stock is to be disposed of on the same basis; immense varieties of Plain and Derby Ribbed fine Cotton Underwear, in Cream, White, Tans, Browns, Blues and Black; any size you want; also fine French Balbriggan Underwear in all sizes; don't forget that you save nearly 50 per cent on any garment you purchase:

38c Underwear 25c
50c and 68c Underwear..... 39c
25c and $1.00 Underwear..... 50c

MEN'S SHIRTS—Hundreds of dozens of Men's new Summer Shirts; they're perfect in fit, style and colorings and were made by celebrated makers from very best quality goods; they'll go at prices that'll surprise you.

260 DOZEN MEN'S 75c AND $1.00 SHIRTS—Made of Woven Madras, in White, Oxblood, New Blues and Pink; beautiful patterns; separate link cuffs; perfect fitting; all sizes; will go during this sale at the wonderfully reduced price of, each..... 48c

MEN'S $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00 AND $2.50 FINEST NEGLIGEE SHIRTS—Made to perfection, of fine Lace Striped and Corded Madras and Oxfords, in New Oxblood, White and Black, Pinks and Blues; separate link cuffs; sizes 14½ to 17; for this sale, choice of 600 dozen at positively lowest prices goods ever sold at, each, $1.48, 98c and..... 75c

MEN'S SOCKS—Hundreds of dozens of Men's plain and fancy Socks, in all sizes; great values at 48c, 25c, 15c, 12½c and..... 10c

MEN'S NECKWEAR—Great variety of all the latest novelties in Men's New Silk and Wash Ties at about half what you will pay elsewhere; special values for this sale at, each, 48c and..... 25c

Millinery Bargains That Appeal to the Shopper.

It won't take a woman long to figure out the money she can save by purchasing her Millinery here after she visits the department and makes a careful comparison of our prices and what other stores ask.

The bargains we are offering for this sale in Ladies', Misses' and Children's Trimmed Hats are especially interesting; they're perfect dreams of Millinery art and are bound to cause a sensation. There's hundreds and hundreds of the choicest productions to choose from.

LADIES' $3.50, $5.00, $7.50 AND $10 TRIMMED HATS—Perfect gems, hand-made, of finest Silk, Chiffon and Mohair Braid, on wire frames; magnificently trimmed with finest Flowers, Ribbons, Chiffon and Buckles; we have just received this beautiful line of Hats from one of New York's leading hat makers; they will be put on sale during this great sale at, each, $3.98, $2.98 and..... $1.98

LADIES' NEW SUMMER PATTERN HATS—They are the identical hats that you would be asked $12.00 to $25.00 for most any place in town, but they will be let go here during this great sale at the remarkable low price, each, $7.98, $6.98 and..... $4.98

WOMEN'S READY-TO-WEAR HATS—That sell regularly at $2.50 to $7.50. An immense variety of all the newest novelties in the new sailor effect, made of Imported Tape and Mohair Braids, beautifully trimmed with Velvets, Ribbons and Pompons; to go during this sale at, each, $2.98, $1.98 and..... 98c

SPECIAL—Ladies' and Misses' $1.50 Ready-to-Wear Hats, splendidly trimmed with Velvet, Chiffon and Quills; the best $1.50 Hat values you ever saw at, each..... 48c

DRESS SHAPES—Ladies' and Misses $2 Dress Shapes; fine Tuscan Straw flats; also fine Chiffon Dress Shapes, in every desirable color and black; Hats that will cost you $2 anywhere else; here at, each, 98c and..... 48c

SPECIAL—Hundreds of Children's Trimmed Hats, beautiful White Leghorn, Mull and Chiffon Hats, elegantly trimmed in Lace, Ribbon, Flowers and Chiffon; an immense variety at positively half what you will be asked anywhere else; special for this sale, each, $2.98, $1.98, $1.48, 98c and..... 75c

LADIES' UNDERWEAR, HOSIERY, CORSETS AND GLOVES.

Even the wonderful selling in this department last week will be eclipsed by the tremendous business that is bound to result from the remarkable bargains offered for this sale. The opportunities for selection, together with our wonderfully low prices, will crowd this department as it has never been crowded before.

LADIES' NIGHT GOWNS—Beautifully trimmed in Lace Embroidery, Hemstitching and Tucking, made of fine Cambric and Nainsook; splendid values at 90c to $2.00; each, 98c, 75c, 68c, 48c and..... 25c

SHOES AND OXFORDS.

$1.00 expended in this department will go as far as $2.00 spent in any other store; besides, you have selection from almost endless varieties of the season's latest productions.

LADIES' $2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $3.50 AND $4.00 SHOES AND OXFORDS—Patent Kid, Colonial and Oxford Ties; turn and welt soles; newest last; strictly hand-sewed; military and Cuban heel; choice from an almost endless variety for this sale at the marvelously reduced prices of only, per pair, $2.98, $1.98, $1.48 and..... 98c

BOYS' $1.75 VICI KID SHOES—Patent tip; sizes 9 to 12; will wear fine; for this sale at only, per pair..... 79c

SALE OF MISSES', INFANTS' AND CHILDREN'S FINE SHOES—Patent, Vici and Ideal Kid; any size you want; all celebrated makes; 50c to $1.00 pair less than same shoes will cost you elsewhere, special for this sale at, per pair, $2.50, $1.98, $1.50, $1.25 and..... $1.00

CORSET COVERS—Women's Perfect Fitting Corset Covers in 25c grades at 12½c; 38c grades at 19c; 50c grades at 25c; 75c and $1.00 grades, at each..... 48c

WOMEN'S DRAWERS—Lace and Embroidery trimmed, at about half what you will pay elsewhere; each, 48c, 38c, 25c, 19c and..... 18c

WHITE PETTICOATS—Beautifully made, elaborately trimmed, in Lace Embroidery, Hemstitching and tucking; matchless values at $1.98, $1.48, 98c, 75c, 48c, 35c and..... 25c

CORSETS—75c Standard Corsets and Girdles, all the latest models, trimmed; all sizes; for this sale, per pair, 48c and..... 38c

CORSETS—Celebrated models, such as Thompson's Glove-Fitting, Warner Rust Proof, R. & G., W. & B., etc., in all the latest shapes of Corsets and Girdles; an immense variety of white, drab and black; any size you want; for this sale, per pair, $1.00, 75c and..... 68c

GREAT HOSE BARGAIN—500 dozen Ladies' and Misses' 35c, 50c and 68c Fine Imported Lisle and Maco Yarn Hose, in all the new Lace and Drop Stitched effects; every pair full fashioned; some have double soles; an immense variety of plain black and all the newest colors; all sizes; we bought this hose under the market at about half real values, and will let you have them on the same basis; your choice of as many pairs of this finest Hose as you want at prices positively without precedent, per pair..... 25c

HOSE—Ladies', Misses', Boys' and Children's Cotton and Cashmere Hose, in all the new lace patterns and fancy colors, at prices that will pay you to buy your Stockings here; special for this sale, per pair, 48c, 38c, 25c, 18c, 15c, 12½c and..... 10c

MICA AXLE GREASE

Eighteen the load—shortens the road.

Helps the team. Saves wear and expense. Sold everywhere.
MADE BY STANDARD OIL CO.

Established 1860.
John Stulen & Son,
HOUSE, SIGN and FRESCO
PAINTING.
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Walker's Soap
IS GOOD SOAP
CONTAINS NO ALKALI.

DR. WARNER,
418 PENN AVE., PITTSBURGH.
Opposite Hotel Lincoln.

PILES—Rectal Diseases
Safe, Quick, Permanent Cures. No knife—no pain. Hours 9 a. m.-4 p. m. Special appointments made for Sundays and evenings.

A Liquid Tone—

This term is used to designate a long-sustained singing tone of velvety quality. It's an extremely rare quality in pianos; that's why the term may be unfamiliar to you. But if you hear a

STRAUBE PIANO

you'll appreciate the force of the term "liquid tone;" it cannot really be adequately expressed in words. Why not stop in and hear it? You'll add something to your stock of information.

Knabe, Miller, Ivers & Pond, Opera, Crown, Clark Pianos. One entire floor of APOLLO Piano Players.

KLEBER, 60 YEARS IN PITTSBURGH,
221-223 FIFTH AVE.

Lawn Swings, Croquet Hammocks, Go-Carts, at
J. G. Lauer's Toy House,
620 LIBERTY ST., PITTSBURGH.

FITS STOPPED FREE Permanently Cured by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER
No Fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 TRIAL BOTTLE FREE to Fit patients who pay expressage only on delivery. Permanent cure actually temporary relief for all Nervous Disorders. Epilepsy, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance, Insanity, Intoxication. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd. 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia. Founded 1871.

Strongest in the World.

It's Worry That Kills,

But the man whose loved ones and business interests are fully protected by Life Assurance doesn't need to worry. That's what

The Equitable Life Assurance Society

is for—to take worry off people's shoulders to provide for widows and orphans—to make old age comfortable—

Will you let us show you the policy best suited to your needs?

EDWARD A. WOODS, Manager,
Equitable Floor, Frick Building.

First-Class Dentistry—All work guaranteed—Painless extracting—
Hart's Boston Dental Parlors,
447 SMITHFIELD ST.

FLY SCREENS.

Before ordering see us. We can save you money. Pittsburgh Specialty Fly Screen Co. Latest improved screens. Quality the best; prices low. 8 North Diamond st., W., Allegheny. 'Phone, Bell 1137 N. and 525-J N. P. & A., 500.

A CHANCE
For Contractors and Builders
The Second Annual Chandelier Clearance

Sample Chandeliers, Odd Pieces and Patterns that we will not carry next year—
Hundreds of Fixtures—some very inexpensive; some very beautiful and artistic—Fixtures for every nook and corner in the house—
All specially marked at prices that make this an opportunity of rare value to Builders, Contractors and House Owners—

Sale Begins June 1

Don't come before that—but the sooner you come after that the better choice you will have—

Reineke, Wilson Co.
13 to 19 Wood St.

"DIRT IN THE HOUSE BUILDS THE HIGHWAY TO BEGGARY." BE WISE IN TIME AND USE
SAPOLIO

Society

THE social exodus will begin with June 1 and continue until after the middle of the month when nearly all of the fashionable society hereabouts will have left town. The remaining days before the departure of the fashionable world to the seashore, mountains and lakes will be devoted to driving, riding, automobiling, golfing and ping-ponging.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis W. Dalzell and Miss Dalzell go to Seabright, N. J., the first week in June. The Dalzells have taken a cottage there this season and will not go to the Massachusetts coast. They are the first Pittsburgh people to join the summer colony at Seabright. Mr. and Mrs. C. Herbert Halcomb, who came to Pittsburgh a year and a half ago, have had a summer home there for several years, and the McCocks of New York, the Rev. Maitland Alexander's mother's family, also go there for the summer, and will be joined by Dr. Alexander for a portion of the season.

Mr. and Mrs. Park Painter and the Misses Painter go to Greystone, their handsome summer home at Watch Hill, R. I., next week. Mr. and Mrs. Harry Darlington, Miss Darlington and Harry Darlington, Jr., will go to Mamaroneck, L. I., next week if Mrs. Darlington's mother, Mrs. McCullough, continues to improve in health.

Mr. and Mrs. John R. McGinley, their daughters and their son, will spend the summer at Douglaston, L. I., where they have taken a cottage for the season. Mr. and Mrs. A. Hart McKee have a summer home place on Long Island, near the Darlington country place.

The Theodore R. Hostetters will spend the greater part of the summer on their yacht cruising from one resort to another. Mr. and Mrs. D. Herbert Hostetter and their children will again be at Newport. They have been in Atlantic City for the past three weeks, and after a short stay in New York, go on to Newport. Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Thaw are already established for the season at Beachmound, their Newport villa.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles C. Scaife intend spending the summer in Sewickley, where Mr. Scaife recently purchased an extensive property upon which they are building a new summer home. This season they will occupy the Sands house in Osborne. The past five or six summers they have been in Wequetonsing, Mich., where they erected a very pretty and commodious cottage several years ago.

Mr. and Mrs. Francis T. F. Lovejoy are already planning a summer jaunt. They returned from California only five weeks ago, having spent the winter there, and find their Pittsburgh home, the former Col. Jay Allen residence in Braddock avenue, so enjoyable that they will delay their departure from the city until the first of July. They expect to take a leisurely jaunt along the New England coast, the coast of Maine proving especially attractive to them.

Col. and Mrs. George W. Elkins and their son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. John P. Knable, are arranging a trip to Colorado Springs, Col., which will be their starting point for many short and interesting trips in various directions. Though they anticipate leaving Pittsburgh the last of June, the illness of Mrs. Elkin may make a change in their plans for the summer. Miss Louise Elkins and Miss Dot Elkins sail from New York for Europe on June 25. They will be chaperoned by Miss Loten of Miss Brown's school in New York. They will visit England and Scotland, and tour Europe, expecting to return to Pittsburgh in October.

Mr. and Mrs. John G. Bennett go to Lakewood again this season, and will be accompanied by their daughters, Mrs. W. R. Kuhn will also spend the summer at Lakewood. Mrs. Omar Scott Decker and her sister, Mrs. Victor Lee Crabbe, are going this season to Spring Lake. Their mother, Mrs. Robert Pitcairn, will probably spend a portion of the summer with them.

Already Mr. and Mrs. William L. Abbott and their family are established at their beautiful summer home, Sidbrook, Coburg, in Ontario, Canada. Sidbrook is regarded as one of the finest properties in that part of Canada. Mr. and Mrs. Carroll Fitzhugh have also been at Coburg for several weeks, opening their new summer home.

Culmination of a Pretty Romance.

The wedding of George Herbert Winslow of Pittsburgh to Miss Sarah Duncan of Cleveland, a niece of the late President McKinley, which will take place on June 4, as previously announced in The Gazette, will mark the culmination of a very pretty romance which began years ago in this city. The acquaintance of Winslow and his bride-elect began in Pittsburgh when he was 13 years old and she was only three years old. They were close friends and the affection formed then never waned. Through boyhood and girlhood, to manhood and womanhood, the pair looked forward to the time when they would be man and wife.

Miss Duncan is a woman of rare personality and by her personal gifts has won the hearts of hosts of friends. President McKinley was very much attached to his niece and she accompanied him on many of his trips about the country. She left him but 20 minutes before he was assassinated in Buffalo. She spent the winters of 1899 and 1901 at the White House.

Pittsburgh was Miss Duncan's birthplace and she has said that she is very happy of the fact that this city will be her future home. The wedding will be a quiet one, the 100 invitations being limited to close friends and relatives. The wedding colors will be lavender and white out of consideration for the death of Mr. McKinley.

The wedding would have taken place last September but for the untimely end of the president. Miss Grace McKinley, at present a member of the Duncan household, will act as her cousin's maid of honor. The bride's wedding gown of white crepe de chine will be trimmed with point lace, the gift of Miss Helen McKinley. The bridal couple will spend the greater part of the coming summer at Vineyard Haven, the summer home of the groom's parents, but in the fall they will come to Pittsburgh.

Meeting of Carnegie's Monday Club.

The Monday club at Carnegie met yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. George Hosack. The meeting was in charge of Mrs. John Henry. Mrs. F. J. George read a paper on "Framing and Adopting the Constitution," Mrs. E. G. Husler followed with one on "The Inauguration of Washington." Minute talks were given by Miss Elizabeth Jones on "The Cotton Gin," Mrs. Joseph M. Duff, on "Social Customs," and Mrs. D. W. Hopper on "The Methods of Travel." Refreshments were served by the hostess, assisted by her sister, Mrs. William Siemmons of Washington, Pa. The last meeting of the club, at which the election of officers will take place, will be held June 7, at the home of Mrs. N. C. Deane.

Tourist Club Elects Officers.

The Tourist club yesterday held its annual outing in Riverview park, Allegheny. The gathering was a large one, the meeting place was "The Chapel," the largest and most popular of the shelter houses in Riverview. Dinner was served at noon and during the afternoon ices carried around strawberries, ice cream and cake.

The annual election of officers resulted as follows: President, Mrs. Samuel C. Grier; vice president, Miss Lillie Sletter; secretary, Mrs. George R. Eadver; treasurer, Miss Ella Day. One new member, Mrs. Robert Clark, was elected. The program of study for next year is not completed. The subject chosen, however, is "The Islands of the Sea."

Special Memorial Day Program.

Memorial day at the Allegheny Country club, on Sewickley heights, will be a busy day. The president's cup, offered by Harry Darlington, will be played for and in the evening an orchestra will furnish music for an informal dance for the younger people. Saturday afternoons and evenings will be particularly gay at the new club house, for over-Sunday parties will be entertained, the club house having sleeping apartments for the accommodation of nearly 50 people. An orchestra will play both afternoons and evenings on Saturdays.

Reception for a Bride.

A reception was given between 5 and 6 o'clock last evening, at the Edgeworth club house, Sewickley, by Mrs. Charles E. McVay, in honor of Mrs. Frederick A. McVay, a recent bride, who will hereafter reside in Sewickley. The reception was attended by about 200 guests and the club house was handsomely decorated with cut flowers and palms. The Mesdames McVay received and were assisted by the following women: Mrs. George Christy, Mrs. Halsey Williams, Mrs. C. L. Shannon, Mrs. Charles B. McVay, Jr., Mrs. George Rice, Mrs. Frederick Shroder, Mrs. David Locke, Miss Mary Page Mudgera, Mrs. Moseg Atwood, the Misses Jones and the Misses Williams.

Euchre for Pittsburgh Poor.

Mrs. Wallace G. Muzzy of Sewickley has cards out for a euchre party tomorrow for the benefit of the Sewickley Fresh Air Home. This home was opened to provide a place where poor women and children of Pittsburgh and Allegheny might go for a couple of weeks or longer during the summer and is not maintained for the benefit of the poor people of Sewickley, as has been erroneously believed. Many Pittsburgh people are interested in the success of the euchre, which will be given at Mrs. Muzzy's home with pretty social features.

Minstrel Show and Dance.

The Keystone Bicycle club gave its fourth annual theatrical entertainment last evening at the Empire theater. The entertainment took the form of a minstrel show. The songs, the old and new jokes and the specialties introduced, provoked unstinted applause. The show was followed by a dance at the club house in Howe street, East End, attended by members of the club and many friends. The entertainment was under the management of a committee consisting of W. W. Robinson, R. H. Geiger and William Robinson.

Dance at Kennywood Park.

Much interest was taken by the younger people of the East End in the first summer dance given by the Iroquois club, at Kennywood park last night. The Iroquois club is composed of members of the younger social set of Oakland, Bellefield, Shadyside and East End. The following committee had charge of the dance: J. H. Blalas, A. P. Hill, H. F. Frauenheim, William B. McKenna, A. J. Vilsack, P. Mueller, E. Heyl, F. T. Goodman, J. Connell and W. H. Totten.

Big Charity Euchre Party.

The event of the week socially in Braddock will be a charity euchre scheduled for this evening in Turner theater, Kelly's Station, Braddock, under the auspices of the Braddock members of the Columbian council of Jewish Women. The attendance promised to be so large from the vicinity of Braddock and the neighboring boroughs that the place for holding the affair had to be changed from the Phoenix club rooms, Braddock, to Turner theater.

Society Notes.

Mrs. Charles Felton Scott sailed on Saturday for Europe. She will remain abroad until the early fall.

On Thursday evening the Shadyside Academy Glee club gives a concert in Dilworth hall, Pennsylvania College for Women.

A strawberry festival will be given this evening under the auspices of the Woman's Industrial society in Calvary Methodist Episcopal church, Allegheny.

This afternoon Miss Mary P. Semple of Avondale Place, East end, will give a tea from 4 until 6 o'clock in honor of Mrs. John W. Langley of Cleveland.

The first of a series of three musicales at the Thurston Preparatory school will be given this afternoon by E. N. Bibbe, violinist, assisted by W. H. Oetting, pianist.

Announcement is made of the engagement of Miss Lula Alice Wike, daughter of Courtland Wike of Crafton, and Louis Belfield of Pittsburgh. The wedding will take place in July.

A Japanese tea for the benefit of the Pittsburgh and Allegheny Rescue Home will be given on June 5, from 2 o'clock until 5, at the home of Mrs. Charles Somers of Sunnybank, Ben Avon.

The Colloquium club conducted its last literary program meeting this season at the Pennsylvania College for Women yesterday afternoon. Its meetings will be resumed on October 13.

This evening the new girls of the Pennsylvania College for Women, the students in all classes who entered the institution last fall, will give a trolley party for the members of the faculty and all the old girls.

Invitations have been issued for the marriage of Mary Catherine Kuhn, daughter of Emma Foster Kuhn of Allegheny, and Edward Julian Weling, son of W. Weling of Mellon street, East End. The wedding will take place early in June.

On June 4, at the home of the bride, Charles Vernon DeLong of Bellefonte, Pa., will be married to Miss Winona Belle, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Patterson of Bellefonte. The prospective bride is a niece of Mr. Rodney Harris of Wilkinsburg.

An entertainment will be given this evening by members of the graduating class of the Sheraden public school. The affair will be a little play entitled "The Man in the Case." Other entertainments will be given tomorrow and Thursday evening by other classes of the school.

On the evening of June 5 the women of St. Matthew's Protestant Episcopal church, Homestead, will hold a garden party at the home of Mrs. W. A. Cline, Munhall, on a large scale. In case the crowd is too large for the Cline lawn the affair will be extended to the lawn of W. C. Boatwick, next door.

The annual reception of the managers of the Home for Colored Children, in Vernon avenue, Allegheny, will be held June 5. The exercises will commence at 2:30 o'clock. There will be an address and songs and drills by the children. Afterward the home will be thrown open for inspection.

A quiet wedding at Greensburg, Pa., yesterday afternoon was that of Evan Jones, son of Evan Jones, a well-known Pittsburgh contractor and select councilman, and Miss Jane E. Roberts of Grapeville station. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. S. R. Mack, pastor of the Second Reformed church of Greensburg.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Kirk were surprised in their new home in Ewalt avenue, East End, one night last week by members of the Nolor Euchre club, who took possession of the house, bringing tables, chairs, prizes and refreshments with them, and gave a euchre party. The prizes were won by Mrs. A. S. McErvigan, Mrs. Frank Boyle, Mrs. Charles F. Eble, Joseph P. Dunn and C. J. Weiss.

Invitations have reached Bellevue for the marriage of John K. Layng, son of Thomas Z. Layng of Bellevue, to Miss Ethel Stuart, daughter of Charles M. Stuart of Latrobe, which takes place at the home of the bride's father Thursday evening, June 5. There will be quite a large bridal party, consisting of the bride's sister, Miss Mary Stuart, who will be the maid of honor; four bridesmaids, Miss Helen Layng, a sister of the bridegroom; Miss Maria Cluney, Miss Elisabeth McClure and Miss Montgomery of Latrobe. Harry Stuart, a brother of the bridegroom, as best man and two ushers, William Ellis and Ross O'Brien of Pittsburgh.

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It Is for Your Interest to Do So.

Money at interest is the open secret of success. Every day adds to your wealth when you have a savings account with a strong bank. Better start one today with the Pennsylvania Trust Company of Pittsburgh, 410 Smithfield street, where every dollar you deposit will earn 4 per cent. compound interest. Write for the booklet, "Banking by Mail."

$300.00 In Prizes

A NOVEL COMPETITION THAT IS BOUND TO INTEREST YOUNG PEOPLE.

The Pittsburgh Bank for Savings, Fourth Avenue, and Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh, Pa., will award the sum of Three hundred dollars in prizes to boys and girls not over 18 years of age, who submit the best essay on the advantages of Money Saving. Write at once for circular No. 26 giving particulars. This bank, established in 1862, has 32,000 depositors with twelve million dollars on deposit, and pays Four per cent. interest. A dollar or more starts an account.

CAMPBELL'S
Ready For Decoration Day.
Wash Goods.

Shirt waist suits, $1.98 to $10.00.
White lawn suits, $5.00 to $16.00.
Wash skirts, an immense variety, in white P. K., lawn, natural linen, $1.00 to $7.50.

Above for ladies.

We have also a splendid showing of misses' and children's wash suits, in white lawn and colored fancy cotton fabrics. All sizes in 1 p and 2 p suits—Prices run from 50c to $10.00.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE,
527-533 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Excursion Decoration Day
To Moss Side Park.

On steamer Torrance at 10 a. m., returning at 7 p. m. Landing on boat and at park. Evening trip at 8:15.

Men's Furnishings.

It's this way about Underwear—
If it doesn't fit it's never comfortable—no matter how much it cost—
Here are these

French Balbriggans and French Lisles—

Note the carefulness of the making—as well as the thinness and fineness of the fabric—
They're made to fit, to be cool, to wear well—
We are showing all styles and sizes for short men and tall men—slim men and stout men—

We also have the Scriven Patent Elastic Seam Undergarments—Noted for their comfortableness.

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Wood and Fifth.

J. B. MURDOCH & CO.
Successors to A. M. & J. B. Murdoch.
TEL. 692 **FLORAL EMBLEMS.** 510 Smithfield St.

DEATHS.

BUXTON—Suddenly, on Sunday, May 25, 1902, at 5 p. m., RAYMOND, son of Edward S. and Rose M. Buxton, aged 9 years.

Funeral from the parents' residence, 1462 Montezuma street, East End, this afternoon at 2 o'clock. Blessing services at Sacred Heart church, Center avenue, at 2:30. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

CHISHOLM—On Monday, May 26, 1902, at 1 a. m., W. D. CHISHOLM, aged 42 years.

Funeral from his late residence, 419 Fifth avenue, McKeesport, Pa., on Wednesday morning at 8 o'clock. [Salem (Mass.), Nashville, (Tenn.) and Antigonish (N. S., Can.), papers please copy.]

CUNNINGHAM—On Sunday, May 25, 1902, at 3:35 a. m., EMILY, beloved wife of Thomas Cunningham (nee House), aged 28 years.

Funeral from the residence of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry House, 170 Montgomery street, West End, on Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

IMBLUM—On Saturday, May 24, 1902, at 11:30 p. m., MRS. THIESE IMBLUM, aged 72 years.

Funeral services at St. Joseph's church, Duquesne, Pa., on Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

JONES—On Sunday, May 25, 1902, at 1 p. m., THOMAS ALBERT, infant son of Samuel and Lizzie Jones (nee Phillips), aged 9 months.

Funeral from parents' residence, Sorento street, Fifteenth ward, Allegheny, on Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

NELSON—On Monday, May 26, 1902, at 6 p. m., at her residence, near Allegheny cemetery, Butler street entrance, JENNIE CLARK NELSON, wife of Alexander Nelson, in her 42d year.

Notice of funeral later.

NESMEY—On Monday, May 26, 1902, at 12 m., HARRY EDWARD, infant son of John and August Nesmey, age 4 months.

Funeral services from family home, 246 Frankstown avenue, E. E., this afternoon at 2 o'clock.

NEVILLE—On Sunday, May 25, 1902, at 9:10 p. m., ROBERT H., only son of William H. and Mollie Neville (nee Weyland), aged 1 year, 1 month and 6 days.

Funeral from the residence of his parents, No. 230 Thirty-eighth street, on Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

PERRET—On Sunday, May 25, 1902, at 12:15 a. m., DANIEL, husband of Mary Elizabeth Perret (nee Hussong), in his 62d year.

Funeral services at his late residence, 608 Preble avenue, Allegheny, this afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend. [Pioneer (N. Y.) papers please copy.]

WERZELL—On Sunday night, May 25, 1902, DOROTHY BROWN, WERZELL, daughter of George W. and Estelle Wurzell, in the 11th year of her age.

Funeral from the residence of her parents, Swissvale avenue, Edgewood, on Wednesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

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MOUNT ROYAL CEMETERY, Pittsburgh's newest cemetery; 22 minutes from Pittsburgh, via Pittsburgh & Western R. R.; 500 feet elevation; forever free from smoke. Pure Lawn Plan, with private lots. Railway station. Price of lots much less than charged in the city cemeteries. Office 541 Wood st. Phone 2445 Grant.

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With our great line of Woods and Leathers, marked and plain.
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No Summer Wardrobe is Complete without a W. B. Summer Corset

All stores are showing the 1902 models. These corsets are made with especial attention to minimum of weight and maximum of sturdiness.

WE ILLUSTRATE THREE "BEST" SHAPES

W. B. Erect Forms are made of white batiste of the very lightest yet sturdy texture, and trimmed with lace and ribbons. In these styles:

Erect Form 983	For slight figures	$1.00
Erect Form 970	For medium figures	$1.00
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W. B. Girdle Corset is a dainty little affair which allows full play to hips and bust. It is ideally comfortable and will fit women of slender build and young girls. In pink, blue and white batiste, $1

W. B. Shirt Waist Corset is a great favorite. Does away with ungainly ridges at bust and shoulder blades. Made of the lightest white batiste. Lace and ribbon trimming at top and bottom. For the average women, $1

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WEINGARTEN BROS., 377 & 379 Broadway, N. Y. City
Largest Manufacturers of Corsets in the World

Carpet Prices Are Down

Just when you want the carpets, too—
Odd rolls and broken lines—plenty of each pattern for the largest room—and plenty of choice patterns to choose from—

$1 Velvets at 75c and 80c a yard.
$1 Axminsters at 75c a yard.
$1.35 Body Brussels at $1.15 a yard.

In most instances you will find borders to match.

Oliver McClintock Co.,
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At the Battle Creek Sanitarium Food Laboratory researches in dietetics have been conducted for over a quarter of a century by skilled physicians and chemists including very extensive experiments made on animals and human beings. One of the most interesting discoveries is the importance of dextrinizing the starch of foods as a means of preventing and curing indigestion, especially acidity, gastric catarrh, constipation, brain fag, rickets in children, weak muscles in adults. As a result of thousands of experiments a new choice food has been produced called Toasted Wheat Flakes, sweetened with Malt Honey, which is thoroughly dextrinized and actually prevents and cures these maladies. This sweet, toothsome food may be eaten moist or dry. Know the genuine by a picture of the Battle Creek Sanitarium on the package.

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Is something dreaded by all—but improved methods (such as URLING BROS. use) has made Extracting Painless.

About 11 years ago we startled this city by advertising that we could extract any number of teeth without pain by a simple application to the gum, while you remained conscious—even invited doctors who were curious, to be present. It was a grand success and increased our business very much. "Since," we have improved this anaesthetic (which we make ourselves) until it is about perfect. Everywhere we are talked of as the Dentists who can pull teeth without pain—no bad after results. We also give Air or Gas. All under the personal care of Drs. Urling. Our Corrugated Suction Plates fit when all others fail—made and owned only by us.

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Prepared from the ripe Colorado fruit and pure Cane Sugar. This week 20c Glass.

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40 yards to the roll, and an endless variety of patterns.

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—handsome high-class styles at lowest-class prices best fashioning ever sold for—right in the nick of time, too, when dressy effects are wanted new for Decoration Day.

Last of lines of fine silk lined 50, 55 to 70 Dollar Suits,

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Odds of fine silk lined 35, 37½ to 45 Dollar Suits.

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Broken lines of 20, 22½ and 25 Dollar Suits,

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Materials include all the seasonable cloth suitings—Blouse and Eton styles—plain and trim'd.

Not all sizes in each style, but plenty of each size in the entire lot—over 200 Suits have prices slashed as above

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—not a store-worn style among them—not a suit of that kind in the house—but choicest of this Spring's ideas in expert tailoring and smart effect.

Takes nerve to slash prices on such seasonable Suits—but it will require no trouble for you to come and see it's the greatest Dollars-saved proposition for you yet announced in Suit selling—it's to your interest to do so promptly.

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Handsome new, fine soft Scotch Outing Flannels, 35c YARD—quality and style at a price to pay anyone for attention who wants nice Outing Shirts, tennis or golf Suits—and for Shirt Waist Suits to wear a-golfing they're splendid.

Plain Cream and Cream White with Black, Blue or Pink line stripes or neat checks—and some all colored stripes that are likewise pretty.

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Health advice says "Bathe often, then rub briskly with a good rough towel."

Sound sense says further—Buy your Towels where you get best for least money.

Test these specials for that chance—and profit by it.

Good Turkish Bath Towels, 20 by 40 inch, 10c.

Extra 35c quality 23 by 46 inch hemmed Turkish Bath Towels, 25c.

"Rubdry" Bath Towels—entirely new and different—made of Egyptian long fiber Cotton—wonderfully absorbent—produces all necessary friction without any harshness—finished with hemstitched ends, 50c.

Unusually large line Bath Towels, 5c to $1.25 each—and Bath Rugs and Bath Mitts.

Special lot good big Turkish Wash Rags, 25c DOZEN.

wonderful white waists

when you come to consider and compare nicety and modest pricing with any.

New, fresh, clean fancy striped weave White Madras Waists, $1.25—full front, tucked back, hemstitched Lawn top collar, pointed cuffs.

Then this top-notch White Lawn Waist—

one dollar

—8 rows inserting front, clusters of tucks between the inserting—tucked back, collar and cuffs.

It's just such abundant merit as this all through that's making the liveliest Shirt Waist business ever this store knew.

New fine Star Make White Madras Waists, $1.75.

Exceptionally nice quality White Lawn Waists with 5 rows wide insertion and 6 quadruple clusters of tucks front, tucked button back, tucked collar and cuffs, $1.50.

If you're looking for the neatest and daintiest for your Decoration Day holiday, you'll find reason to be glad of the treat provided for you here.

Colored striped Madras Waists—clear, good colorings—and the waists made right for looks—new and pretty—with White Embroidery top collar,

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We've arranged our facilities for the production in time of any Trim'd-to-Order Hats and Bonnets wanted for Decoration Day.

No disappointment in delivery if your order is placed reasonably soon—not later than Thursday morning.

And a creation assured that you'll admit has becoming individual charm—something you'll be abundantly pleased with as to value, whether the price be $3.00 or Thirty.

The new Shepherdess Shapes, and the new Chip Gainsboro shapes trim'd in Parrot Green, are perfectly swell.

Not gorgeous—but the acme of refined artistic effect.

Most lavish variety yet of new Trim'd Ready-to-Wear Hats, $1.50, to latest, smartest exclusive New York styles, $15.00.

Strong feature is the special variety neat, chic effects, $2.00, $2.50, $3.50 and $5.00—even the 2-Dollar ones leave the common and ordinary ideas far behind.

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Farewell Week Season, 1902.
Matinee Today 2. Evening 8.
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Pittsburgh Gazette.

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Anyone unable to purchase a copy of the Pittsburgh Gazette on trains or at news stands will confer a favor by reporting the fact to this office.

TUESDAY, MAY 27, 1902.

TWENTY PAGES.

An Appalling Narrative.

We make a considerable enlargement of space today in order to lay before our readers the first detailed account appearing anywhere in the world of the destruction of St. Pierre. The account and the accompanying photographs were obtained by the Martinique expedition sent out by The Gazette in conjunction with the New York Herald, and appear simultaneously in the Herald and The Gazette.

It is a tale of weird horror, such as the vicissitudes of the earth's physical history can only present at long intervals. The eruption at Krakatoa in the Malay archipelago, August, 1883, was more violent, but that was remote from the seat of civilization, and the loss of life did not present the poignant features which appear at Martinique. In seeking a parallel to the fate of St. Pierre, the mind immediately reverts to the classic story of Pompeii, but the rain of ashes which overwhelmed the Campanian city did not approach in violence to the stupendous outburst which annihilated St. Pierre. Most of the inhabitants of Pompeii are believed to have escaped, while those remaining in St. Pierre when the volcanic explosion occurred were shriveled in a tornado of flaming gases and incandescent rock. The photographs taken in the streets of St. Pierre show the stupendous force of the geologic convulsion in which the city perished. Pompeii was covered deep with ashes which heaped up like snowdrifts, and when the city was disinterred walls and columns were upright as they were buried. In St. Pierre the houses are overthrown and rent asunder as if the city had been subjected to long siege and bombardment.

We give a detailed and accurate description of this historic calamity, which will be found in the second section of today's issue. The account is complete, beginning with the first premonitions of disaster and carrying on the narrative stage by stage until the whole story of the destruction of St. Pierre is told. In addition today we give cable advices upon the present situation. The Gazette has from the first published the most complete and authentic accounts of tremendous events taking place in Martinique and St. Vincent's, and the issue today will constitute a permanent memorial of what is probably the greatest disaster from natural forces which has taken place within the bounds of the civilized world.

Expectation of Peace.

Where there is so general an expectation of peace in South Africa as is now prevalent throughout the British empire, there must be some ground more than ordinarily stable for the belief that the dove is about to alight with an olive branch in its mouth. Mr. Balfour, the government leader in the house of commons, was invited yesterday afternoon to tell what he knew, but he cautiously declined to "make any forecast." He did not, however, discourage the expectation which he knows prevails, that a proclamation of peace is a question of a short time only. The conference between the Boer and the British delegates is of itself sufficient to lead to this expectation. The Boers would not meet the Britons unless they were prepared to make concessions which they felt unable to make hitherto, and it is likely that all the delegates except De Wet are willing, as reported, to accept the British terms. If they realize the futility of further resistance it is not likely that De Wet will be able to influence them to continue the conflict, nor that he will try to maintain hostilities against their wish for peace.

Elkin's Handicap.

Since just after the November election not much has been heard from Gov. Stone. Since the February election his silence has been profound. The governor would rather be seen than heard, but would much prefer if he could be neither seen nor heard for a time. He has not shown himself at all in Western Pennsylvania, though it is said that he came once since the February election by stealth and left the same way. His visit was a secret one and it was not intended that it should be known he had been here. This county is the home of the governor, yet he fears to show himself to the people who were his neighbors. He avoids an appearance in any of the adjoining counties and carefully abstains from publicly journeying west of the Allegheny mountains for fear of the comment his presence might cause. The governor apparently desires to be forgotten in the state campaign. He does not want to remind the people of his administration. He would like to have his influence on legislation and in state affairs forgotten. He courts the darkness of seclusion. The Scriptures give a reason for men loving darkness. What is the governor's reason? His candidate for governor might tell, of the governor himself won't do so.

Gov. Stone's silence is designed to help Mr. Elkin's campaign. If the governor's conscience approved his course in public life he would be out in the sunlight and going among his old neighbors asking support for his candidate. If his course had been such that his old neighbors did not condemn it as they do he would be using his influence openly for the man of his choice. As it is, he seeks to help Mr. Elkin by avoiding publicity and doing his work for him under cover. Mr. Elkin, it must not be forgotten, is the man chosen by Stone to be his successor. Stone hopes for Elkin's nomination as a vindication of his own public career, but in the effort to secure that vindication he is compelled to seclude himself from the public notice. Elkin is Stone's candidate and is working for a vindication for Stone. The partnership of the two is of long standing, and it is a genuine misfortune for the attorney general. In his person Stone rule is to be perpetuated if he succeeds. it is a heavy handicap for him.

Undeveloped Sources of Revenue.

Controller Larkin's deliverance to councils is important and interesting. In fact, few more important public documents have been given publicity in this city. The controller has performed a service to the people in calling attention to sources of revenue of which the city is not taking advantage that might be made to yield rich returns if properly cultivated. The Gazette from time to time has dwelt on this subject in general and in many of its details, and suggests to the members of councils that they will find much that is instructive in what the controller has placed before them. The burdens of direct taxation are well known. They are present with us continually. The undeveloped sources of revenue that ought to be developed to prevent the growth of this burden and to aid in making it lighter are many. The people voted at the election last February for their development, and councils should at once give the matter consideration.

In harmony with the controller's recommendations is the resolution that passed common council last night for the appointment of a committee to ascertain the relations between the city and the corporations operating under municipal franchises, the manner in which these franchises were obtained and the right of the city to tax them. This resolution was also introduced in the select branch, but was not passed. Select council should consult the welfare of the city and pass this resolution at its next session.

Our Special Embassies.

Congressional condemnation of the dispatch of an embassy to the coronation of King Edward is not altogether a play to the grandstand. A number of leading Republicans and Democrats have joined in the condemnation and there is much sincerity in it. For that reason it is worth taking note of. But those who think a grave mistake has been made in this act of courtesy are themselves mistaken, and their mistake appears no less large in their argument that as foreign governments do not send special embassies to the inauguration of our presidents, we should not send special embassies to the inaugurations of rulers of foreign states. The cases are hardly parallels. The inauguration of a president of the United States is of such frequent occurrence as to be almost a matter of governmental routine. The inauguration of a ruler of a European state is so infrequent as to be properly considered an event. We sent a special ambassador to the inauguration of the young king of Spain, and few people will insist that it was not a wise thing to do. We could not well after that refrain from sending an embassy to the coronation of the king of England. It would have been a rare and noticeable discourtesy not to do so. Our republicanism does not suffer by reason of these two acts, and the presence of our special embassies in Spain and England may be an inspiration to the democracies of the two countries.

Banner Farming Country.

Pennsylvania is the proud possessor of the banner farming community in the United States, if not in the world. According to statistics compiled by the bureau of agriculture at Washington, Lancaster county, in this state, leads all other communities in this country, not only in amount and value of farm products, but in the value of farm buildings. The record is one to be proud of, not only from the standpoint of the importance of agriculture as a national resource, but as illustrative of the marvelous versatility of the state of Pennsylvania. Industrial development in the state has been remarkable. A great and prosperous community has been gathered within the state to whom the wonderful manufacturing and mining interests have furnished the means of living. While this has been going on the state has not had to sacrifice any of its agricultural wealth. Instead these interests are nowhere more diligently fostered, and were it necessary the state would be able to maintain its own great industrial population from the rich agricultural sections within its own borders, not all of which are even partially developed.

Fast Automobiling.

With the introduction of every newly devised means of locomotion there invariably follows a warfare over the regulation of speed, the proper use of the highways and the dangers that the new machines are supposed to introduce. When steam railways made their first appearance in the country there was a great hue and cry about the killing of stock, the frightening of horses and all the other inconveniences that the new mode of travel and traffic was supposed to create. The trolley cars on the streets of our cities met with the same criticism, while there are few who do not recall the fierce onslaught made upon the bicycle a little while ago by these people who believed it to be simply a new means of terrifying and injuring pedestrians. In every one of these cases time and the right adjustment of law to fit the needs of the case have brought relief, until the locomotive, the electric car and the bicycle have dropped into useful places of public service and utility, with only the unavoidable accidents that arise from their use to serve as a ground of objection to them.

The automobile, the newest and many think the most dangerous invader of our public highways, will in the end yield to the same salutary treatment applied in each of the cases above cited. The automobile is still a new means of locomotion. Its devotees are still under the exhilarating influences of its newness and its possibilities for enjoyment. As a vehicle it has rights on the road, but no others have forfeited rights with its appearance. The automobile must be operated with regard for the rights of other users of the highways, and we do not doubt that this elementary truth is recognized by every owner of a "mobe" in this city, and that when fast time has been made it has been where the owner or chauffeur saw a piece of comparatively clear track and took advantage of it for a burst of speed. Bursts of speed, however, are not in strict accord with the rules of the road and are disquieting to the steady-going majority. Therefore, the speed of the new machine is to be curbed in this city by ordinance. This is quite proper and necessary. Something of the sort is needed for the protection of even the automobilist to say nothing of others. The justice and equity of regulation of speed of vehicles of all kinds admit of no dispute.

Condemned by Chaffee.

Gen. Chaffee's disapproval of the finding in the Waller court-martial, with the testimony given before the senate committee on the Philippines yesterday in his own behalf by Capt. McDonald of Charleston, Mass., late of the Twenty-sixth volunteer infantry, ought to go far toward assuring the people of the United States that the policy of the American army in the Philippines was not one of deliberate and continued outrage. Gen. Chaffee makes clear his condemnation of all cruelties and there is abundant testimony besides that such things were the exception and not the rule. The most that Gen. Chaffee does is to find palliation for Waller's offense in his mental condition, but for the acts themselves he has only condemnation. "The sending of the natives in question to their death," says Chaffee, "partook more of unlawful retaliation than a justifiable act of war. In justice to the American military service the findings of acquittal demand that they shall not meet with unqualified approval."

The position of the general commanding in the Philippines is further clearly indicated in the circumstance that he would have justified Lieut. Day in disobeying Maj. Waller's command in the matter that has been so grave a scandal. On this point Gen. Chaffee says:

> While fully conceding the grave responsibility assumed by a subordinate officer in willfully disobeying an order of his commanding officer, still, the weighty reasons related with which Lieut. Day was acquainted so tainted Maj. Waller's order that Lieut. Day should have been prompted to positive disobedience. An officer must be conscientiously regardful of the unquestioned legality of his agency in taking the lives of his fellow men. Above and beyond all personal consideration officers must guard the name and honor of their country. Had Lieut. Day been actuated by such considerations he would probably have prevented one of the most regrettable incidents in the annals of the military of the United States.

While this is strong ground for a commander to take, it fairly reflects official and popular sentiment.

Foreign Views of Cuba.

Those foreign newspapers that insisted so strenuously during the Spanish-American war that the United States government was simply engaged in a war of conquest with the annexation of Cuba as the ultimate object find themselves in a somewhat embarrassing position. Among the more emphatic exploiters of this theory was the London Globe, and in order to cover its retreat the Globe's comments upon the transfer of power to a native government in Havana this week continue to hint at American selfishness in dealing with Cuba and to forecast final absorption of the island by the United States. This view does not lack advocates in this country, and it is not therefore surprising to find the Globe on that side of the question, since it never loses an opportunity to sneer at American progress and power. An attempt to encourage the assumption that the United States has deliberately juggled with Cuba in order later to seize the island is as absurd as it is false. The processes through which our interests in Cuba have passed in order to bring about the climax of Tuesday last are not indicative of merely selfish gain. Governments of less broad and generous impulses of freedom than that of the United States do not go about annexing new territory by such an expensive and laborious method as that employed by this country in Cuba. Cuba's future absorption by the United States can only come as a means to save that people in the event of the failure of self-government. Our present interest in the island will be chiefly in seeing that foreign greed and envy do not encroach upon the liberty which American arms and American statesmanship have brought to this goodly "pearl of the Antilles."

The Globe and its suspicious confreres both in this country and abroad need not worry over the relations between Cuba and the United States. Having proved themselves false prophets in the first instance, they only make themselves ridiculous by attempting to perpetuate their sinister predictions in another form.

The Canal and the President.

There is reason to regret the report of the committee of the United States senate against the proposition to place upon the president the responsibility of choosing the route for the transisthmian canal. The report is entirely in the interest of the Nicaragua route and represents the views of the irreconcilables who will be satisfied with no other. The people of the United States are committed to a canal, but to no particular route for it. They are aware that many delicate questions have arisen that need careful consideration, not the least of which have arisen in connection with the recent volcanic outbreaks and seismic disturbances in the West Indies. Problems have been raised by these convulsions of a nature that cannot be disposed of in a moment and that should not be hurriedly passed over. There are also the other and older problems with which we are more familiar, involving questions of engineering and finance, and these should not be decided on mere prejudice or on preconceived notions. The senate will do well to overrule the committee and place the determination of the whole question in the hands of President Roosevelt. The people have confidence in him and can trust him to decide for the best interests of the nation.

The king of Spain wants to displace bull fighting with horse racing as a national sport. The young ruler is evidently something of a financier.

If medical science could only devise a volcano sedative, life in the Windward islands would become considerably less exciting and strenuous.

Senator Hoar continues to assume an attitude on the Philippine question that indicates distrust of Bishop Thoburn's theory of providence.

Senator Lodge has so handled his players in the senate that unless some fellow muffs on a speech the game is sure to be won.

With the Wabash tunnel in their midst residents of Mt. Washington have a continuous Fourth of July performance going on.

A machine for pumping cold air into the senate chamber is being discussed. The improvement is much needed.

From present indications the coronation of King Edward will be duly Richard Harding Davised.

Both Pat Crowe and the sultan of Turkey have lost their press agents.

And Brer Stone, he lie low.

OPTIONS ARE CLOSED ON EAST END LOTS

Agents for the Pennsylvania Demonstrate They Are in Earnest About Acquiring Real Estate.

Real estate agents in the employ of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company have been busy the past week closing options of property in the East End. The first of the options expired early last week and the owners were notified several days before to call at the Fidelity Title and Trust Company. Deeds were made out in almost every case and one-half the purchase money was paid in cash.

A first mortgage bearing 5 per cent interest was given for the remainder of the consideration and the company has the privilege of paying off this mortgage at any time. The last of the options expire the last two days of the present month and the property owners have been notified to call and get their money on Thursday and Saturday.

Another sale of a house and lot was made in Linden avenue last week, the consideration for which is said to have been $8,000. There remain at the present time but two properties unsold or unoptioned.

The Linden avenue flats, owned by B. F. Packard, and the house of R. C. Little have not been sold, but the property of Councilman Thomas E. Perry, in Linden avenue, is under option.

The agents of the company are devoting their entire time to closing up sales along Linden avenue and have allowed property in Inwood street to go unoptioned save what they picked up some two weeks ago.

Several attempts have been made to get an option on the property of Mrs. Eliza Finley, fronting on Frankstown avenue and the Beechwood boulevard. Several cash offers were made for the place, but all were refused.

The reason real estate men are so anxious to acquire this property is said to be found in the alleged intention of the railroad company, if the Finley property can be purchased at any fair price, to move the houses from Linden avenue to the frontage on the Beechwood boulevard.

The houses could be moved at very little cost to the company and would have as good positions as residences on the boulevard as they now occupy in Linden avenue. The railroad company does not need all the Finley property for new tracks and if the houses were removed a fairly good revenue could be secured in rents.

Property owners who have disposed of their holdings have been notified that they may retain possession until June 1 without rent. From that date until October 1 $30 per month rent will be charged, and from October 1 until April, 1903, $40 per month will be charged.

On April 1, 1903, all properties must be vacated. From this it is inferred that no track laying will be done until the first of next year. Instead of putting down two new tracks it is given out that the railroad will lay four tracks to the Allegheny Valley road and two from Brilliant pumping station to connect with the West Penn.

Quay Would Retire Miles.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 26.—Senator Quay today introduced a bill providing for the promotion of Maj. Gen. Brooke, the senior major general of the army, to the rank of lieutenant general and the general's retirement with that rank.

Coney Island Actually Decent One Sunday

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
Herald Building, Herald Square,
NEW YORK, May 26.

It seems as if Coney Island is to be forced at last to change its Sunday habits. For the first time in its history, it was virtually deserted by 2 o'clock this morning, after going through a very decorous Sunday. The police had orders to clean things up and they carried out their instructions better than usual. It is estimated that 100,000 persons from Manhattan and elsewhere in Greater New York, with a sprinkling from Jersey, visited old Coney yesterday. Most of them were hungry and thirsty—particularly thirsty. For them was the ubiquitous sandwich, which brought with it as many glasses of beer as might be desired. This kept up all day and the habitues of Coney Island said that it was like old times, with all the comforts of home. On the other hand, peddlers, "barkers" and other noisy citizens of the pave were driven away, and one could walk the whole length of Surf avenue and the Bowery without being touched by a "puller-in" anywhere. But at 1 o'clock in the morning the order went forth to close up, and Police Sergeant Dooley, with a squad of the reserves, marched along, driving everyone out of the Bowery and the side streets. The crowd was corralled at the station of the "L" surface cars and commanded to take the first available cars for home. The order was obeyed. Cars packed to the brim and running over departed on one-minute headway and the multitude melted away so rapidly that in a little more than an hour only a few stragglers were left. They soon followed the rest. A remarkable feature of the day was that there were fewer arrests than had ever been recorded. It is not known who is to be credited with the improved conditions, but it is the remark of watchful citizens that the experience of yesterday proves the possibility of conducting Coney Island as a decent pleasure resort, instead of letting it be known as one of the toughest places, on Sundays, all along the eastern coast.

Making Their Presence Known.

Suggestions to the casual observer that the Salvation Army is having a celebration in New York is afforded in the number of speakers in the uniform of the army that one sees on the street corners every evening. There are street services under the direction of a Salvation Army officer at all times in the evenings in New York. But just now it is easy to see that the speakers are usually strangers in New York. They have come as delegates to the pan-American congress and, like their Presbyterian brethren at the general assembly, feel that they should do something for the honor of the cause they represent, whenever a fitting opportunity can be found.

New York's Chance at Them.

City hall is gayer today than it has been since Dewey came back from Manila. Flags were floating from each of its four flagstaffs and bunting has been draped about the interior more or less artistically. The preparations are in honor of the approaching visit of the distinguished Frenchmen who came to attend the unveiling of the Rochambeau statue at Washington. The party is expected to be here tomorrow.

Sicilians by the Shipload.

Immigration has set in with a vengeance and Ellis island, the barge office, and the different railroad stations are all black with foreigners who have come over by steerage to seek fortunes in the land of promise. On one ship which arrived yesterday were 2,373 immigrants. The vessel was the North German Lloyd liner Neckar, from Genoa and Mediterranean ports, and, naturally, nearly all the steerage passengers were Italians. They are being shipped today to different parts of the United States. Many of them went to Chicago, where, it is said, there is a dearth of laborers. Not many will remain in Pittsburgh, although a few who have relatives in Western Pennsylvania will be dropped along the route in the Pittsburgh district.

Central Park Going Barren.

The note of warning sounded by the landscape architect, Samuel Parsons, that Central park will become a barren waste in the course of a decade or two, unless something is done quickly to revive it, has sent a scare through the city. It is apparent now that New Yorkers place a high value on their park, and it is probable that steps will be taken officially to carry out the suggestions of Mr. Parsons. At this time of year, particularly, the people's enjoyment of the park is so great that only a hint of danger to it is enough to put popular apprehension on edge. Imagine what the people of Pittsburgh would say if they were told, on unimpeachable authority, that Highland and Schenley park would become sandy wastes in ten years, unless the city government bestirred itself. Would not there be a riot in city hall on the next council meeting day?

Straw Hat's Official Debut.

Merely as a record of fact, Mayor Low appeared in public in a Panama hat today. The evening papers here published the news.

Duss Hits Them Hard.

John S. Duss has created a furore in New York. The popular expression of opinion is that Pittsburgh has sent to the metropolis the best band leader since the days of "Pat" Gilmore. He was greeted enthusiastically tonight at the St. Nichols garden, and it was noticed that a large portion of his immense audience was identical with that which listened to his band last night at the Metropolitan opera house. It is ont only that his personality is magnetic, but his music is declared to be wonderfully good. One critic remarked to me this afternoon that the professional critics of the newspapers here would wake up to the fact that John Duss is a wonder, when they recover from their customary self-satisfied feeling that they had heard the very best in the way of band music before he came upon them. "Make no mistake," added this critic, "John Duss is going to be the sensation of New York this summer."

Insanity from Grief.

Not many American soldiers have been killed in the Philippines, as military campaigns go, but enough have been slain to cause anguish in many homes in this city and elsewhere. Mrs. Chiva Greenberg, whose boy was killed by the Tagals, was sitting at a high window down town this morning when a soldier in uniform passed. The sight was too much for her. With a shriek, she leaped headlong from the window, and was picked up dying. She had grieved about the death of her son for many months, and when she saw a young man resembling her lost one, moving along as briskly as her boy used to do a year or so ago, the impulse to suicide was too much for her. The police say "temporary insanity," but the mother's close friends call it "broken heart."

Sage's Enforced Vacation.

Russell Sage stepped into his office in Wall street this morning with a springy step and his usual benevolent smile. He had been away for more than a week with an attack of grip. Many of his business associates came in to shake hands with him, and he said that he felt as well as ever, except that he was a little weak. Then he took hold of the wires of his various interests, pulling them with that certainty and precision that has ever distinguished Uncle Russell's financial operations.

A Wheel from the One-Hoss Shay.

A peculiar incident was noted in the crush of carriages at the entrance to the track at Gravesend on Saturday, before the Brooklyn handicap was run. A man in a runabout had a nervous horse, a bit worried by the proximity of an automobile. The roadster was fidgeting, when suddenly, without apparently touching anything, one of the front wheels began to crack and went to pieces. The owner was deposited upon the ground and spent the early part of the afternoon in looking for a repair shop.

The Criminal Continuous.

New York has its sensational murder trial. This is nothing unusual, for there is generally some one on trial for his life for killing a fellow-being. Another common feature of murder trials in this city is also in evidence in the present trial—that of a handsome young woman with a deep interest in the accused man. This time it is the beautiful young wife," to quote the sensational newspapers here, and she gets her picture into some of the papers every day. What she looks like the public has no idea, for every picture is different, those today showing a lady who might be the grandmother of the young woman who was exploited on Saturday. One of the papers declares, in poster-type headlines, that the "judge fears the bride's beauty may win the jury's hearts." But this kind of influence is generally brought forward at murder trials here, and some of the accused men have been found guilty, in spite of it.

New Breakwater at Manhattan Beach.

The regular spring work at Manhattan beach is nearly completed. That is the building of a new breakwater all along the front. New piles have been put in and the whole frame work has been greatly reinforced. This was not because there had been any damage during the winter, but just as a precaution against dangers in years to come. It has been a laborious task, but the workmen said yesterday that it will last for several years. A temporary railroad track was laid along the boardwalk and across the beautiful lawns to convey the material for this undertaking and the rails have not as yet been taken up. None of the buildings at the beach has been opened yet. The hotel, music hall and bathing pavilion are still wearing their winter dress of rough boards. This week workmen will begin to tear down the unsightly but necessary protection against storms and weather. Then there will be painting to be done and general repairing.

No Beer for Navy Yard Laborers.

A new rule at the Brooklyn navy yard has caused much grumbling. Day laborers working for contractors must not leave the high fence in the inclosure during working hours. The order is that they must not go out without the permission of the contractor—which means that they cannot go out at all, as the contractors are not giving permission for their men to leave work. This is a hard blow to the workmen, especially during hot days. The navy yard is one of the hottest places which the workmen find in their wanderings, and the salvation of the place has heretofore been that they could quietly slip out to one of the "restaurants" near the gate during working hours and get a little tonic.

An Army of Litigation Agents.

Eighty-four law students appeared today in the appellate division of the supreme court to be sworn in as members of the bar. Justice Hatch, in a brief address of congratulation and admonition, incidentally referred to the number of applications for disbarment made lately and warned his hearers that money recovered by a lawyer belonged not to himself but to his clients. Among the members of the class were three women.

Workingmen Will Lift Their Voices.

Three hundred members of the six workingmen's singing societies of Brooklyn, the LaSalle Maennerchor, International Maennerchor, Arbeiter Maennerchor and Quartet Club Frohsinn, are making extensive preparations to take part in the singing festival of the National Association of Workingmen's Singing societies of the northeastern states, to be held at Philadelphia July 3, 4 and 5.

GEORGE C. JENKS.

Pittsburghers In New York.

The following Pittsburghers are registered at the New York hotels today:

WALDORF-ASTORIA.

R. N. Stewart, J. E. Schwab,
A. A. Strasser, W. H. Schoen,
C. H. McKee, H. O. McKee,
D. Beech,

IMPERIAL

J. W. Wallace, A. L. Klopfer,
E. S. McClelland, Mrs. E. S. McClelland,
H. E. Longwell, George W. Gilmore,
Mrs. Geo. W. Gilmore, J. De Kalber,
John A. Staley, Mrs. John A. Staley.

GRAND.

F. H. Ortman.

HOLLAND.

James W. Gallagher, Miss Bessie Gallagher,
R. W. Allison, Mrs. R. W. Allison,
Miss M. L. Allison, Miss F. B. Allison,
D. S. Lavis, Mrs. George B. Forster,
G. B. Forster, Rev. Anthony Dustin,
John Murphy,

STURTEVANT.

Charles E. Porter.

VICTORIA.

Trithirf Lundale.

PARTHOLDI.

D. Ashworth, Mrs. D. Ashworth,
Mrs. A. K. Ashworth, George B. Poole.

MANHATTAN.

H. L. Barton, W. J. Knox.
Mrs. W. J. Knox,

PARK AVENUE.

J. Kornblum.

ASTOR.

Wade Wilson.

New Beer Law Effective.

The new beer law, which was passed by the last legislature, went into effect today. It provides that no beer shall be sold on Sunday, election day or during the hours when the polls are open. Under the old law beer could be sold on Sunday between the hours of 1 and 5 o'clock p. m. and 7 and 11 o'clock p. m. The new law also provides that no beer shall be sold to minors, and that no minor shall be employed in any saloon. Violation of the law is punishable by a fine of $100 or imprisonment for 30 days.

Academy—Al Reeves Big Show.

Al. Reeves Big Company, the season's closing attraction at the Academy, was greeted last night by a house of mid-winter proportions, which speaks well for the popularity of the show, as the audiences have been of the fag end of the season order lately. It is on of the largest burlesque companies on the road, and the array of chorus girls crowds the Academy stage to its limit. Louise Amber and company heads the olio with songs, illustrated by pictures and chorus girls in costume. Cliff Gordon made a big hit in his Germa alderman act. Mazzo and Mazet have one of the most original comedy acrobatic acts on the stage. Al. Reeves himself still toots his olio bill with his little talk and banjo spiel, and got several encores last night. The burlesques are enjoyable through and through and through, and contain much to laugh at and admire. The Academy will remain closed until August 11 after this week.

OIL GUSHER IN OHIO.

Well With Estimated Production of 1,000 Barrels a Day Shot Near Findlay.

FINDLAY, O., May 26.—The largest flowing oil well ever struck in Ohio was shot on the W. H. Coons farm, east of Findlay, today.

The oil spurted 50 feet above the top of the derricks, 72 feet high, for five hours. The production is estimated at 1,000 barrels a day. It was drilled by the People's Oil and Gas Company.

Will Visit Eastern Schools.

Charles M. Schwab, who is erecting a $100,000 manual training school in Homestead, yesterday invited Superintendent J. C. Kendal of the Homestead public schools and Superintendent R. J. McKinney of the manual training department of the schools, to make a tour of the manual training schools in the eastern cities at his expense. Both gentlemen will leave next Monday for a three weeks' tour of the schools at Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington and New York.

The Theatrical Attractions of a Waning Season

Duquesne Garden—"1492."

Christopher Columbus.....Mr. Thos. H. Persse
Ferdinand of Aragon.....
Charley Tatters.....Mr. Chas. H. Drew
Alonzo de Quin'anilla.....Mr. Robt. S. Pigott
Don Juan.....Mr. Geo. H. Sinclair
Beltran.....Mr. Thos. J. Ahern
Capt. Martin Pinzon.....Mr. G. W. Shelley
Don Pedro Marguerite.....Mr. Gus Niles
Charles VIII.....Mr. Joseph Frohoff
Royal Herald No. 1.....Miss Marie Stone
Royal Herald No. 2.....Miss Florence Rother
Ward Knickerbocker.....Mr. J. A. Rose
Jim Confidence.....Mr. Robt. E. Mayo
Bobbs.....Mr. C. H. Ahern
Isabell of Castille.....Mr. Richard Harlow
Infanta Joanna.....Miss Edith Mason
Infanta Catalina.....Miss Mary Carrington
Brigida de Murphy.....Miss Leila Gardner

Manager Conant's merry company of entertainers, who will furnish amusement at his popular Duquesne Garden, was given an enthusiastic welcome last evening when a revised and up-to-date version of the once popular extravaganza, "1492," was presented under auspices of fun, music and color that deserved quite all the praise that was bestowed upon it. The company that will later sing light opera and musical comedies hardly had a fair chance to display its voice abilities, but enough was heard to show some unusual attractiveness along this line. Miss Edith Mason, the prima donna, has an exceedingly sweet voice, with range sufficient for the purposes for which she used it. She is a Lillian Russell sort of beauty and won considerable applause for a pretty little song, "Star of My Heart." Miss Carrington, Pittsburghers know and admire exceedingly. Miss Marie Stone is a pretty young woman, though she had no opportunity to display her singing ability last evening. Miss Leila Gardner was amusing in a small part. Mr. Drew as King Ferdinand received a cordial welcome, while Mr. Persse, Mr. Pigott, Mr. Sinclair, Mr. Ahern and their associates helped along the general good time.

Of their singing, all except Mr. Persse, judgment must be reserved until later, when they have roles that give them a chance. Mr. Persse is the tenor of the company and has a pleasing voice which, while a little worn, is at times quite effective, as in the intermezzo accompaniment in the second act. Richard Harlowe, specially engaged for his old role of the queen, pleased with the same astonishing perfection this part that made him famous. Though a little stouter in girth, Harlowe makes a handsomer woman than any other man on earth. He received an ovation and deserved it. The specialty work was exceedingly good. A drill of the Pittsburgh Cadets was one of the best of these. The young men did finely and showed the result of admirable training. The Newsboys quartet, a violin solo by Miss Dora Ronco, songs by the members of the company and Pauline Morgan, with her funny little pickaninnies, made up the specialties. The bill is a little long, but judicious trimming will remedy that and leave the entertainment a most gratifying one for the summer season. The chorus is fresh, bright and tuneful. The costuming and staging is all that could be required, the pitches in the latter being natural for a first night. The Garden is also to open with light and an excellent mandolin quartet make the Palm garden delightful.

Grand—"The Royal Box."

James Clarence, actor.....William Ingersoll
Prince of Wales.....John Waldron
Count Falson.....Joseph Egerton
Lord Bassett.....Thomas Meighan
Marmaduke, actor.....Willis Martin
Montmorency, actor.....Joseph Wightman
Davis, valet to Clarence.....William Yerance
Tippo, constable.....Wilton Taylor
Winch.....Percy Cook
Widgetts.....Charles Abbe
Call Boy.....Joseph Murphy
Rickards, a barber.....Walter Ware
Stage Manager.....Dennie Harris
Servant.....Emmett Frazier
Celia Pryse.....Sarah Truax
Countess Helen.....Amelia Gardner
Daisy Robert.....Anna Hardy
Juliet Robert.....Marion Ballou

There are some very delightful and praiseworthy things about the production of the Grand Stock Company this week of Charles Coghlan's adaptation of Dumas' old play, which when made over for Coghlan's personal use was renamed "The Royal Box." The members of the stock company present the rather disjointed and fragmentary revelation of stage life contained in the piece real and vivid enough to be quite as interesting as anything they have done for a long time. There is a dramatic climax in which the actor hero of Dumas loses his lines in a performance of Romeo and Juliet—and fails into a jealous torrent of abuse of the prima donna, who, with a party of friends, occupy the royal box near the stage. This is an effective piece of business and lends force and interest to a play that is otherwise full of long speeches and moralizing of a dull, flowing and merely professional kind. It was in this scene, as with Coghlan's well remembered presentation, that interest was aroused to the keenest point of attention.

Mr. Ingersoll played the part of Clarence with considerable skill and made a capital impression, though he lacks the finesse and intelligence of Coghlan. In the interrupted scene from Romeo and Juliet his impersonation was especially good and the climax was reached in a great love-making. It might seem like a snap judgment, but Mr. Ingersoll has rarely played with more discretion, and he has certainly never been better up in his lines so far as we can recall. Mr. Willis Martin Taylor deserves credit for a fine piece of Dickensesque characterization as Tippo, the constable, while Charles Abbe's Widgetts was hardly less capable. Of the ladies of the cast Miss Truax played the part of Celyse without color or animation, a fact due possibly to her fatigue consequent upon the enormous labor of preparing for her new play. Miss Ballou fairly amazed her friends by the clever way in which she read her lines from Shakespeare. Miss Ballou should go in for the classics. Her few paragraphs from the balcony scene indicate a better equipment for the role than many of her more ambitious sister actresses have displayed.

Mr. Waldemi's prince of Wales was almost totally obscured by that gentleman's heavily assumed air of dignity. Miss Amelia Gardner and Miss Barclay were acceptably efficient but by no means brilliant in small parts. The piece has been given the stage attention by Mr. Hoffman, though we think the balcony and the royal box are not in proper stage line.

Bijou—"Sis Hopkins."

Mr. Hopkins.....Mabelle Baker
Tishie Standifer.....Minnie Church
Silver Wedgeworth.....Belle Miller
Obidiah Odlum.....George Broderick
Pa Hopkins.....Geo. H. Maxwell
Addison Vibbert.....Delancy Richardson
Parthenia Pecover.....Elsie Mackay
Bart Varnum.....Edw. Hume
Elsie Van Ness.....Catherine Camp
Sis Hopkins.....Rose Melville
Ridy Dearborn.....E. P. O'Connor

The Bijou theater had an unusually large audience last evening for this time of year the house being crowded from pit to gallery. Rose Melville has been here before and last season played to almost $6,000 on the week, which was the greatest closing week that the Bijou has ever known since it was organized. The immense audience which greeted Miss Melville last evening was a fitting compliment to her previous record, and from the moment she she rushed down out of the hayloft, as the awkward country girl, until the final curtain, when she presents herself as the accomplished young lady, there was a ripple of applause in the audience. Miss Melville has many imitators, but she has no equals, yet she has probably played the part until she has fallen into the position which has been encountered by so many stars who have been successful, and so overacts the part. Miss Melville was seen to better advantage last season than she was at her present engagement for the reason that she possibly endeavors to do too much of the awkward mannerisms of the Hoosier girl. She has many orginal traits in her conception of the character and she would be supreme if she remained true to the original conception, but she has evidently conceived the idea that she was not doing enough to satisfy the public. In this she is mistaken. Her idea last season was the correct idea, and the overwork of last evening is a mistake.

Academy—Al Reeves Big Show.

Al. Reeves Big Company, the season's closing attraction at the Academy, was greeted last night by a house of mid-winter proportions, which speaks well for the popularity of the show, as the audiences have been of the fag end of the season order lately. It is on of the largest burlesque companies on the road, and the array of chorus girls crowds the Academy stage to its limit. Louise Amber and company heads the olio with songs, illustrated by pictures and chorus girls in costume. Cliff Gordon made a big hit in his Germa alderman act. Mazzo and Mazet have one of the most original comedy acrobatic acts on the stage. Al. Reeves himself still toots his olio bill with his little talk and banjo spiel, and got several encores last night. The burlesques are enjoyable through and through and through, and contain much to laugh at and admire. The Academy will remain closed until August 11 after this week.

THE DEATH ROLL.

Calvin W. Ray.

SHARON, PA., May 26.—Calvin W. Ray, formerly of Sharon, died last night at Philadelphia. Mr. Ray was born in Clarion county in 1844. He came to Sharon in 1868. He purchased a half interest in the Sharon Herald and was connected with

ARRANGEMENTS FOR MINISTERS' COMFORT MADE

Delegates to U. P. General Assembly Will Be Well Entertained.

OPENS TOMORROW NIGHT

Sessions to be Held in the Eighth Church, Allegheny—Reports of Committee on Membership Covenant Likely to Provoke Debate.

The forty-fourth annual meeting of the general assembly of the United Presbyterian church of North America will be called to order tomorrow night in the Eighth church, Perrysville avenue, Allegheny, by the Rev. Dr. J. A. Thompson of Tarkio, Miss., the moderator, who will preach the opening sermon. The commissioners will begin to come into the city today. Most

THE REV. DR. J. C. BOYD, Prominently Mentioned as the Next Moderator of the U. P. General Assembly.

of the western and southern commissioners will get here by noon. The Rev. W. I. Wishart, pastor of the Eighth church, in which the assembly sessions are to be held, has left nothing undone to make things comfortable for the commissioners during the sessions.

A postoffice has been constructed in the pastor's study, and every convenience necessary to such a gathering provided for. The assembly will lunch and dine in the large dining-room of the church. These meals will be served by the various ladies' societies connected with the United Presbyterian church throughout the two cities.

Arrangements Are Very Complete.

William M. Lorimer, who has charge of the general arrangements, stated yesterday that he had provided for lodging for every commissioner who will attend. Nearly all will be quartered within five minutes' ride of the assembly church, and with United Presbyterian families.

"As far as I know," Mr. Lorimer said, "every commissioner has been provided for. I have heard from nearly all those who are to attend and have made arrangements for their comfort. Of course the assembly, while necessarily taking up a great deal of time, will not be void of some social features to break the monotony. We have in view several excursions and a trolley ride over the principal lines of the city. Several well-known residents of Pittsburgh and Allegheny will entertain in honor of the commissioners."

The general committee on home missions will conclude its work, probably this morning, and have its report ready for Thursday afternoon. The report of the committee on membership covenant will bring forth some heated discussions.

Rules of Admission to Church.

There is an element in the church opposed to the purpose for which the committee was appointed—moderating somewhat the terms of reception into the church. There are many in the church who have long thought the present requirements for admission to the church are far too rigid, and not in harmony with the spirit of modern times. These believe that there are scores of people outside of the church who would be inside were it not for the rigid exactions of membership. They argue that a change can be effected that will not diverge from the essential principles of the church.

As usual there is to be a lively fight for the moderatorship. There are already several names mentioned. Prominent among these is that of the Rev. Dr. J. C. Boyd, pastor of the Mt. Lebanon church. Dr. Boyd has scores of friends in the assembly. He is one of the oldest ministers in the church and noted for his learning and prudence.

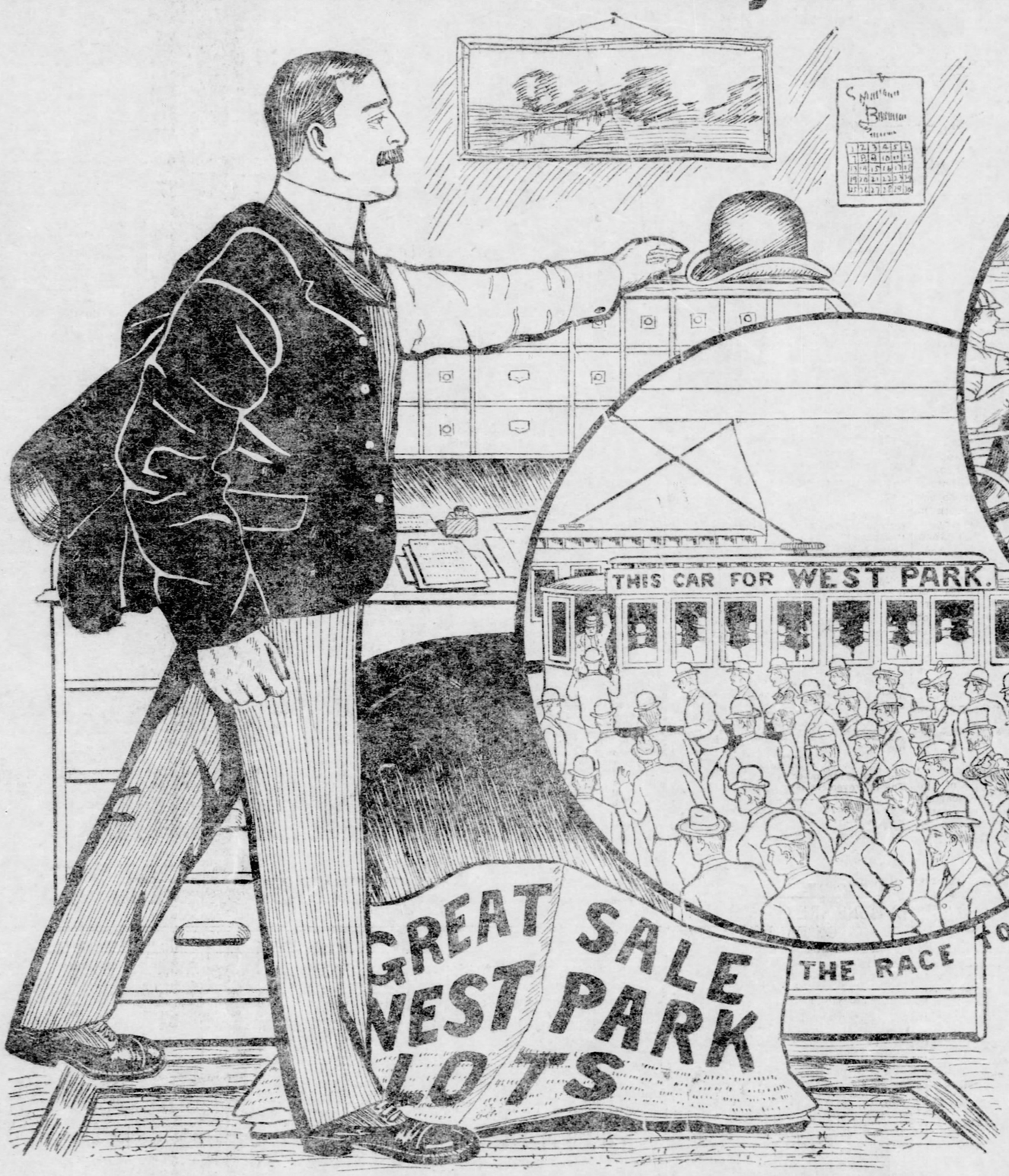
THE REV. W. I. WISHART, Pastor of the Eighth Church in Which the General Assembly Will Meet.

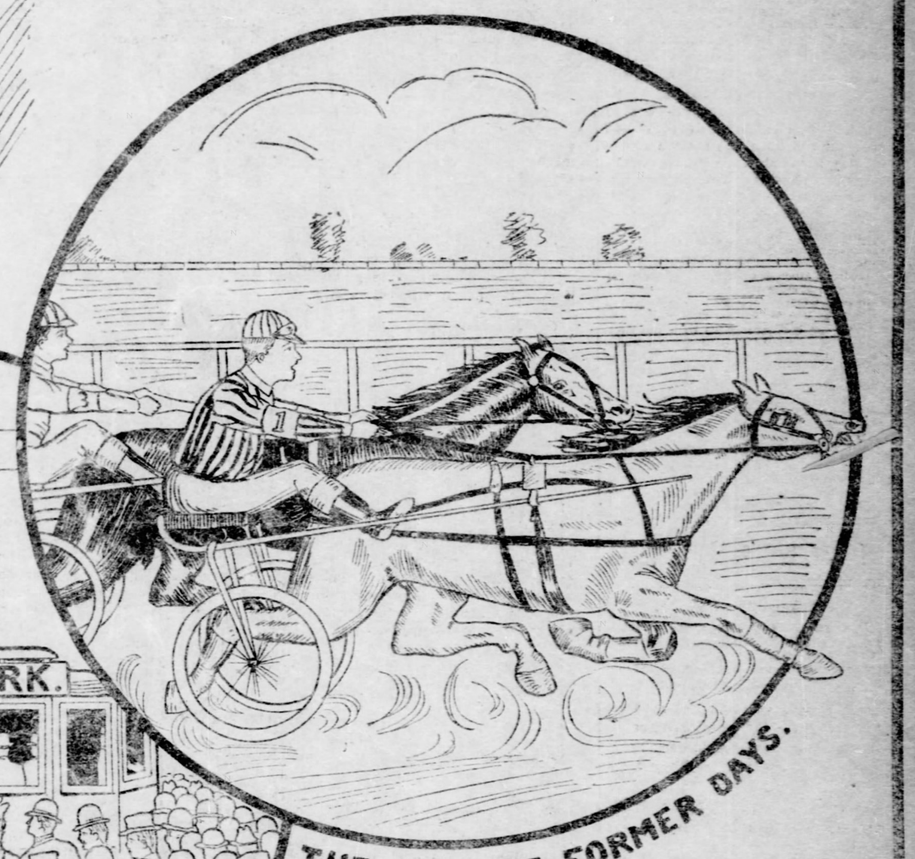
CLEVELAND AND RETURN.
Via Pennsylvania Lines May 29th and 30th for Decoration Day Outing.

The round trip rate to Cleveland over the Pennsylvania lines, May 29 and 30, will be $4 from Pittsburgh. Tickets will be good returning until Saturday, May 31, inclusive. Last train over Pennsylvania lines leaves Cleveland Saturday 11 p. m., arrives Pittsburgh Sunday morning. Excursion fares for Decoration day will also be in effect to New Castle, Youngstown, Wheeling and all stations on the Pennsylvania lines within a radius of 150 miles.

Latest Spring and Summer Novelties
In suitings, trouserings and overcoatings.
FITZAIR'S, 421 Wood Street.

GRAND OPENING SALE OF LOTS WEST PARK ADDITION NO. 2 DECORATION DAY, FRIDAY, MAY 30th





The race to be run on Decoration Day, 1902, is not the race of former days, when flying steeds broke record after record on the race track; but will be a race of investors on the same perfectly level ground, each endeavoring to get ahead of the other in their anxiety for first choice of unquestionably the greatest money-making real estate ever put on any market.

This sale opens another plan in the wonderful property that became famous last summer with 1,008 lots sold in a single season. These 1,008 lots now constitute the seat of the greatest building boom that Greater Pittsburgh has ever known.

In less than eight months 300 houses and business blocks have been built on this property at a cost of nearly $1,000,000. Every lot that was sold is worth today a figure marvelously higher than the original price, and every lot which sells in the new plan on Decoration Day will increase in value more rapidly than the lots in the first plans, as the new plan is the choicest property. The building boom has extended to its very edge, ready to seize it also as soon as it is opened.

Houses are rising everywhere as if pushed up from the earth by some swift, undefined magic.

Such a scene has never been paralleled.

All the other Pittsburgh building booms combined are not a match for this one single astonishing instance.

TAKE CARS FOR WEST PARK FOOT OF FIFTH AVENUE

Cars marked West Park run to and over the Property, start in the city from the foot of Fifth Avenue. You can get aboard on Fifth Avenue, Liberty Street, Fifth Street, Penn Avenue, Point Bridge, West Carson Street or in McKees Rocks on Chartiers Avenue.

Or you can take the regular Chartiers Avenue, Island Avenue or Coraopolis Cars and get transfer.

All cars leave at Same Terminus, Market Street and Fifth Avenue. Schedule time to the property from Market Street and Fifth Avenue is 24 minutes.

Free Tickets for Return Trip are now being distributed at City Office, 417 Fourth Avenue, opposite Pittsburgh Postoffice.

THE OPPORTUNITY TO MAKE MONEY.

The 1,008 lots that were sold in the two previous great sales now virtually represent a city which men need only see to be convinced of the remarkable opportunity for investment.

THE NEW INDUSTRIES BEING BUILT.

Flattering conditions not dreamed of at last sale now exist to enhance property values as they have not grown since the exciting deals which sent Squirrel Hill real estate up until it yielded a crop of millionaires.

What are these conditions? Wait! We will tell you.

Most of the ten largest industries, with capital invested running into millions and millions of dollars, are increasing the magnitude of their plants to an extent that would be ample to support a city of three times the population of McKees Rocks.

As West Park is in the very heart of McKees Rocks, with the town built up solidly all around it, you can readily realize what this and the new industries being established will mean for the investor.

One of the latest important acquisitions to the industrial surroundings of West Park will be the great round house and shops which the Pan-Handle system of the Pennsylvania Railroad will begin building at once on the Scully and Nettie McKee Graham farms.

This site almost adjoins West Park, lying beyond Chartiers Creek, and will give employment to hundreds of workmen, for whom West Park will be the most convenient place to live.

Lots will go in this Coming Great Sale at **$50 to $500**

SOME OF THE EXTRA CHOICE SITES AT A LITTLE HIGHER PRICES.

TERMS

Any reasonable amount down that will suit purchaser, balance $5 or more per month, or 10 per cent. discount for cash when paid within sixty days.

FREE TAXES UNTIL DEED IS DELIVERED. **NO INTEREST**

Interest is not even charged on back payments in the event of purchasers falling behind by reason of sickness. You run no risk of forfeiting your lot. Every investor is given a fair, square show at this grand opportunity. The names of our stockholders is a guarantee of fairness and leniency.

TITLE GUARANTEED BY THE FIDELITY TITLE AND TRUST COMPANY. CAPITAL, $1,000,000

WEST PARK WITHIN P. & L. E. CALLING LIMITS

The P. & L. E. R. R. Company is building another immense round house and paint shop. It has planned to spend $2,000,000 in improvements. These will include a four track roadway to Youngstown, and the number of names on the P. & L. E. local payroll will be increased to 3,000 men.

As these 3,000 men will report for duty near the property (West Park being within the P. & L. E. calling limits, where call boys from the dispatcher's office can reach any part of the plan within five to eight minutes) there will be no more attractive place to them for a home than this beautiful new residence district.

THOUSANDS OF FAMILIES WILL WANT HOMES.

The ingress alone of the railroad men into West Park will bring at least 1,500 families or an increased population of between 4,000 and 6,000.

Then there are the new Southern Traction Barns. These will bring 800 men, or fully 800 families.

Also the new colossal plant of the Ft. Pitt Malleable & Grey Iron Works. This industry when completed will employ 600 high-class mechanics, and draw fully 400 families to West Park.

McKay & Co.'s great new chain works, too, will make West Park the logical home for nearly 300 families.

The remarkable expansion of the Pressed Steel Car Works, American Bridge Works, Crucible Steel Works, United States Steel Corporation's mills, Lockhart Iron & Steel Works, Ridd Bros. & Berger's Steel & Wire Co.'s Works, will, it is authoritatively estimated, result in attracting not less than another 1,000 families to West Park.

Points in Favor of West Park Lots.

West Park is surrounded by beautiful scenery.
West Park houses are all new and modern.
West Park has a perfect sewerage system.
West Park has water and gas.
West Park has fire plugs and arc lights.
West Park has 7 miles of streets.
West Park is beyond the reach of floods.
West Park is not in the smoke district.
West Park is not on a hill top.
West Park has beautiful streets.
West Park is within P. & L. E. calling limits.
West Park has rapid transit service.
West Park is only 24 minutes from Market street, Pittsburgh.
West Park has wide paved streets.

Broadway, West Park.

Broadway is the chief thoroughfare of West Park.
Broadway is over a mile in length.
Broadway is practically without a curve.
Broadway is paved and lighted.
Broadway is the coming business avenue.
Broadway is a popular boulevard.
Broadway is the outlet for a vast country.
Broadway is being built up rapidly.
Broadway is the place to locate stores.
Broadway is perfectly level its entire length.
Broadway is the ideal street of a great city.
Broadway is lined with fine structures.
Broadway is not all ups and downs.
Broadway is the Highland avenue of a new metropolis.

WEST END LAND CO.,

HAAS & LAUINGER, Direct Representatives,
Offices, 417 4th Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa., or Broadway, West Park.

PRESBYTERIANS TO MEET NEXT IN LOS ANGELES

General Assembly Closes Its Work at New York and Adjourns.

TALK OF RAILROAD LOBBY

One Delegate Declares It Works in Favor of the California City—Moderator Thanks the Commissioners for Their Unanimity of Action.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

New York, May 26.—The Presbyterian general assembly at today's session chose Los Angeles, Cal., as the place of next meeting, and adjourned sine die.

The assembly acted adversely on an overture from the presbytery of Los Angeles requesting that ministers coming from the southern Presbyterian church be honorably retired with the same privileges as if they had served always with the church under the general assembly.

When the question of selecting a meeting place was taken up the Rev. Minton made a 10-minute address in favor of Los Angeles.

The Rev. Dr. Richard S. Holmes of Pittsburgh pointed out that there was a great difference between the mileage for Cleveland and Los Angeles.

"If you want to burden the membership for such a big sum as this difference would be, let the money go to home missions, or to pay off the debt on the Presbyterian building. We have no right to do a thing to favor any big corporation or railroad."

At the moment when the moderator called for a vote on the question a member of the assembly, who refused to give his name, but who was said to be an elder from Cleveland, made the statement that a railroad had conducted a lobby in favor of Los Angeles among the commissioners. The moderator declared the Cleveland elder out of order.

Elder Ernest E. Baker from Oakland, Cal., said that the man referred to as a lobbyist was a member of the assembly. The vote was 287 for Los Angeles and 149 for Cleveland.

Rev. Dr. David G. Wylie of the Scotch Presbyterian church of New York offered a resolution that a collection for the tract society be taken in every Presbyterian church during the year. The resolution was adopted.

Another resolution adopted called on the presbyteries to vote promptly on creed revision.

By unanimous vote the assembly decided to send fraternal greetings to the new Persbyterian church of Mexico, organized last year, which adopted the constitution of the general assembly of the Presbyterian church of the United States of America.

Stated Clerk Dr. Roberts read a list containing the names of 128 Presbyterian ministers who had died since the last assembly.

The moderator, in declaring the adjournment, referred to the unanimity in the action taken by the general assembly, including the revision of faith.

"I should not care for the revision of creed," he said, "if I did not think it would lead to an era of evangelical work greater than any other in the history of our church."

MANY PRIZE WINNERS.

Henry Phipps Spurred Scholars of Allegheny's First Ward Schools to Memorize Selections.

Henry Phipps gave to Principal M. H. Young of the First ward schools, Allegheny, $10 some time ago to aid in extending and perpetuating the habit for which President Lincoln was widely known, that of committing to memory poems and pieces from standard literature. Mr. Young took hold of the work enthusiastically and the results were beyond his expectations.

In order to avoid close competition and any conflictions the following stipulations were laid down: Each pupil entering in the class was to commit four pieces and give the meaning, besides writing a composition, on some poem, which was to be selected after the pieces were committed. The following pieces were committed: "Elegy in a Country Churchyard," "Procrastination," "Psalm of Life," "Excelsior," "Better Than Gold," "Address at Gettysburg," "Landing of the Pilgrims," "The Best Picture of All," "The Day Is Done." These pupils are entitled to the prizes:

Bertha Smith, Irene Creagh, Olive Reisner, Hazel McKenzie, Willard McDonald, Hyman Freshman, Edna Reynolds, Josephine Hastings, Bessie Roxbrough, Florence Voiret, Bessie Preston, Alex. Wood, Mary Marshall, Rosland Blount, Max Spann, Frank Gangwish, Lizzie Meyers, Harry Kidd, Irene Morrison, Arthur Clemens, Katie Drum, May Smith, Nova Hilleary, Carry Bruce, Mary Routh, Katharine Hannah, Edna Feilstein, Warren Blackstone, Willie Rodgers, Frank Sheffler, Nellie Horne, Hazel Bennett, Helen Stewart, Louise Smith, Raymond Harris, Raymond Artz, Jeannette Mackey, Lillie Higgins, Elsie Skiles, Bertha Gray, Florence Henderson, May Hoag, Marion Heinle, Ethel Suttmayer, Anna Perret, Bessie Alexander, Anna Allebach, Maggie McCarthy, Florence Pickles, Frank McClurg, Jeanette Presslar, Elsie Porter, Isabella Perret, Jennie Gribben, Annie Paterson, Bessie Baker, Florence Bennett, Harry Howard, Wade Seitz, Lizzie Wright, Susie McAdams, Emma Williamson, John Cayton, Clair Bennett, Louis Kline, Gurth Baldwin, Albertine Bragg, Bessie Mcnish, Shaler Bennett, Tillie Fell, Francis Fisher, Clara Allsbach, Nannie Farshall, Beulah Ekey.

WOMEN'S OPENING EVENT.

Eighteen-Hole Handicap Golf Play at Allegheny Country Club Today.

The opening women's events for the crack new 18-hole course of the Allegheny Country club, back of Sewickley, will be decided this afternoon in the shape of an 18-hole handicap contest for a cup offered by John Moorhead, Jr.

F. X. Barr, captain of the Edgewood Golf club team, has announced the makeup of the team selected for the match with the Allegheny Country club at Edgewood on Wednesday. Mr. Barr expected to retire from active match play this season and did not play in the qualifying rounds for the team. Upon request of the team, however, he takes the captaincy tomorrow, playing in place of G. W. Wurzell, who has recently suffered a death in the family.

Robert Kester, Jr., J. D. Duff, W. H. Duff, Jr., Joseph Hill and E. E. Rankin are the other members of the team. All made lowest scores in qualifying with the exception of W. H. Duff, Jr., who challenged and defeated W. W. Patterson, who had qualified. The Edgewood course is now in good condition, play having been started on all of the permanent greens.

A GREAT SURPRISE

Is in store for all who use Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, the great guaranteed remedy. Would you believe that it is sold on its merits and by druggists authorized by the proprietor of this wonderful remedy to give you a sample bottle free? It never fails to cure acute or chronic coughs. All druggists sell Kemp's Balsam. Price 25c and 50c.

PICKERING'S
10Th & PENN.
OFF SALE
ENDS Saturday MAY 31st
YOUR CREDIT'S GOOD. DON'T WAIT COME RIGHT IN

This Store Closed Decoration Day.

OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY.

(No. 390.)

AN ORDINANCE—Fixing salaries of the building inspector and assistant building inspector, of the bureau of building inspection, department of public safety.

Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That from and after June 1, 1902, the salary of the building inspector of the bureau of building inspection is hereby fixed at fifteen hundred ($1,500.00) dollars per annum, payable monthly; and that of the assistant building inspector of said bureau is hereby fixed at twelve hundred ($1,200.00) dollars per annum, payable monthly. The above salaries to be paid out of appropriation No. 49, bureau of building inspection, department of public safety.

Section 2—That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 15th day of May, A. D. 1902.

GEO. W. SNAMAN,
President of Select Council Pro. Tem.

Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
JOHN M. GOEHRING,
President of Common Council.

Attest:
ROBERT DILWORTH, City Clerk.
City Recorder's Office, Allegheny, Pa., May 21, A. D. 1902. The above ordinance examined and approved.

J. R. MURPHY,
City Recorder.

(No. 409.)

AN ORDINANCE—Fixing the salaries of the foremen and the assistant foreman of the bureau of public lighting, department of public works.

Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That from and after June 1, 1902, the salary of the foreman of the bureau of public lighting, department of public works, is hereby fixed at eighteen hundred ($1,800.00) dollars per annum, payable monthly; and that of the assistant foreman of said bureau is hereby fixed at twelve hundred ($1,200.00) dollars per annum, payable monthly. The above salaries to be paid out of appropriation No. 14, bureau of public lighting, department of public works.

Section 2—That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 15th day of May, A. D. 1902.

GEO. W. SNAMAN,
President of Select Council Pro. Tem.

Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
JOHN M. GOEHRING,
President of Common Council.

Attest:
ROBERT DILWORTH, City Clerk.
City Recorder's Office, Allegheny, Pa., May 21, A. D. 1902. The above ordinance examined and approved.

J. R. MURPHY,
City Recorder.

(No. 392.)

AN ORDINANCE — Authorizing the purchase of underground cables and the laying of the same, for the bureau of electricity, and instructing the city recorder and the director of the department of public safety to advertise for proposals and award the contract therefor, and providing for the payment of the cost thereof.

Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the city recorder and the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the city recorder and the director of the department of public safety are hereby authorized and instructed to advertise for proposals for furnishing the bureau of electricity, department of public safety, with underground cables and laying the same, according to specifications prepared by and on file in the office of the director of the department of public safety, and award the contract therefor in accordance with the provisions of the acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided.

The cost and expense thereof to be paid out of appropriation No. 8, bureau of electricity.

Section 2—That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 15th day of May, A. D. 1902.

GEO. W. SNAMAN,
President of Select Council Pro. Tem.

Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
JOHN R. HENRICKS,
President of Common Council Pro. Tem.

Attest:
ROBERT DILWORTH, City Clerk.
City Recorder's Office, Allegheny, Pa., May 19, A. D. 1902. The above ordinance examined and approved.

J. R. MURPHY,
City Recorder.

(No. 408.)

AN ORDINANCE—Fixing the salaries of the fire plug inspectors and hydrant inspectors in the bureau of water, department of public works.

Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That from and after June 1, 1902, the salaries of the fire plug inspectors and hydrant inspectors in the bureau of water, department of public works, be and they are hereby fixed at two dollars and fifty cents ($2.50) per day, each, payable monthly out of appropriation No. 12, Item No. 1, bureau of water, department of public works.

Section 2—That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 15th day of May, A. D. 1902.

GEO. W. SNAMAN,
President of Select Council Pro. Tem.

Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
JOHN M. GOEHRING,
President of Common Council.

Attest:
ROBERT DILWORTH, City Clerk.
City Recorder's Office, Allegheny, Pa., May 21, A. D. 1902. The above ordinance examined and approved.

J. R. MURPHY,
City Recorder.

(No. 400.)

AN ORDINANCE—Fixing the salary of the plumbing inspector in the bureau of health, department of public safety.

Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That from and after June 1, 1902, the salary of the plumbing inspector in the bureau of health, department of public safety, is hereby fixed at fifteen hundred ($1,500.00) dollars per annum, payable monthly. The above salary to be paid out of appropriation No. 7, bureau of health, department of public safety.

Section 2—That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 15th day of May, A. D. 1902.

GEO. W. SNAMAN,
President of Select Council Pro. Tem.

Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
JOHN M. GOEHRING,
President of Common Council.

Attest:
ROBERT DILWORTH, City Clerk.
City Recorder's Office, Allegheny, Pa., May 21, A. D. 1902. The above ordinance examined and approved.

J. R. MURPHY,
City Recorder.

OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY.

May 21, A. D. 1902. The above ordinance examined and approved.

J. R. MURPHY,
City Recorder.

(No. 393.)

AN ORDINANCE—Fixing the salaries of the captains, engineers, drivers, hosemen, stokers and laddermen in the bureau of fire, department of public safety.

Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That from and after June 1, 1902, the salaries of the employes in the bureau of fire, department of public safety, be and the same are hereby fixed as follows, to-wit:

Captains of engine companies	$100 00
Captains of hose companies	100 00
Captains of hook and ladder companies	100 00
Engineers	98 00
Drivers in charge of hospital stable	95 00
Drivers	90 00
Hosemen, stokers and laddermen, each	90 00
Engineer in charge of repairs	120 00

Section 2—The above salaries to be payable out of appropriation No. 5, bureau of fire, department of public safety.

Section 3—That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 15th day of May, A. D. 1902.

GEO. W. SNAMAN,
President of Select Council Pro. Tem.

Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
JOHN M. GOEHRING,
President of Common Council.

Attest:
ROBERT DILWORTH, City Clerk.
City Recorder's Office, Allegheny, Pa., May 21, A. D. 1902. The above ordinance examined and approved.

J. R. MURPHY,
City Recorder.

(No. 388.)

AN ORDINANCE—Establishing the grade on George alley, Sixth ward, from Rush street to Franklin street.

Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the grade of George alley, 8x33 feet, in the ward, from Rush street to Franklin street, be and the same is hereby established as follows:

Beginning at a point where the center line of George alley intersects the south curb line of Rush street, at an elevation of fifty-six and eighty-nine hundredths (56.89) feet above city datum; thence descending at a rate of one and thirty-six hundredths (1.36) feet per hundred (100) feet for a distance of one hundred forty-six and five-tenths (146.5) feet to the north curb line of Franklin street, elevation fifty-four and nine-tenths (54.9) feet above city datum.

Section 2—That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 14th day of May, A. D. 1902.

GEO. W. SNAMAN,
President of Select Council Pro. Tem.

Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
JOHN R. HENRICKS,
President of Common Council.

Attest:
ROBERT DILWORTH, City Clerk.
City Recorder's Office, Allegheny, Pa., May 19, A. D. 1902. The above ordinance examined and approved.

J. R. MURPHY,
City Recorder.

(No. 411.)

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing and ordering the grading, paving and curbing of Shady avenue, Eleventh ward, from Superior avenue to Susan McGeary's north line, and providing for assessment and collection of the cost and expense thereof.

Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the grading, paving and curbing of Shady avenue, Eleventh ward, from Superior avenue to Susan McGeary's north line, is hereby authorized and ordered, and the director of the department of public works is hereby instructed to prepare specifications therefor, and the city recorder and the said director are authorized to advertise for proposals for doing said work in accordance with such specifications, and award the contract therefor according to the provisions of the acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided.

The cost and expense of said improvement to be assessed and collected in accordance with the provisions of the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania pertaining thereto and regulating the same.

Section 2—That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 15th day of May, A. D. 1902.

GEO. W. SNAMAN,
President of Select Council Pro. Tem.

Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
JOHN M. GOEHRING,
President of Common Council.

Attest:
ROBERT DILWORTH, City Clerk.
City Recorder's Office, Allegheny, Pa., May 21, A. D. 1902. The above ordinance examined and approved.

J. R. MURPHY,
City Recorder.

(No. 390.)

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing the controller to advertise for proposals for the erection of an engine house on Lafayette avenue, in the Tenth ward of the City of Allegheny, and directing the city recorder and the director of the department of public safety to execute the contract therefor and award the same, and approving specifications prepared by Craig, Hogdson & Burns, architects.

Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the city controller be and he is hereby authorized and instructed to advertise for proposals for the erection of an engine house on Lafayette avenue, in the Tenth ward of the City of Allegheny, in accordance with the plans and specifications prepared by Craig, Hogdson & Burns, architects, and on file in the office of the director of the department of public safety.

Section 2—The city recorder and the director of the department of public safety be, and they are hereby authorized and directed to execute a contract therefor with the lowest responsible bidder.

Section 3—The same to be paid out of the proceeds from the sale of public safety bonds.

Section 4—That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 14th day of May, A. D. 1902.

GEO. W. SNAMAN,
President of Select Council Pro. Tem.

Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
JOHN R. HENRICKS,
President of Common Council Pro. Tem.

Attest:
ROBERT DILWORTH, City Clerk.
City Recorder's Office, Allegheny, Pa., May 19, A. D. 1902. The above ordinance examined and approved.

J. R. MURPHY,
City Recorder.

OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY.

(No. 410.)

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing and ordering the grading, paving and curbing of Maple avenue, Tenth ward, from Charles street to McIntyre avenue, and providing for assessment and collection of the cost and expense thereof.

Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the grading, paving and curbing of Maple avenue, Tenth ward, from Charles street to McIntyre avenue, is hereby authorized and ordered, and the director of the department of public works is hereby instructed to prepare specifications therefor, and the city recorder and the said director are authorized to advertise for proposals for doing said work in accordance with such specifications, and award the contract therefor according to the provisions of the acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided.

The cost and expense of said improvement to be assessed and collected in accordance with the provisions of the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania pertaining thereto and regulating the same.

Section 2—That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 15th day of May, A. D. 1902.

GEO. W. SNAMAN,
President of Select Council Pro. Tem.

Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
JOHN M. GOEHRING,
President of Common Council.

Attest:
ROBERT DILWORTH, City Clerk.
City Recorder's Office, Allegheny, Pa., May 21, A. D. 1902. The above ordinance examined and approved.

J. R. MURPHY,
City Recorder.

(No. 412.)

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing and ordering the grading, paving and curbing of Grand avenue, Fifteenth ward, from Brighton avenue to Riverview Park, and providing for assessment and collection of the cost and expense thereof.

Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the grading, paving and curbing of Grand avenue, Fifteenth ward, from Brighton avenue to Riverview Park, is hereby authorized and ordered, and the director of the department of public works is hereby instructed to prepare specifications therefor, and the city recorder and the said director are authorized to advertise for proposals for doing said work in accordance with such specifications, and award the contract therefor according to the provisions of the acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided.

The cost and expense of said improvement to be assessed and collected in accordance with the provisions of the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania pertaining thereto and regulating the same.

Section 2—That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 15th day of May, A. D. 1902.

GEO. W. SNAMAN,
President of Select Council Pro. Tem.

Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
JOHN M. GOEHRING,
President of Common Council.

Attest:
ROBERT DILWORTH, City Clerk.
City Recorder's Office, Allegheny, Pa., May 21, A. D. 1902. The above ordinance examined and approved.

J. R. MURPHY,
City Recorder.

OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY.

(No. 402.)

AN ORDINANCE—Amending section 2, of an ordinance entitled "An ordinance to carry into effect in the City of Allegheny an act of Assembly, entitled 'An act for the government of cities of the second class,' approved March 7, 1901, and the supplements thereto and fixing salaries," approved November 26, 1901.

Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That section 2, of the ordinance entitled "An ordinance to carry into effect in the City of Allegheny an act of Assembly entitled 'An act for the government of cities of the second class,' approved March 7, 1901, and the supplements thereto and fixing salaries," approved November 26, 1901, which reads as follows:

"The city recorder shall make such appointments and perform such duties as are now, or hereafter may be prescribed by law, and shall receive as compensation for his services the annual sum of seven thousand five hundred ($7,500.00) dollars, payable monthly. He shall further be authorized to appoint a chief clerk, whose salary shall be two thousand ($2,000.00) dollars annually, payable monthly; an assistant clerk, who shall be a stenographer and typewriter, whose salary shall be twelve hundred ($1,200.00) dollars annually, payable monthly, and a messenger, whose salary shall be nine hundred ($900.00) dollars annually, payable monthly." Be amended to read as follows:

Section 2—That the city recorder shall make such appointments and perform such duties as are now, or hereafter may be prescribed by law, and shall receive as compensation for his services the annual sum of seven thousand five hundred ($7,500.00) dollars, payable monthly. He shall further be authorized to appoint a chief clerk whose salary shall be two thousand ($2,000.00) dollars annually, payable monthly; an assistant clerk who shall be a stenographer and typewriter, whose salary shall be twelve hundred ($1,200.00) dollars annually, payable monthly, and a clerk and messenger whose salary shall be twelve hundred ($1,200.00) dollars annually, payable monthly.

Section 3—That the sum appropriated to pay the salary of the messenger, shall be paid during the current year to the clerk and messenger, and the additional expenditure as required by this ordinance shall be paid out of the appropriation No. 41, contingent fund, and thereafter out of appropriation No. 1, salaries.

Section 4—That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 15th day of May, A. D. 1902.

GEO. W. SNAMAN,
President of Select Council Pro. Tem.

Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
JOHN M. GOEHRING,
President of Common Council.

Attest:
ROBERT DILWORTH, City Clerk.
City Recorder's Office, Allegheny, Pa., May 21, A. D. 1902. The above ordinance examined and approved.

J. R. MURPHY,
City Recorder.

(No. 586.)

AN ORDINANCE—Changing the grade of Orleans street, Fifteenth ward, from Viola street to the first angle west of Delaware street.

Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the grade of Orleans street, Fifteenth ward, from Viola street to the first angle west of Delaware street, be and the same is hereby changed as follows:

Beginning at a point where the center line of Orleans street, at its southern terminus, intersects the east line of Viola street, at an elevation of four hundred ninety-seven and forty-eight hundredths (497.48) feet above city datum; thence ascending at a rate of one (1) foot per hundred (100) feet for a distance of one hundred ten (110) feet to a point of curve, elevation four hundred ninety-eight and fifty-eight hundredths (498.58) feet above city datum; thence descending at a rate of one (1) foot per hundred (100) feet for a distance of four hundred thirty and fifty-two hundredths (430.52) feet to an angle near the northern terminus of Viola street, elevation four hundred ninety-four and twenty-seven hundredths (494.27) feet above city datum; thence descending at a rate of five (5) feet per hundred (100) feet for a distance of two hundred eighteen and eighty-three hundredths (218.83) feet to the east line of Delaware street, elevation four hundred eighty-three and thirty-three hundredths (483.33) feet above city datum; thence to a point where the center line of Orleans street west intersects the west line of Delaware street, elevation four hundred eighty-five and seven hundredths (485.07) feet above city datum; thence ascending at a rate of six and seven tenths (6.7) feet per hundred (100) feet for a distance of two hundred ninety-five and forty-one hundredths (295.41) feet to the first angle west of Delaware street, elevation five hundred four and eighty-seven hundredths (504.87) feet above city datum.

Section 2—That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 14th day of May, A. D. 1902.

GEO. W. SNAMAN,
President of Select Council Pro. Tem.

Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
JOHN R. HENRICKS,
President of Common Council Pro. Tem.

Attest:
ROBERT DILWORTH, City Clerk.
City Recorder's Office, Allegheny, Pa., May 19, A. D. 1902. The above ordinance examined and approved.

J. R. MURPHY,
City Recorder.

OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY.

(No. 394.)

AN ORDINANCE—Fixing the salaries of the superintendent of the bureau of fire, and the assistant superintendent of the bureau of fire, department of public safety.

Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That from and after June 1, 1902, the salary of the superintendent of the bureau of fire, department of public safety, be and the same is hereby fixed at twenty-five hundred ($2,500.00) dollars per annum, payable monthly, and the salary of the assistant superintendent of the bureau of fire, department of public safety, be and the same is hereby fixed at eighteen hundred ($1,800.00) dollars per annum, payable monthly. The above salaries to be paid out of appropriation No. 5, bureau of fire, department of public safety.

Section 2—That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 15th day of May, A. D. 1902.

GEO. W. SNAMAN,
President of Select Council Pro. Tem.

Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
JOHN M. GOEHRING,
President of Common Council.

Attest:
ROBERT DILWORTH, City Clerk.
City Recorder's Office, Allegheny, Pa., May 21, A. D. 1902. The above ordinance examined and approved.

J. R. MURPHY,
City Recorder.

FRENCH GUESTS SPEND THE DAY ABOUT NIAGARA

Military Members of Party Much Interested in Battlefield of Queenston Heights.

ROSES FOR THE COUNTESS

Little Girls Present Her With American Beauties and Carnations. Battleship Gaulois and Escort Arrive in New York Harbor.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

Buffalo, N. Y., May 26.—The members of the French Rochambeau mission, accompanied by Ambassador Cambon, Mme. Cambon, members of the staff of the French embassy and the president's commission spent a pleasant day at Niagara Falls and again turned toward the east, leaving for West Point at 5 p. m.

The special train reached this city on schedule time this morning after an uneventful night run from Washington. The arrival was so timed that the guests had finished their breakfast on the train when, at 9:30 o'clock, the train reached the station at the Falls.

The party at once entered carriages and began a two hours drive through the park on the American side and across the bridge to the Canadian side. At Table Rock the members of the party left their carriages and walked about for half an hour. They then returned directly to the special train, and took luncheon in the dining car.

At 1:15 p. m. two special cars of the Niagara Gorge railway were brought up to the station and nearly every member of the party boarded them for a journey through the picturesque gorge.

Visit the Battle Field.

A run was made to Lewiston and across the new bridge into British territory again. The military men were interested in the details of the battle of Queenstown heights, which was related to them during a stop at the foot of the monument which marks the spot where the British general, Brock, fell. The party returned to the station at 3:45.

Just before the departure of the train for the east a bevy of girls dressed in white presented Countess de Rochambeau with a large bouquet of flowers, sent by the sisters and pupils of the Sisters of Mercy convent. The bouquet was made up of carnations and American Beauty roses, tied with red, white and blue ribbon and attached to it was a tiny silk American flag.

The Very Rev. James A. Lanigan of Buffalo and Miss Fiore Reche of Rochester, who were among those who received the Marchioness de Rochambeau on the occasion of a visit to the fall ten years ago at the time of the Yorktown celebration, made themselves known to the count and countess, who greeted them cordially and spent five minutes in animated conversation with the venerable prelate.

Gaulois at New York.

NEW YORK, May 26.—The French battleship Gaulois, which brought the French mission to attend the unveiling of the Rochambeau monument, arrived here today from Annapolis. The United States battleships Kearsarge and Alabama and the cruiser Olympia, which were accompanying the Gaulois, arrived 30 minutes later.

The Gaulois exchanged salutes with the fort on Governors island as she steamed up North river to an anchorage off Thirty-fourth street. Shortly after reaching there, at 1 o'clock, a party of French visitors from the battleship boarded the United States dispatch boat Dolphin and went to West Point. Mayor Low issued the following proclamation today:

"The distinguished members of the Rochambeau mission appointed to represent the republic of France at the unveiling in Washington of the statue of Count de Rochambeau, our revolutionary ally, will arrive in New York on the afternoon of Tuesday, May 27, at 3:30, and will remain here until Thursday night, May 29. During this interval citizens are asked to display their flags freely in courteous recognition of the visit of the nation's guests who are themselves so heartily welcomed to New York."

A Precious Pair of Parisian Swindlers.

MADAME HUMBERT. FREDERIC HUMBERT.

These are pictures of Frederic Humbert and his wife, whose maiden name was Therese d'Aurignac, who accomplished the greatest feat of swindling Europe has known for many years. On the strength of an imaginary large inheritance and the deposit of a store of wealth, securities and jewels, in a safety deposit vault under trust in Paris, Madame Humbert borrowed $10,000,000. A fortnight ago the Humberts left Paris. Then the vault was opened. It was empty. Now the police of France and other nations are seeking the Humberts in many countries. The Umbria was searched when she arrived in New York on Sunday, but the fugitives were not aboard.

SENATE DEBATE ON PHILIPPINES GOES MERRILY ON

Hope for Vote on Bill Sets Date Some Time Before Middle of June.

PATTERSON HAS FLOOR

Kept Busy Explaining Editorials of His Paper, as They Do Not Jibe With His Own Position—Fortifications Appropriation Bill Passed.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

Washington, D. C., May 27.—The leaders in the house and senate, who are now looking forward to the time when congress can be adjourned and representatives can get ready for the coming congressional campaign, are somewhat restive over the sluggishness of legislation. The house is keeping clear of embarrassing bills as much as possible, to be ready to wind up the appropriation bills and can clear out on short notice, but thee senate is very backward. This was a rather blue Monday for the senators. The talk on the Philippines bill began on another lap in the same leisurely fashion in which it has dragged its weary length along for the past few weeks. No sign of the end is visible. Every time it seems to be drawing to a close it takes a new spurt forward.

"Sometime between before the middle of June" is the nearest approximation to a vote the senators can report. After the Philippines bill is out of the way the isthmian canal bill will hold the boards for a continuous performance of a duration entirely problematical. The beet sugar senators possibly will encourage prolonged debate on the canal bill, with a view of consuming as much time as may be before the Cuban reciprocity bill comes up. Their hope is to manage so that all the other necessary and important legislation will be out of the way before the Cuban reciprocity bill comes to the fore, thus making that bill the only bar to prompt adjournment. Then, if they bring on a deadlock between the house and senate over that bill they think it may be permitted to fail.

Senators May Wake Up.

However, experience has proven that in the senate sometimes the darkest hour is just before dawn; that when the prospect apparently is most hopeless for action on legislation, which has become temporarily bogged down, a happy issue out of the difficulty is near at hand. The leaders, therefore, while interested and concerned over the stagnation in legislation are not fearful of losing these important bills. The danger which seems most imminent is a possible deadlock between the house and senate over the terms of the Cuban reciprocity bill, but the utmost skill of the managers of the two houses will be exerted to avert it.

Mr. Patterson of Colorado, one of the minority members of the Philippine committee of the senate, occupied the floor most of today, in a discussion of the Philippine question. Mr. Patterson quoted from the utterances of his newspaper, the Denver News, to show that it consistently had advocated the independence of the Filipinos since December, 1898. He urged that Mr. Foraker had not been "frank and candid" in his quotations from the Denver News.

Mr. Foraker resented the imputation of lack of fairness.

Mr. Patterson insisted that Mr. Foraker had omitted editorials which presented the question in its true light.

Mr. Foraker said he had presented only such editorials from Democratic newspapers as had dealt ably and interestingly with the question and, of course, he had no intention of reflecting upon the senator from Colorado.

Alleged Censored News.

Referring to the opening of hostilities between the Americans and Filipinos on February 4, 1899, Mr. Patterson declared that somebody was dictating the tenor of the news sent from the islands to the United States by the Associated Press and other sources. He intimated that it was the purpose to conceal the facts regarding the situation.

Mr. Patterson quoted from a speech of Mr. Foraker, made in January, 1900, to the effect that he had no sympathy with those who talked of "making war on Aguinaldo and his followers in their struggle for liberty and independence."

Mr. Foraker explained that he was satisfied there was not a war between the United States and the Filipinos, but the war between Spain and the Filipinos.

Mr. Patterson held that that could not be the case, as Manila had fallen to the Americans and the Spanish had been sent to their homes.

Mr. Foraker said his sympathies always had been with the American troops and would be until the last gun had been fired in the pending conflict.

Mr. Hoar asked Mr. Foraker to read the sentence in President McKinley's proclamation which had been eliminated by Gen. Otis lest it should bring on war. He said Gen. Otis had assumed extraordinary authority to himself to suppress a part of the proclamation and to substitute a statement that would indicate to the Filipinos that they were to be granted a full measure of liberty.

General Abuse of Army.

A sharp colloquy arose between Mr. McComas and Mr. Carmack, the former asserting that abuse of the army—officers and men—was to be found in every speech almost, on the Democratic side. Mr. Carmack insisted that not a single Democratic senator had abused the army. The question of veracity was handled backward and forward between the senators, but did not get beyond the parliamentary stage.

Mr. Dubois interrupted to say that not a Democratic senator had abused the army as much as Gen. Chaffee had in a dispatch from Manila, published today.

Mr. McComas said Gen. Chaffee had made his comment simply on the acts of one brave man when he was ill and scarcely responsible for what he did.

Mr. Foraker referred to the proclamation of President McKinley to the Filipinos and to the change made in it by Gen. Otis. Mr. Hoar interrupted to refer to the assurance of President McKinley to Andrew Carnegie that in 30 days resistance in the Philippines would cease. Gen. Otis knew the Filipinos would not submit and that the only way to keep the peace was to tell them they were to have their independence.

"So," said Mr. Hoar, "Gen. Otis suppressed it, but Gen. Miller, who notoriously did want an attack, produced it and Aguinaldo met it with an instant speedy defiance.

Mr. Foraker urged that the proclamation was not issued as a declaration of war.

The conference report on the fortifications appropriation bill was agreed to without debate.

News of the Postoffices.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 26.—The following rural free delivery routes have been ordered established July 1:

Pennsylvania—East Finley, Washington county, two adtional routes. The postoffices at Burdette, Eno and Wido are to be discontinued.

Ohio—Lowell, Washington county, one route.

The following postmasters were appointed today:

Pennsylvania—Garmans Mills, Cambria county, A. H. George.

Ohio—Smook, Hocking county, M. P. Engle.

Windward to Sail in July.

NEWBURGH, N. Y., May 26.—Arctic explorer Peary's vessel, the Windward, Capt. Bartlett, is receiving a new boiler and engine at the ship yard here. Capt. Bartlett expects to sail for Cape Sabine in July with Mrs. Peary aboard to meet the explorer.

REPORT IS AGAINST THE PANAMA CANAL

Isthmian Committee Adverse to the Proposition to Allow President to Select Route.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 26.—Senator Morgan, from the committee on isthmian canals, today submitted to the senate the adverse report of that committee on Senator Hoar's bill placing the selection of a route for an isthmian canal in the hands of the president.

The committee opposes the bill on the ground that it makes no provision for further exploration of routes and leaves the president to make a selection on the state of facts already ascertained.

The report discusses at length the protocols with Colombia, Nicaragua and Costa Rica, and it is stated incidentally that former Colombian Minister Silva was invited to appear before the committee, but declined to do so. Of the agreements with Costa Rica and Nicaragua it is said that "they are definite and complete as to the character and scope of the rights they have agreed to concede to the United States," and it is argued that if they are ratified nothing will be left to do but to complete the details of the arrangements to carry the agreements into effect. Colombia, on the other hand, is charged with playing for delay.

It is charged that Colombia does not, by her protocol, propose to sell us the Panama canal and railroad property free of all existing claims, concessions and incumberances, but leaves us to work out a title with the Panama company. The report adds:

"Colombia is anxious to get rid of the Panama Canal Company without giving offense to France, so that she can seize and possess all the plant of the canal company along with the Panama railroad, which reverts to her in 1966.

"If this convention should be adopted, not only would delay attend the opening of the canal but the United States will assume obligations to the world that it will be impossible to keep, and relations with Colombia that will deprive the canal of all value to the United States and will make it a cause of irritation that must involve the most serious consequences."

TWO BILLS PASSED.

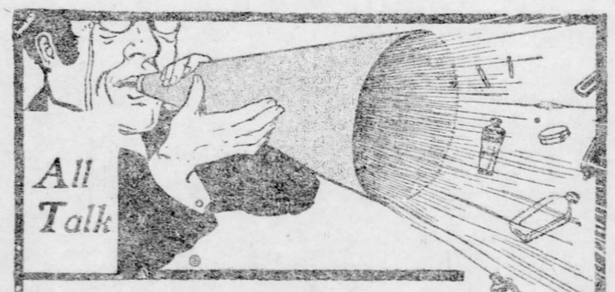
House Gets Rid of Agricultutal and Deficiency Appropriations.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 26.—The house of representatives devoted today to business connected with the District of Columbia and took a recess until 11 a. m., tomorrow, in order to complete the bill amending the district's code. The conference reports on the agricultural appropriation bill and the urgent deficiency bill were agreed to.

An agreement was reached that when the house adjourn next Thursday it be until the following Monday, in order to allow members to participate in the Decoration day exercises.

Negro Murderer Hanged.

COLUMBUS, MISS., May 26.—Perry Beckwith, colored, was hanged here today for the murder of Melinda Williams. His relatives refused to accept his body.



No cures to report, no long record of testing, nothing to give you confidence—but talk, all talk. That's the truth about nearly all cough medicines.

But there's a record of 60 years of cures back of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. And physicians endorse it, prescribe it for colds, bronchitis, and coughs of all kinds. Probably your own doctor does. Ask him. He knows all about it—has the formula.

"I know from personal experience that Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is the best medicine in the world for quickly breaking up a heavy cold that has settled on the lungs."—D. C. SNEDEKER, Pine Hill, N. Y.

75c. 50c., $1.00. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

H. C. M'CORMICK PASSES AWAY AT WILLIAMSPORT

Former Attorney General of Pennsylvania Expires at His Home.

WAS ILL BUT ONE WEEK

Death Was Caused by Brights' Disease and Blood Poisoning—He Was a Lawyer and Banker, and Served Two Terms in Congress.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

Williamsport, Pa., May 26.—The Hon. Henry Clay McCormick, former congressman from the Sixteenth Pennsylvania district and attorney general during the administration of Gov. Hastings, died at 2:10 o'clock this afternoon. The cause of death was acute Bright's disease complicated with blood poisoning. Mr. McCormick's illness was of less than a week's duration, as only last week he was at Senator J. Henry Cochran's country home in Virginia, and attended to business after his return.

Many messages of regret have been received by the family from all over the state. Immediately following the announcement of his death there was a general tolling of bells throughout the city. The funeral will take place on Thursday afternoon.

Mr. McCormick was appointed attorney general January 15, 1895, by Gov. Hastings and served throughout his term. He was born June 30, 1844, in Lycoming county and received his education in the public schools and at Dickinson seminary, Williamsport. He studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1866.

He served two terms as city solicitor of Williamsport and was twice elected to congress, serving from 1887 to 1891, declining a third nomination. He was one of the founders of the Lycoming National bank and served as a director until he withdrew from that institution and organized the banking house of Cochran, Payne & McCormick. He was president of the Williamsport and North Branch Railroad Company, from which he retired to accept to the appointment of attorney general. He was married in 1875 to Miss Ida Hayes of Erie, Pa.

HARRISBURG, PA., May 26.—Gov. Stone said tonight relative to the death of former Attorney General McCormick:

"I am very sorry to hear of Mr. McCormick's death. While I may have differed from him on some matters, I always regarded him as a good man, a lawyer of rare ability and a gentleman. He was too young to die, and just at a time when men like him are needed in this country."

P. & L. E. CLEVELAND EXCURSION.

$4.00—Round Trip—$4.00

Tickets Good on Lake Erie "Flyers."

The Pittsburgh & Lake Erie has arranged to sell low rate Cleveland excursion tickets, account Decoration day, for all trains on May 29 and 30. Purchase tickets in advance at Park building ticket office, No. 337 Fifth avenue.

Smuggled Sealskins Sold.

BOSTON, MASS., May 26.—A lot of Canadian sealskins seized by United States treasury agents while being smuggled into this country, were sold by auction at the Boston custom house today. The sale brought about $1,500.

McELVEEN'S

(McElveen Furniture Co.)

An Impressive Bookcase

There can be no doubt of the effect a collection of good books has upon the members of a household.

Nor is there any doubt of the stimulus afforded by handsome cases in which to keep the books.

Books necessarily become more attractive amid artistic surroundings, and if you wish to realize the pertinency of this remark see the Bookcase which we illustrate today. It is a rarely beautiful example of unconventional designing.

Made of quartered golden oak, leaded glass doors; case is 66 inches wide by 52 inches high.

Price $53

Weathered oak also at $53.
Solid mahogany at $62.

The furniture of this store is such as gladdens the heart of the booklover.

Such library outfits never fail to make a deep impression upon the cultured mind.

And as for prices, every one admits, upon comparison, that the best values are obtained at

McELVEEN'S

(McElveen Furniture Co.)
525-527-529 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

ALEX. ROSS PIANO CO.

PIANOS { FOR SALE, FOR RENT, TUNED AND REPAIRED.

714 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, NEAR EIGHTH STREET.

NEW HOMESTEAD

Has passed the Big Ad Stage. Lots are selling well—
Better Hurry up if you want your choice.
New Homestead is the Place where you have a good chance to stake a few dollars close to where the Big Concerns are staking millions—
The conditions are favorable for large and speedy increase in values—
Work has been commenced by U. S. Steel Corporation on new mills—
Great extension of the old mills and improvements that will cost several millions of dollars. The new Homestead Street Railway is running now. New Homestead lies between Pittsburgh and Homestead and is bound to build up fast—
Builders are wanted who will buy lots and build houses—
To supply the great demand—houses should sell as soon as finished.
Your opportunity is now—take advantage of it quickly.
A Five Cent fare on the Homestead cars—takes you from Pittsburgh or from Homestead to the end of the new Homestead Street Railway.

Get tickets which entitle you to free ride to New Homestead at our office, 311 Fourth Avenue, Pittsburgh.

Real Estate Trust Co.
OF PITTSBURGH.
311 Fourth Avenue.

Don't Fail to Read Next Sunday's Gazette

WEISSER'S

Wash Waist Sale

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY TREMENDOUS CUTS IN PRICES.

Weisser's sale of wash waists is just in time for Decoration Day. And those who buy at this sale will say it is the most timely event of the kind that ever occurred.

The wash waist season is just beginning and the majority of ladies have not yet made their purchases. But they will buy now. The time is ripe and Weisser's, as usual, provide the opportunity.

No need to dwell upon the importance of this sale, for customers know the value of the better class of wash waists. They can figure out the saving for themselves. They can demonstrate that the goods in many of these waists cost more than our price for the waists complete.

This store will be closed Friday (Decoration Day), therefore we are obliged to confine the sale to two days, Wednesday and Thursday. We can't sell any of the waists today at the price advertised because we have not finished marking them, and in justice to all our customers, we announce that no waist in this lot will be sold before tomorrow morning. So don't come today for a waist. Wait until tomorrow and then come early. You know that you are dealing with Weisser's, and that Weisser's always have the goods they advertise. Weisser's never disappoint.

White Lawn Waists

White Lawn Waists, elaborately trimmed with six rows embroided blind insertion, hemstitched edge, cluster tuck back; some with yoke insertion effects and fancy tucked collar; another lot tucked all over and made of fine white lawn; all very dainty and pretty, and anyone of them a good value at the regular price, $1.50. Weisser's Sale Price 90c

Dimity Waists

Waists in Striped and Dimity effects, black and white polka dot with tucked yoke effect; also colored ginghams in dainty styles, finished with white stock collar and tie; all of these waists sell regularly at $1.50 and are well worth the money, but Weisser's Sale Price Is..... 90c

White Lawn Dimity Waists

White Lawn Dimity Waists; also tissue ginghams; some made of the best Anderson ginghams; some with tucked yoke effects; some blouse; buttoned in the back; also embroidered polka dots, short sleeves, lace trimmed, fancy collar and lace trimmed tie; all very stylishly made of the best materials and none of them were ever sold anywhere before this sale for less than $2.25; Weisser's Sale Price Is..... $1.90

Pongee Waists

White and colored pongee waists; lace stripe effects, also polka dot figured and striped silk ginghams. This lot also includes all our high-class white waists, dotted Swisses, Persian Lawn, Madras and Pique Waists; button back or front with long or short sleeves. Every waist in this lot is a bargain, but some of the values are really remarkable. The regular prices on these waists were $2.50 and $3.00 and in some cases as high as $3.25. Weisser's Sale Price Is..... $1.90

Greatest 50-Cent Waists Ever Seen 50c

Last season's waists; we have about 300 that were left over. There are white, black and colored waists in the lot; in every way as desirable as any except that the styles are those of last season; none of them are worth less than $1.00, and many of them are worth as high as $2.00, but you can take your choice at Weisser's Sale Price of

WEISSER, LOW & CO. 435 and 437 MARKET ST. PITTSBURGH.

ELKIN FISHING FOR ALLEGHENY COUNTY VOTES

R. B. Scandrett Tried to Convert the Leaders of the Eighth District.

EDWARDS DIDN'T PROMISE

Tells Elkin Managers That the Allegheny Delegation Will Go to the Candidate Who Can Give the County Ticket the Greatest Assistance.

Richard B. Scandrett is hard at work to get all or part of the Allegheny county delegation for John P. Elkin. He devoted a better part of an hour yesterday in attempting to convert the organization leaders of the Eighth district, but failed.

Scandrett was closeted with Register Fred W. Edwards and John P. Hunter, the two men who are recognized as the organization leaders in the Eighth district. He painted in glowing colors the alleged success Elkin is having in his campaign for delegates. There was an endeavor to show that if Allegheny county wishes to be with the winner, now is the time to declare for the Stone candidate. Scandrett claimed that Elkin practically swept everything before him in the primaries of Saturday and that it would be but a short time until the necessary 180 votes to nominate would be secured.

Register Edwards says he told Scandrett just what he has told all others who inquired about the disposition of the delegates. This was his answer: "I am in favor of the delegates supporting the candidate who will be of the greatest assistance to the county ticket. Personally, I would be disposed to select an entirely new man as the candidate for governor. I do not believe that anything has been settled about the disposition of the delegates."

Stone Using Every Club.

Gov. Stone is using every club within his power to assist Elkin in getting delegates. He is making the fight of the attorney general his fight. State employes are being sent into all parts of the state to force or plead for assistance for the Stone machine.

Stone received a knockout in Center. He counted upon Secretary of Agriculture John Hamilton and some others on the state payroll from that county electing two delegates in the interest of Elkin. Hamilton has quit the contest. He saw that Col. Wilbur of Reeder, who is leading the Pennypacker forces, would no doubt win the fight, so he hunted cover. An agreement was got that the delegates would not be instructed. It is a safe wager, however, that Elkin will not get the county. Hamilton is also figuring on the safe side with the winner of the gubernatorial race. He wants to be continued as secretary of agriculture and thinks that if there is no fight for delegates his chances will be better. This view is not pleasing to Stone, but he is afraid to use his ax in the interest of Elkin.

State Deposits Figure.

There is much reason for believing that State Treasurer Harris is using his office in the interest of Elkin. Of course he would deny this, but there are some evidences that pressure is being brought to bear on the men who control state depositories.

The Elkin forces are claiming the delegates in a county where a day or two ago they were conceding that they had no hope of winning. Now they say that a prominent banker has come out for Elkin and that the delegation can be counted upon for the Stone candidate. This banker secures an extremely large deposit for his institution, and some people think that if the report is true a wire or two has been pulled.

Harris was asked a few days ago if he was using his power as treasurer in behalf of the Stone-Elkin candidacy. He, of course, denied that he had been threatening any of the men behind state depositories, but remarked that he wanted it understood that he was for Elkin and would help him in any way he could.

McClure Makes a Denial.

County Treasurer McClure and Deputy Register Mackrell were in Atlantic City Sunday. A Pittsburgh paper yesterday printed an interview with McClure in which he was made to say that Insurance Commissioner Durham had said to him that Allegheny county controlled the situation in the state fight. This is denied by McClure. He says that he had no conversation with Durham. Mackrell says the same thing. The impression given in the alleged interview is just the one the Stone-Elkin crowd is trying to give. It is the general belief that Elkin can be defeated without the assistance of the delegates from this county.

Select Councilman John Voskamp of the Eleventh ward yesterday announced that he would not be a candidate for assemblyman in the Third district on the organization ticket. With Adolph Edlis of the Seventh ward he was slated some time ago. Voskamp says he has decided to remain in councils. His vote there is needed by the machine to maintain control of the upper branch.

Voskamp says that L. B. Cook of the Sixth ward will take his place on the legislative slate. Cook is a lawyer who has been active for the organization in the Sixth ward. Edlis will remain on the slate. He is expected to poll the Hebrew vote for the organization ticket.

May Run McEldowney.

The Citizens party is considering running William McEldowney of the Thirteenth ward for congressman in the city district. The old organization had considered offering him the nomination, but it is said he would have declined. Some of his friends say that he is willing to go on the Citizens ticket. Maj. A. P. Burchfield is also being considered by the Citizens for the congressional nomination.

The organization has not yet found a candidate in the city congressional district. Senator W. A. Magee was being discussed yesterday, but it is not believed that he will become a candidate. Dr. W. J. Holland has written a letter in which he says he is not an aspirant for congressman. James F. Burke had not written any letter up to the hour of going to press.

Congressman W. H. Graham has selected John A. Brashear, acting chancellor of the Western university, to act as temporary chairman of the convention that will nominate him for congress.

Col. James M. Guffey, who is spoken of for chairman of the Democratic national committee, makes this statement: "The national chairman for the next campaign will not be chosen until 1904. It is a matter for the future."

The East End Republican club will give a stag social at its rooms, No. 62 Frankstown avenue, Thursday evening.

Take Your Family

To Moss Side park on steamer Terrance, at 10 a. m., Decoration day.

Woodland Beach Park.
Decoration Day.
P. & L. E. R. R.
$1.75—Round Trip—$1.75.

Special train leaves Pittsburgh 8:15 a. m., city time, returning leaves Ashtabula Harbor 5 p. m., central time.

CHAFFEURS MUST CURB THEIR SPEED

LAWS WILL SOON REGULATE THE WHIRR OF AUTOMOBILE.

Director Leslie of the Department of Public Safety Will Introduce an Ordinance at the Next Session of Councils for This Purpose.

At the next meeting of councils Director A. H. Leslie of the department of public safety, will introduce an ordinance regulating the speed of automobiles within the city limits to 10 miles an hour.

It will provide for an examining board to examine owners on their capability of handling a machine, and the "autos" will all be licensed and taxed. The trouble experienced last week by a member of the Schenley park police force with H. C. Frick and his imported French automobile is responsible for the new automobile ordinance being drawn up.

Director Leslie proposes to have the ordinance drawn up after similar ones now in effect in Washington, New York and Chicago and yesterday he telegraphed the police departments of these cities asking for information.

From New York the reply was received that the present speed limit of automobiles is eight miles an hour. In Washington, on intersecting streets covered with street car tracks, the speed limit is six miles an hour, while on streets with no car lines the speed is restricted to 12 miles an hour.

Speed Limit Here Is Ten Miles.

The maximum speed limit in Pittsburgh streets and parks will be 10 miles an hour. This is in keeping with the other speed ordinances regulating the traveling of bicycles and street cars. In Pittsburgh there is no special speed limit for horses hitched to vehicles, except that the drivers are required to keep their horses from galloping in the streets.

For the past three years owners of horseless carriages in the city have been allowed to drive their machines at their own speed. Not an arrest has been made of an automobile owner or chaffeur, and but very few accidents have been reported as due to the speed made.

The restriction to be placed on automobilists in Pittsburgh may lead to the establishment of an automobile race course, which, it is understood, has been contemplated.

The proposed new automobile speed board will probably be selected by councils. Just how many members will constitute the board is a matter councils will also decide. Licenses will be granted to all who are found thoroughly able to handle the machines properly.

Move Long Contemplated.

In speaking of his proposed new ordinance Director Leslie said yesterday: "I have contemplated this move for some time and have been working on the new ordinance, but did not have it in shape to present to councils at their meeting today. The speed limit of 10 miles an hour is very fair. That is the same rate of speed allowed for bicycles and street cars and the drivers of the horseless carriages should be able to keep their speed in this limit.

"It appears that the principal object of an automobile owner in Pittsburgh is to speed his machine to the limit. The owners find a great deal of pleasure in this and seem to be bent on establishing new records for their machines. In the streets and parks the high rates of speed obtained formerly by automobile experts are very dangerous and this is the principal reason I have taken up the new ordinance.

"The fast driving of the machines frightens horses and would undoubtedly lead to many serious accidents in Pittsburgh if it is allowed to be continued. There is danger also of seriously injuring pedestrians and the high speed practiced in Pittsburgh must be stopped."

ARE UNINSTRUCTED.

Effort to Indorse Elkin Withheld From Fayette County Convention.

UNIONTOWN, PA., May 26.—(Special.) All the nominations at today's convention to canvass Saturday's Republican primary were made on first ballot. The ticket follows: Congress, Allen F. Cooper; senate, William E. Crow; assembly, Andrew A. Thompson, Louis F. Arensburg and Richard Davis; register and recorder, Logan Rush; prothonotary, Peter Sheppard; treasurer, Rich A. McClean; commissioners, Alvin J. Stentz and Martin E. Townsend; poor director, Albert E. Meser.

A resolution had been prepared instructing the five state delegates for John P. Elkin for governor, but it was not reported. The delegates were not instructed.

Excursion to Conneaut Lake Decoration Day.

Special train from P. & W. station Allegheny, 8 a. m., city time, round trip $1.50.

MEET NEXT IN CHICAGO.

American Federation of Zionists Reopens Question of Sub-Charters.

BOSTON, May 26.—The American Federation of Zionites today voted to reopen the question of sub-charters, which a resolution of yesterday made obligatory on the societies. It is understood that both religious and benevolent Zionist societies henceforth will be excluded from the provision making sub-charters obligatory.

It was decided to hold the next convention in Chicago.

The next matter taken up was the Jewish National fund. It was reported that between $150,000 and $200,000 worth of shares in the Jewish colonial trust have been taken in America.

Lawyer Semple Found Not Guilty.

PHILADELPHIA, May 26.—John L. Semple, the Camden lawyer charged with complicity in aiding Baldwin S. Bredell and Arthur Taylor in the manufacture of $20 counterfeit silver certificates while the two latter were in prison awaiting trial for counterfeiting, was found not guilty today.

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN.

A Sale That Is Attracting Widespread Attention.

One of the events of the season, and one in which women will be specially interested, is a sale at the well-known Drug House of Jos. Fleming & Son, 410 and 412 Market Street, of High-Class Fountain Syringes at a fraction of their regular price. When you can buy a 2-quart for 25c, a 3-quart for 35c and a 4-quart for 50c, all complete with pipes and five feet of tubing, you can rest assured such bargains will not go begging. By mail costs 12 cents extra.

Some hats are becoming to all faces; all hats are becoming to some faces, but all hats are not becoming to all faces.
Bring your faces in here, where they will get a fair show.

Porto Rico, Panama, Manila, } $8.90 to $3.50

Light Color Fedora.

JACKSONS

954 and 956 Liberty Street.

A RED NOSE CURED AT YOUR HOME

I can positively cure red nose, red face and blotchy, pimply, ugly skin, no matter what the cause. Consultation in person or by letter is free and strictly confidential.
JOHN H. WOODBURY, Dermatologist, 26 W. 23d St., New York.

JOSEPH HORNE CO.

Weather—Fair. Tuesday, May 27, 1902.

Specially of Things Needed for Decoration Day.

The Flowers and the Palms will be ready tomorrow, Sixth Floor.

The Flags, Big and Little, Silk and Bunting, are now on the First Floor.

Don't put off the matter of requisites for personal dress until the last moment. If you are going on an outing there are ever so many things that you will need, and they might just as well be bought today or tomorrow as to leave it off until Thursday.

Rush buying is all right if it cannot be helped—but is to be avoided when there is plenty of time. Besides there is ever so much more satisfaction in comfortable and leisurely selection.

Some paragraphic reminders of feminine and masculine requisites for the day.

Reduced Prices on All Trimmed Hats and Toques.

That's first rate news—for those who like refined millinery—Hats and Toques that have no look of garishness, but are lovely in their simplicity. The finest effects in any thing of dress are always the simplest.

On separate tables in the third floor Millinery department, between this and Thursday evening, we will sell Hats and Toques that were $5.00 for $3.50—that were $7.50 for $5.00—that were $10.00 for $7.50—that were $15.00 for $10.00—that were $18.00 for $12. The collection consists of new and fresh models left from our Summer opening of last week.

Another reduction that will be equally appreciated is that on prices of nobby street Hats—the very sensible plain kind, suitable to wear every day with shirtwaists and walking skirts. $2.25 Hats reduced to $1.50—$3.50 Hats to $2—$5 Hats to $2.50—$10 Hats to $5.

For the ultra fashionable Hat and Toque we shall ask you to accompany us to the French room, where late arrivals of French models are on view—selling for $15, $18, $20 and $25.

Untrimmed Hats at half price, taking in every new Summer shape and every wearable color. 50c instead of $1.

And the Artificial Flowers with which to trim them—here in the greatest botanical variety for half prices. Paris-made Flowers, where they know how to get closer to Nature than anywhere else. Big bunches that sold for 25c now 10c—50c bunches 25c—and $1 bunches 50c.

Alko Odorless Dress Shields.

We are demonstrating to women what really good shields the Alko are. They are made of lacquered cloth, and being strictly waterproof, they can be washed. Most desirable shields we know of to wear with shirtwaists.

No. 1, 18c a pair; 2, 20c; 3, 22c; 4, 25c; 5, 28c; 6, 30c; 7, 35c. These are covered with nainsook.

No. 2, 30c a pair; 3, 35c; 4, 40c; 5, 45c. These are covered with silk.

Summer Requisites—Toilet Preparations.

Riker—get that name by heart—for Riker's preparations are among the best that science knows how to concoct.

We have the sole agency for this city—which also means Allegheny.

Riker's Violet Cerate is the very thing to have along at the seashore or out in the country, for there is nothing like it for the treatment of sunburn, redness, roughness, freckles and tan. It is finely scented. Sold in porcelain jars for 50c.

Riker's little book—*A Beauty Builder*—is full of practical ideas. You can get it by asking any of our people at the Perfumery counter.

Here are some other things at that counter you might be interested in:

Air Cushions, designed particularly for invalid's use, but some find them very handy while on a fishing tour—$1.50, $1.75, $2.

Piver's Extract Rosiris, a regular $1.25 bottle of Perfume for 75c.

Bulk Perfumes, 25c an ounce. Choose from such odors as wood violet, white lilac, white rose, bouquet and jockey club.

Talcum Powder, specialy borated and antiseptic—violet odor, in glass jars, 15c.

Kodaks.

Lots of fun with a Kodak, even for the most amateurish amateur. We have all the Eastman makes—they're the best.

The little No. 1 Brownie, only 80c—takes a picture 2½x2½.

The No. 2 Brownie—$1.60—takes a picture 2¼x3¼.

The Flexo takes a picture 3½x3½, and sells for $4.

From the foregoing there are Kodaks for various prices up to $75.

We have Films for all size Kodaks. Can load camera in daylight just as well as if the plate had gone through the dark room.

Also have all the toning papers and developing-out papers.

Real Shell Hair Pins, 10c.

You'll have to read that again to believe it. But this is how it comes:

They are all that is left of a pretty big assortment, and we want rid of them.

So we say 10c each—even if they did sell for 15c and up to 50c.

Wool Knock-About Suits for Women.

They sold for $22 and up to $32—but we have reduced the prices to $15, $20 and $25.

Several styles—Eton, Blouse and Fly-Front Jackets—skirts with cut flounce, flare bottom or gored.

The materials employed are men's wear tweeds, cheviots, mixtures, etc.

A Trio of New Waists.

White Linen Tailored Waists, $4.50: Pure linen—pure white—finished with stitching in colors. Sleeves with turn-back cuffs. Specially admirable for the outing trip.

New Shirtwaists, $1.50: Batiste in pretty white and black effects—white ground with broken stripe and small design. A feature is that the color is woven in, not printed. Broad shoulder effect, stock with embroidered turn-over, double-button cuffs.

China Silk Waists, $5: Several new ideas in tropical weight Silk Waists—and the material is all silk. Prettily trimmed with lace insertions in original designs. Black or white in all sizes.

Hammocks.

Finest collection of Hammocks we ever gathered. Decide about what you want to pay, and it's altogether likely you'll find something to suit you for much less than you had thought at first to give.

There's a string of prices beginning at 50c, and running up by the easiest little steps to $5.50.

If you are bent on a certain combination of colors, it is sure to meet you in the big Hammock section of the fourth floor.

Go-Carts.

Baby Carriages, too, if you insist. But take ten mothers and stand them up in a row, and eight of the ten will say "Go-Cart" quicker than it could be taken down in shorthand.

Reclining Carts are undeniably a great advantage. For the very young baby, don't take any other kind. For a year-and-a-half and two-year-old children, it is not of so much importance.

Go-Carts from $5 easily along to $33.

PENN AND FIFTH.

KAUFMANN'S
THE BIG STORE
31ST ANNIVERSARY SALE

Thousand of shrewd shoppers have waited for this occasion to do their purchasing. And well will they find themselves rewarded, because our Anniversary Sale inducements are, without doubt, the best ever offered. Read these money-saving items, then come in and find not only these but hundreds of others, equally good. It will pay people living at a distance to make a special trip to Pittsburgh to take advantage of this Anniversary Sale. They will save their traveling expenses ten times over.

Suit, Waist & Skirt Buyers Fare Especially Well

During This Anniversary Sale, as We Have Lately Made Some Exceedingly Advantageous Purchases.

Foulard Silk Dresses—
Perfect duplicates of exquisite imported costumes—elaborately trimmed with chiffon and velvet ribbon—waist with beautiful lace inserting—newest flounce skirt—regular price $25—Anniversary Sale Price..... $14.85

$2 Separate Skirts—
Women's Rainy Day or Walking Skirts—made of medium weight hairline stripe materials—in blue or black—nicely stitched around the bottom—regular price $2.00—Anniversary Sale Price..... 65c

$3.50 Separate Skirts—
Women's fine tailor-made Dress or Walking Skirts—in black or colors—trimmed or plain with flounce effect—artistically stitched—regular price $3.50—Anniversary Sale Price..... $1.19

White Lawn Waists—
Women's popular White Lawn Waists—also pretty colored Chambray Waists—plain, tucked or trimmed with dainty lace or embroidery inserting—also plain Gibson effects—worth $1.50 and $1.75—Anniversary Sale Price..... 98c

Silk Gingham Waists—
Women's splendid Silk Gingham Waists—in Military, Gibson or Regular Shirt Waist effect—polka dots or small figures in swell colorings, such as grey, blue, oxblood, white, etc.—worth $3.50—Anniversary Sale Price... $1.85

Fancy Silk Waists—
Women's beautiful Silk Waists—in light or dark colorings, including black—plain, or splendidly trimmed with delicate lace or embroidery—some slightly soiled—worth $5.00, $6.50 and $7.50—Anniversary Sale Price..... $2.50

Women's Summer Dresses
Women's elegant Summer Dresses—nicely made of plain or colored Lawn—in blue, black, white and other colors—stylishly trimmed with velvet or silk ribbon—buttoned in front or back—ruffled flounce on skirt—worth $8—Anniversary Sale Price..... $3.98

Shirt Waist Dresses—
Stylish garments for Women—in newest Gibson waist and flounce skirt styles—made of fine Chambray or Lawn—in polka dots or plain colors, such as oxblood, blue, pink or new gray—worth $5.00—Anniversary Sale Price..... $2.98

Shirt Waist Dresses—
Women's nice Wash Shirt Waist Dresses—made of blue, pink or gray Chambray—newest flounced skirt—all sizes—worth $2.50—Anniversary Sale Price. $1.00

$10 to $15 Silk Jackets—
Women's handsome Silk Jackets—in latest and swellest Blouse, Fly Front or Eton Jacket styles—made of superior Taffeta or Moire Silk—also extra fine Broadcloth, Cheviot or Covert Cloth—beautifully trimmed with Lace Collar or straps—worth $10 to $15—Anniversary Sale Price..... $6.98

Girls' Outing Suit
Made of splendid All-Wool Cheviot or Homespun—in newest Sailor Blouse styles—also Tailor-Made Jacket effect—plain or embroidered—worth $5 to $7.50—Anniversary Sale Price..... $2.98

Girls' $1.50 to $2.00 Dresses
Girls' Sailor Blouse or fancy Wash Dresses—made of dainty Ginghams or Chambrays—in all colors, such as Blue, Oxbloods, Pink, White, etc.—nicely trimmed—worth $1.50 to $2—Anniversary Sale Price..... 98c

$5.00 For choice from Women's $8.50 and $10 Tailor-Made Suits—Broadcloths, Homespuns or Cheviot—in the latest Eton, Blouse or Regular Jacket effect—new flounced skirt.

$6.98 For choice from Women's $12, $14 and $15 Silk Lined Dress Skirts—beautifully made of fine Broadcloth, Etamine, Taffeta or Moire Silk—in the latest and swellest effects—some with Taffeta Silk Drop Skirts—others with Percaline Lining.

$9.85 For choice from Women's $18 and $20 Silk Lined Tailor-Made Suits—elegantly made of excellent Etamine and other superior materials—in stylish Eton or Blouse effects—all with Taffeta Silk Drop Skirts.

In Order to Crowd the Boys' Dep't

During Anniversary Week we shall offer truly wonderful inducements, such as the following, for instance:

Boys' $3 and $4 Suits— Odds and Ends of Boys' All-Wool neat Striped Flannel Double-Breasted Suits—also blue or fancy Cheviot Double-Breasted, Norfolk and Sailor Suits—worth $3 and $4—Anniversary Price..... $1.65

Boys' $5 and $6 Suits— Boys' Fine Blue Serge or Nobby Flannel Single-Breasted Suits, with Bells—also stylish Russian Norfolk, Sailor, 3-Piece and Norfolk Suits—worth $5 and $6—Anniversary Price..... $2.65

Boys' All-Wool Pants— Boys' All-Wool Knee Pants—in Blue or Fancy Cheviot, with double cloth seat and knees—also Blue Serge Pants—sizes 8 to 16—the regular 75c Pants—Anniversary Price..... 38c

Boys' 35c Wash Pants— 250 dozen of Boys' Fast Color Single Wash Pants—in Crash, White Duck and Striped Galatea—really worth 25c and 35c—Anniversary Sale Price..... 15c

Young Men's $8 Suits— Young Men's neat striped Flannel Suits—in green or grey stripe effects—peg collar—military cut coat—sizes 14 to 20—the regular $8 Suits—Anniversary Sale Price..... $3.95

Young Men's $10 Suits— Young Men's splendid All-Worsted Blue Serge or nobbiest Basket Weave Blue or Black Dress Suits—well lined and tailored—fully worth $10—Anniversary Sale Price only..... $4.75

Boys' Wash Suits— Odds and Ends of Boys' excellent Wash Suits—mostly in Sailor, Russian Blouse and Kilt styles—all colors, including white—the regular $1.50 and $2 Suits—go in this sale at only..... 95c

Boys' Wash Sailor Suits— Odds and Ends of Boys' Fly Front Wash Sailor Suits—made of Fast Color Galateas—neatly braided collar—actually worth 75c—Anniversary Price..... 25c

Weber-Erickson-Bunting Co.
STEEL STAMPS BRASS CHECKS
RUBBER STAMPS
STENCILS.
BANNERS BADGES LODGE
UNIFORMS SUPPLIES
254-5th Ave. PITTSBURG, PA.

The world's best writers contribute to the columns of the Sunday Gazette.

OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY.

(No. 391.)

AN ORDINANCE — Authorizing the erection of an engine house and patrol stable on the property of the City of Allegheny on Preble avenue, in the Ninth ward, directing advertisements for proposals for the same and authorizing the execution of the contract therefor.

Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the erection of an engine house and patrol stable on the property owned by the city on Preble avenue, in the Ninth ward, in conformity with the plans and specifications therefor prepared by R. M. Trimble, architect, and on file in the office of the director of the department of public safety, be and the same is hereby authorized.

Section 2—The city controller is hereby directed to advertise for proposals for the same and the city recorder and the director of the department of public safety are authorized to award the contract therefor in accordance with the act of Assembly in such cases made and provided.

Section 3—The same to be paid out of the proceeds from the sale of public safety bonds.

Section 4—That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 14th day of May, A. D. 1902.
GEO. W. SNAMAN,
President of Select Council Pro. Tem.
Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
JOHN R. HENRICKS,
President of Common Council Pro. Tem.
Attest:
ROBERT DILWORTH, City Clerk.
City Recorder's Office, Allegheny, Pa., May 15, A. D. 1902. The above ordinance examined and approved.
J. R. MURPHY,
City Recorder.

OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY.

(No. 405.)

AN ORDINANCE—Fixing salaries of the foremen of the bureau of highways and sewers, department of public works.

Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That from and after June 1, 1902, the salaries of the foremen of the bureau of highways and sewers, department of public works, are hereby fixed at fifteen hundred ($1,500.00) dollars per annum, each, payable monthly. Said salaries to be paid out of appropriation No. 11, bureau of highways and sewers, department of public works.

Section 2—That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 15th day of May, A. D. 1902.
GEO. W. SNAMAN,
President of Select Council Pro. Tem.
Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
JOHN M. GOEHRING,
President of Common Council.
Attest:
ROBERT DILWORTH, City Clerk.
City Recorder's Office, Allegheny, Pa., May 21, A. D. 1902. The above ordinance examined and approved.
J. R. MURPHY,
City Recorder.

(No. 406.)

AN ORDINANCE—Fixing wages of pipe line foremen of the bureau of water, department of public works.

Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That from and after June 1, 1902, the wages of the pipe line foremen of the bureau of water, department of public works, are hereby fixed at three ($3.00) dollars per day, each, payable monthly. Said wages to be paid out of appropriation No. 12, bureau of water, department of public works.

Section 2—That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 15th day of May, A. D. 1902.
GEO. W. SNAMAN,
President of Select Council Pro. Tem.
Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
JOHN M. GOEHRING,
President of Common Council.
Attest:
ROBERT DILWORTH, City Clerk.
City Recorder's Office, Allegheny, Pa., May 21, A. D. 1902. The above ordinance examined and approved.
J. R. MURPHY,
City Recorder.

OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY.

(No. 397.)

AN ORDINANCE—Fixing the salary of the assistant superintendent of the bureau of police, department of public safety.

Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That from and after June 1, 1902, the salary of the assistant superintendent in the bureau of police be and the same is hereby fixed at eighteen hundred ($1,800.00) dollars per annum, payable monthly out of appropriation No. 6, bureau of police, department of public safety.

Section 2—That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 15th day of May, A. D. 1902.
GEO. W. SNAMAN,
President of Select Council Pro. Tem.
Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
JOHN M. GOEHRING,
President of Common Council.
Attest:
ROBERT DILWORTH, City Clerk.
City Recorder's Office, Allegheny, Pa., May 21, A. D. 1902. The above ordinance examined and approved.
J. R. MURPHY,
City Recorder.

SPECIAL MARTINIQUE EDITION

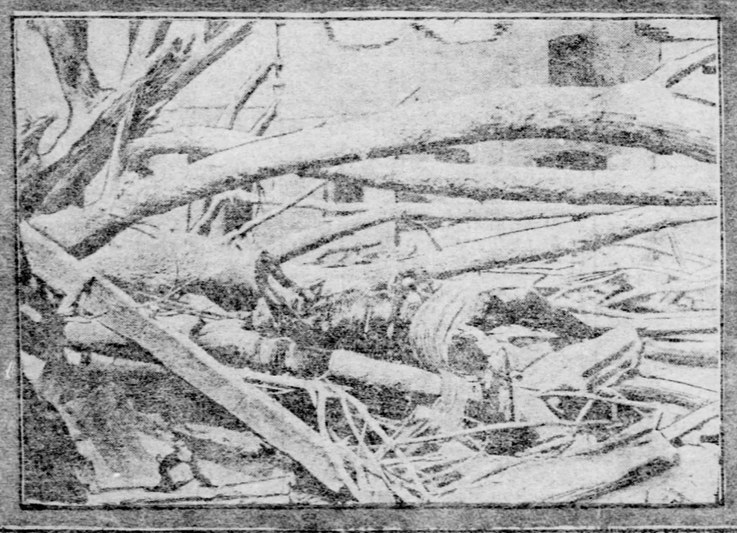
The Pittsburgh Gazette.

SPECIAL MARTINIQUE EDITION

PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 27, 1902.

DESTRUCTION OF ST. PIERRE

A SCENE OF DESOLATION WORSE THAN ANCIENT POMPEII



BODY IN OVERTURNED TREE
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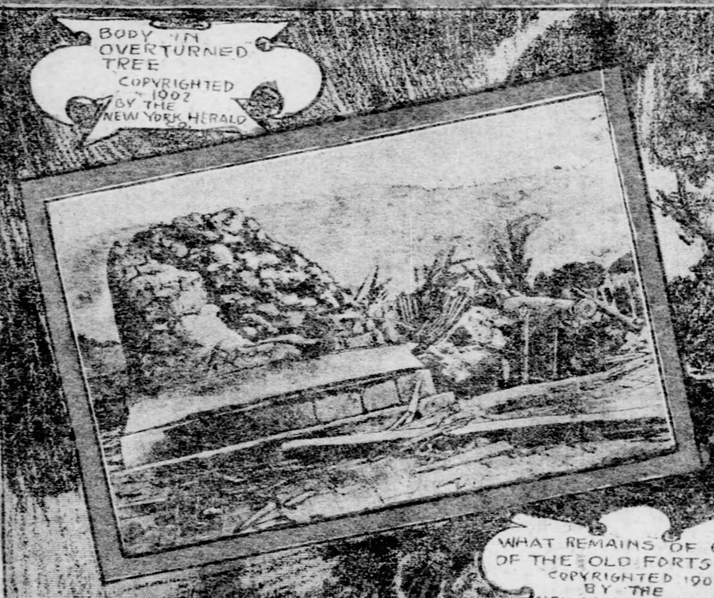

WHAT REMAINS OF ONE OF THE OLD FORTS
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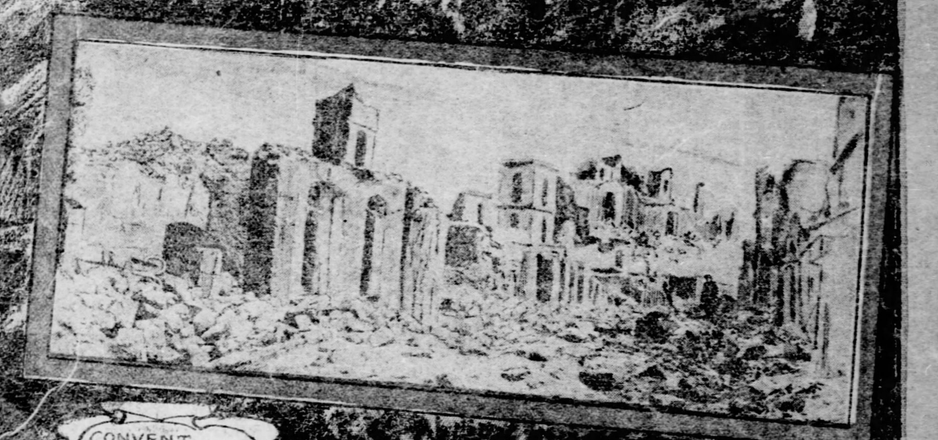

CONVENT
126 GIRLS LOST
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SAN FRANCISCO STREET
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WATER FRONT
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VICTOR HUGO ST. MAIN THOROUGHFARE
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PELEE'S WRATH FROM ITS START TO ITS CLIMAX

(Copyright, 1902, by New York Herald Co.)

St. Pierre, Martinique, May 20.—Via New York Herald and Pittsburgh Gazette Dispatch Boat Luckenbach to San Juan, Porto Rico, May 21.—It is not so very long ago since I visited this poor St. Pierre—this now city of the dead. It had, I am told, undergone but few changes until the coming of that frightful day which changed it so utterly.

To say that St. Pierre was the most picturesque of West Indian cities is to say too much; to say merely that it was a pretty place is to say too little. Where now is all desolation, a chaos of ruined walls, blackened stumps of trees and sickening stench, there basked in summer sunshine a little city splashed throughout with vivid colored red-tiled roofs cutting sharp lines on walls of creamy white, of yellow and orange and birdseye blue, mingled with the green of tropic verdure. Built on a long undulation which sloped to the sea, where it clustered in a riot of color near the shore, its suburban spots could be picked out here and there along the flanking spurs and foothills which roll from Pelee's base, that great volcanic bulk whose crest is ever shrouded in a veil of clouds.

The Last Bright Day
In Gay City of St. Pierre.

Over the doomed city the morning of May 1 broke in splendor, skies bright and blue and foliage washed to a fresher green by a hard rain which had swept the island the preceding night. But it was the last fair day that St. Pierre was to know. His light-hearted folk had hardly awoke to that jocund morn before long-slumbering Pelee gave signs of its self-awakening from its half century of sleep.

The market place, the first section of the city to show life when a West Indian town awakes, was filling with venders and purchasers when the first mutter of the sleeping giant was heard—a deep-toned, jarring growl, which instantly blanched the faces of all who heard, for those bred in the shadow of the volcano had long since learned to dread its wrath, and, growing up, these in turn had taught other generations of the malevolence of that giant bulk. Startled eyes were turned to the gloomy mountain and were reassured to see it still quiet, so far as vision went; for its top was hidden in a white mist, and there was no sign of boiling lava and no fall of hurtling rocks.

Those who by chance were in the city that morning, and who, by far luckier hazard, were out of it before its fall, tell of how shortlived the first fright was and how quickly the mercurial population regained its spirits. Some there were who looked grave when ashes white and fine as powdered magnesia began to sift from out the great cloud which hung over Pelee's crest, but it seems that none thought to connect these myriads of particles with the deep, muffled rumble which had just been heard; none to trace the one to the other—the effect to the cause.

No Fear of Danger When
The Distant Rumblings Ceased.

Their minds were not grooved to such analysis; they were too simple, too West Indian for that. Sufficient that the rumble had gone.

St. Pierre was gay that night of May 1. The municipal band gave music in the plaza, as was its wont on Thursday evenings. This band night was the one occasion when youths and maids might mingle in public, and the young gallants and mademoiselles promenading around the square under the watchful eyes of fathers and mothers and duennas, talked lightly of Pelee and that whitening fall. Up near Morne Rouge, abode of St. Pierre's well-to-do, there was a lawn party that evening, which carried its gaiety far into the night—zitkas tinkling in the tropic air and mantilla-draped girls dancing in the moonlight to the click of castanets.

Friday, day of evil omen, dawned over St. Pierre. It was made somber by a thunderstorm, which brooded over the mountains, and from whose dark clouds came, intermittent, ashes of lightning. The nervous started at every thunder clap and anxiously asked one another if that was not Mont Pelee, while others sought to trace the blinding flashes to their source to see if they were really the mere play of lightning or volcanic blazes from the time-worn crater, which many believed, and all hoped, was long ago extinct. Then a heavy mist settled over the city and its surroundings and under its depressing influence the day wore itself to a close.

Mighty Column of Smoke
Appears on Mont Pelee.

Saturday, May 3.—Just five little days in obliteration to death, utterly, wholesale, sudden and tragic. And yet St. Pierre went forth that day to carnival doings, a local celebration in honor of something or somebody. Facts are meager as to the life of that day and of the ones that followed, for it must be remembered that none survived the horror that was so soon to come; but there were some who had spent days in the city just previous to the tragedy—some who had left it only a scant half hour before the end. Griev-

HAVOC WROUGHT ON ST. VINCENT BY SOUFRIERE

THE STORY OF THE CATACLYSM AS RELATED BY EYE-WITNESSES

ing for their own lost dead, and with nerves unstrung by the narrowness of their own escape, it may be that their overwrought minds are coining visions now; but these tell earnestly of a column of smoke which arose, black as a pall, from Pelee's white shroud to rear its billows of crape into the form of a great up-ended coffin. However that may be, there is evidence that all of the festival gaiety went when showers of pebbles began to rattle over the city, with now and then a shower of sand, whose grains were hot to the touch despite their long flight through the air.

St. Pierre, it is now said, was in a more sober humor that evening than it had been within the memory of those who tell, disjointedly, the tale of the days that ushered in its doom. And when, on the next morning—Sunday, that was—another growling note was heard from Pelee and a small river of hot black mud, touched here and there with red, was seen to come sneaking down from out the mists screening Pelee's summit to cascade over a 100-foot precipice, and then to follow the line of least resistance until it swirled about the Guerin factory, setting that building ablaze and destroying many lives, then apprehension grew into fear and might soon have lapsed into a panic, which, doubtless, would have saved through flight the lives of thousands that were so soon to be sacrificed.

Government Lulls People To Their Awful Doom.

It was at this crisis that the hand of the government appeared. To Fort de France, the seat of local authority, had come reports of the uneasy feelings of those dwelling in St. Pierre, Martinique's commercial center. It is thought that Gov. Mouttet honestly believed there was no cause for alarm and that a panic in St. Pierre would work disaster in many ways, interrupting commerce and injuring the whole island as well as the threatened city. He, if none other, realized that an exodus from the place would be a tacit acknowledgment of the danger that lurked in the volcano, which all in Martinique would have the world believe was long ago extinct and never to be restored to the list of the still active, nor yet classed with those that are dormant. So it came about that the governor saw fit to exercise moral restraint, it not being within his province nor within that of any other man to use physical force in a matter of this kind.

In St. Pierre there were some government employes, among them graybeards who had spent years in volcanic regions and knew something of the preliminary warnings which come from these hills. When the lava-like stream came pouring down from Pelee these at once made hurried applications for leaves of absence. The governor sought to make an example of the youngest, and, in a communication to him, denied the application for furlough and said, moreover, that if the applicant quitted his post at the time his position would be taken from him. This man—unfortunately, names are hard to obtain just now from Martinique's historical population—promptly decided that his life was worth more than his place and, packing up his belongings, went with his family to some point inland, just where no one knows.

Captain of Italian Ship Sounds Warning Note.

It seems that the others were not so hardy, or were more so, according to one's way of looking at it. At all events, when the governor's dictum was known all the government employes decided to remain, and as fear loves company no less than misery does, these affected to make light of the danger so as to better induce the others to remain.

Out in the bay was anchored an Italian vessel, a craft which had come in a few days before, and which was to have awaited there instructions from her Genoese owners. After the rain of pebbles and sand, and the stream of mud, the captain went to his consul and notified him of his intention of immediately putting to sea.

"I know nothing of Pelee," the master said to the consul, "but I have lived in Naples and I know Vesuvius."

"That man," reflected the consul, after the mariner had made a hurried exit from the consulate, "apparently knows about volcanoes."

And within the hour the consul and his family were hastening to a place of safety.

Monday, May 5.—Less than 80 hours, and the 30,000 lives of St. Pierre are to be blotted out as quickly as one snuffs a candle. Fear is rife among the populace the morning of this day, and an unwonted silence pervades the city—the hush that precedes great tragedies. Macaws and parrots squak discordantly from cages, fountains tinkle merrily, seas and skies are blue; but pervading all is an air of expectancy, of dread. Few have yet left the city, but it would take little now to turn every street into a struggling stream of humanity, fleeing panic-stricken from the vicinity of that awful volcano. From tales I have heard one can easily conceive of what a trampling rush might have followed some tocsin alarm—such a mad rush for safety as theater crowds are wont to make when the cry of "fire" is heard.

Wholesale Loss of Life Due to Scientists' Blunder.

But there was none in Martinique to give needed warning—not even Pelee. All that day, and the next, and the next, the volcano smoked, and at intervals emitted clouds of ashes—finely pulverized pumice, the chemists say the ashes are composed of—but the wind sent the smoke and ashes away from the city, and while the rolling clouds were seen from far-off points, and while the ashes fell on the ships half a hundred miles away, none in St. Pierre seems to have known that the mountain was even then pouring forth smoke and ashes.

What the residents did know was that a commission of geologists had been appointed by the governor to survey Pelee and to report upon it—to say whether there was danger there or not. Then, too, the governor himself was coming, and, moreover, his family was coming with him. Could there possibly be any danger where so eminent and important personages as these were? Also a company of soldiers from Fort de France were coming, and while the St. Pierreans were talking of their arrival the company appeared. It seems singular that the presence of this small band of soldiers should have inspired a misplaced confidence; but so it was, though none seems to have asked what good the soldiers could have done, or even the mightiest army have effected against volcanic Pelee.

The governor came, and with him his family, arriving from Fort de France on the little steamboat Topez. There was something more than the usual ovation—something more than the usual crowd gathered in the streets through which his cortege passed. With the governor came the geologists, the wise men, who were to sit in judgment and to fatuously misjudge. They pondered long and gave fatal assurance that all was well.

The Giddy Populace Was Soon Back to Pleasure.

The people read the assurance which the papers printed, drew a long breath of relief and then turned their attention to lighter things, to affairs of business and pleasure and all that goes to make up the indolent, happy life of the pleasure-loving natives of this isle. And that night, the night of May 7—the wise men hastened back to Fort de France.

The governor and his family were to have followed the next day, the French cruiser Suchet having been directed to leave her anchorage at Fort de France at 7 o'clock on Thursday morning to bring home the governor and his party. That plan, if carried out, would have brought the cruiser to her doom, and her crew will never cease to thank their saints and bless something in the engine room, as the vessel was about getting under way, when an accident delayed her departure and probably saved the lives of all on board.

Wednesday night—eve of horror. There are none left alive to tell what the city was like that night, but just around a little promontory at its southern edge nestles the little village of Carbet, a pretty town of some 600 or 700 people, and none of whom was hurt, the town having been screened by a high ridge which lay between it and St. Pierre and runs sheer to the sea. The northern wall is precipitous and built close up to it was the southern section of St. Pierre, a thickly-populated district whose houses left barely enough room for streets, the buildings huddling close to the steep and wooded acclivity as if seeking to escape from that crowded quarter and to consort with village neighbors on the other side of the ridge.

The intervening distance was short.

Refuge Was Ignored, Though Near at Hand

By the broad, finely-graded, bridged and tunneled highway which connected city with village one would judge that a brisk walk would be amply sufficient to reach the one or the other, but none sought safety by road—at least, none escaped by it. The heart-breaking pity of it all is that safety was so near—at the end of one's fingers almost; for just over the ridge the grass and palms are as green as any in the tropics today, while up to the very crest of the northern slope are the ineffaceable marks of ruin and disaster. It was as if some sea of flame had brimmed to the very crest of the ridge to suck back again before overflowing on the other side.

So it is to the village folks of Carbet that one must turn now for the last account in this horrible tragedy. Night fell, the villagers say, with an unnatural, unearthly quiet. Not a breath of air to stir the palm's quiet shores; not a ripple to break the mirror-like clearness of still waters. It was as if the hush of death lay everywhere. "True earthquake weather," more than one of the villagers observed, as they noted the oppressive stillness of the air and the strange quiet of the racked earth.

Thomas T. Prentis, United States consul at St. Pierre, was sitting on the veranda of his home in the early hours of the following morning. A friend came driving by in a buggy.

"You had better get out of this," he called to the consul. "I am getting out, and getting out as fast as I can."

"Oh, you are just merely a little scared," Mr. Prentis replied. "There is no need of anyone going away."

"It's better to be safe than sorry," retorted the citizen, as he whipped up his team and hastened on.

How the Eye-Witness Escaped the Cataclysm

It is from this man, who witnessed the disaster a short time later from a neighboring elevation, the few who survived the wreckage in the offing and the few who looked on the cataclysm from a distant point that the only eye-witness version can be had.

The hour of the disaster is placed at about 8 o'clock. A clerk in Fort de France called up another by telephone in St. Pierre and was talking with him at 7:55, by Fort de France time, when he heard a sudden, awful shriek, and then could hear no more. The little that actually happened then can be briefly, very briefly, told. It is known that one minute there lay a city smiling in the summer morning; that in another it was a mass of swirling flames, with every soul of its 30,000 writhing in the throes of death. One moment, and church bells were ringing joyful chimes in the ears of St. Pierre's 30,000 people; the next the flame-clogged bells were sobbing a requiem for 30,000 dead. One waft of morning breeze flowed over cathedral spires and domes, over facades and arches and roofs and angles of a populous and light-hearted city; the next swept a lone mass of white hot ruins. The sun glistened one moment on sparkling fountains, green parks and shaded ponds; its next ray shone on fusing metal, blistered, flame-wrecked squares and charred stumps of trees. One day, and the city was all light and color, all gaiety; the next, and its ruins looked as though they had been crusted over with 20 centuries of solitude and silence.

The City Not Only Dead But Is Buried as Well.

St. Pierre today is a vast chanel house. Skirting for nearly a league the blue water of the Caribbean, its smoking ruins are the funeral pyre of 30,000, not one of whom lived long enough to tell adequately a story that will stand grim, awful, unforgotten as that of Herculaneum when the world is older by a thousand years. St. Pierre is as dead as Pompeii. If men be found with hearts stout enough to build again beneath the steaming maw of old Pelee a new city can rise only on the ruins of the old. St. Pierre is not only dead, but buried. Most of her people lie fathoms deep in a tomb made in the twinkling of an eye by the collapse of their homes, and sealed forever under tons of boiling mud, avalanches of scoria and a hurricane of volcanic dust. Above the miles of piled debris rise the relics of her 10,000 homes and commercial houses and factories, ragged walls, rent, seamed and seared by fire, fit monuments to the myriads of dead beneath, who are victims of the most heartrending calamity of modern times.

In other parts of the city not even a roof peak or chimney thrusts its top through the sea of scoria. In the section known as the new town, winding up the slope of the mountain from the crescent of the roadstead, many of the city's most pretentious mansions have utterly vanished, as a Swiss chalet is swept from sight by the rush of an Alpine avalanche. At such points one is spared all the grewsome horrors of the scene elsewhere, for Pelee has covered them under a pall of ashen dust as soft, impalpable and smooth as drifted snow, with only a scurry blown from the surface now and then into the blinking eyes of the explorer, blinded by the sunlight on the billowy gray-white surface of this volcanic grave.

The Water Front at St. Pierre, After the First Eruption.
(Photographed by Artists of the New York Herald and Pittsburgh Gazette Expedition.)
(Copyright, 1902, by New York Herald Co.)

Sad Picture That Met the Correspondent's Eye.

Old Pelee breathed upon the city, and under his dragon breath fair St. Pierre shriveled, crumbled and burned, as the moth is scotched in the flame of a torch. He breathed again and shrouded the dead city under a pall that mercifully hides in spots the ghastly relics of her former comeliness. Above the entombed city the volcano from a dozen vents yet pours its steaming vapors in long, curling wreaths that mount thousands of feet aloft, like smoking incense from a gigantic censor above the bier of some mighty dead.

Such was the picture when the Herald and Gazette's dispatch boat, M. E. Luckenback, on the 18th stood in toward the shore, picking her way carefully among the charred wrecks that dot the harbor and whose blackened timbers are the sole relics of steamships, merchantmen and smaller craft that went down staggering and blazing 10 days ago under the tornado of fire. No sign of life was there as the steamer's boat was lowered away and pulled in toward the strand, so recently the center of a commercial seaport's busy life. No sound broke the perfect silence. Away to the north and southward, close to the water's edge, stretched the serried battlements of ruined walls, their tops ragged and crumbling, their roofs gone. Blackened holes marked where their doors and windows had been; but the seaward row was only the first of many like it, marking the lines where the streets had run. Tier above tier, they stretched on the rising slope, like the tiers of an amphitheater following the crescent curve of the roadstead.

Doomed Town Nestled in the Destroyer's Lap.

Northward the ruins on the higher ground showed how the growing town had encroached upon the rolling foothills, and even upon the steep inclines of the monster that was destined to destroy it from a vantage point 4,000 feet above. Then the panorama of desolation merged into the gleaming gray avalanche of dust that buries what was proudly known as "The New Town."

In the center of this two-mile crescent of seared and blackened walls rose the dismantled towers of the cathedral de Mouillace. Close by it fire was spurting viciously from the ruins of a factory in which barrel staves were made for the three score distilleries of the town. For 10 days the stacks of hardwood staves and piles of finished casks had been burning unchecked. Southward a blazing coal yard shot out jets of flame and gave one more touch of bright coloring to a picture which without it was as somber as the cowl of a monk.

As the boat drew nearer the death-like stillness was broken by the crackling of the coal yard fire. No word was spoken, either by passengers or crew. In the shadow of such a horror, all were awed. But living beings were seen scrambling to the shore. They were a party of negro looters. The approach of the Herald-Gazette's ship had interrupted them at their work and they scurried down the beach and tumbled into a long dory which had lain hidden behind a half-burned bulkhead.

Closer inspection of their craft during a brief parley, while the Herald-Gazette's boats were run alongside, showed that the other craft was well filled with silver tableware, blackened and much of it fused with silver and copper coins, gnarled and twisted candelabra, bits of broken pottery and mantel ornaments and detached pieces of iron and copper. All were coated with the gray dust that gave to everything ashore the same pallid, ashen hue.

Impalpable Powder Like Cement from the Volcano.

The volcanic dust from which Pelee wove the burial shroud of St. Pierre, is in color and texture strikingly suggestive of Portland cement before it has been mixed with water. It is equally impalpable, powdery and fine. Blown into the eyes, it is intensely annoying, and to the mouth and nostrils it is more than unpleasant, as all on board the Luckenbach had learned during the last half hour of the cruise. Running in toward Pelee, and directly to the leeward of the volcano, the steamship's deck and awnings were well powdered. The man at the wheel grew red-eyed under the strain and all hands had adjusted handkerchiefs over nostrils and mouths to facilitate breathing without inhaling the sulphurous ashes. In a cloud-whitish haze they floated down almost invisible, yet pungent and alkaline, from the smoke-capped peak nearly a mile above our mast trucks.

Perched on the summit of a hill southward of the ruined city, and on the line of the road to Fort de France, a granite monument stands conspicuously facing seaward. Sentinel-like, unscathed by the blast, it stands, as if keeping watch and ward over the dead. At its mountain pedestal is the first patch of visible green-sward spared to peep out to the southward of the area of arid desolation. Powdered as it is by siftings of volcanic dust, one may yet read upon its face that the citizens of St. Pierre erected it to commemorate the sailors who lost their lives in that harbor in the great cyclone of 1892, just a decade before the city itself was destined to meet its doom.

First Corpse Found Was In a Rum Warehouse.

With little difficulty a landing was effected on the Marina directly in front of the ruin of the large rum warehouse of Lasser Freres. The wharves in front were covered with an inextricable tangle of rum casks, barrel hoops and staves, heavy iron anchor chains, piles of conch shells and other maritime debris. The heavy masonry wall of the building, falling outward, had tumbled great masses of stone and scattered machinery over the entire area, and the powdery coverlet of fluttering dust had swathed the whole in a cloak of neutral gray. Up to the second story above the ground the thick stone walls of the front had stood, though seamed and tottering.

Here, in the main doorway, at the very threshold of the place where he had toiled was seen the first mute relic of human tragedy—a negro, broad-shouldered and strong, he had been a stevedore or warehouse porter, probably. The stone arch of the doorway had saved him from being crushed under the falling walls, and the masonry had shielded the body partially from fire. The sleeves of his shirt had been rolled up to the elbows. Death had found him at his daily task and had struck him down where he stood, or, perchance, had caught him in one desperate effort at flight through the doorway toward the harbor, so close beyond, whose waters were soon a seething caldron under the blast of fire that scourged both land and sea.

Along the water front the piled debris was not so formidable as to seriously impede a good climber; but the moment one sought to penetrate to Bouille street, the next thoroughfare back from the shore, he encountered difficulties that called for the skill of an Alpine mountaineer. Mingled masonry, crumbling mortar, mud and ashes formed a foul, noisome series of hillocks, beneath which the dead lay by thousands.

Tales of Home Life as Told by the Debris.

At every step the explorer encountered relics suggestive of the simple home life of the people. The wheels and pendulum of a mantel clock were kicked from out the debris, as the party shuffled through the flying dust. The end of an old spring bed projected amid the ruins of a private house, and close beside it the relic of a human skull and the fragments of a spinal column indicated all that was left of its present occupant.

Pushing through Bouille street to the northward, the tangle became more and more intricate. Here and there the stone walls of the taller buildings, cracked and crumbling, leaned menacingly outward toward the center of the street. Seamed and rent with jagged cracks from base to top, they looked as if the slightest jar might bring them tumbling about the heads of those who ventured through.

There had been commercial houses here and in a dozen places iron boxes and small safes had been routed out of the ruins and their fronts torn open by means of crowbars and other heavy tools. In some cases this had been done by the legitimate heirs to the property. In too many instances there were evidences of the alert industry of looters and ghouls, who had come only to prey upon the city of the dead.

In the deep, gray powder that covered the surface of all things visible could be traced the footprints of the looters and of the rescuing parties who had traversed the ground before. Save for these, the only evidences of life in the stricken town were the footprints of seabirds along the strand.

Here on the left is heard at last a sound. In the deathlike stillness it strikes upon the ear strangely. It is the ripple of gurgling water. Tracing it to its source, we find a water pipe, the nozzle of which projects through the shattered wall of a private dwelling. From it the water, in pure, crystal plenty, is pouring down and welding the masses of ashes and cement-like powder beneath into a sticky paste.

Remains of a Family Were Saved by the Water.

St. Pierre's streets, with their trickling rivulets of mountain water, had been the pride of her citizens. Through all the blast of fire this remnant of her water system at least had survived.

One of the party had approached the trickling water to lave from hands and face the choking accumulation of dust. As he did so he stepped back and paused. Directly below where the water fell lay huddled the grizzled remains of a dead family.

From this point the Herald-Gazette party, with difficulty increasing at every step, pushed further up the slope toward the heart of the town and into Victor Hugo street. Progress here was made rather by climbing than by walking. At every step bent and twisted iron girders, pieces of steel shafting, tons of tumbled masonry and piles of half-burned corpses barred the way. One sought instinctively to so turn his steps as not to desecrate the dead; but try as he might, at every footstep his feet scuffed up the dust that uncovered the ashes of another corpse.

Through Victor Hugo street we penetrated to what had been the cathedral de Mouliace. Had it been hammered for a fortnight under the guns of a fleet of battleships its ruin could not have been more complete. Aloft in the remnant of the higher of its two towers a pair of bells yet hung tottering in the belfry. There, for scores of years, their mellow peal had summoned the pious Catholics of St. Pierre to early mass; but the peak of the tower, smitten by the resistless blast, had been detached bodily, together with the heavy iron framework supporting the largest bell of the chime, and the whole mass, twisted, bent and afterward welded in the fiery furnace, lay half buried, 40 feet away, in the patio of what had been the parish house. Of that structure, which had adjoined the cathedral and which, like it, had faced upon the place de Mouliace, not a fragment was left save its foundation walls.

In what had been its center could still be traced the circular basin from which had spurted a pretty fountain of water. It was filled now with ashes, mortar and dust, through which projected the fragments of human bones.

The Pretty Cathedral Park Was Laid to Waste.

Directly in front of the cathedral and the parish house was the place de Mouliace. A little Eden it had been, green and fresh with the verdure of the cocoanut and the royal palm, under the shade of which the residents of St. Pierre were wont to gather in daily gossip. Not so much as the stump of a tree remained to indicate the former beauties of this little bit of tropical paradise. Trees sturdy and tall as many of the beautiful elms of Central park, New York city, had been shorn off and shriveled under the blast, and then their stems had been literally uprooted and sent hurtling through space against the wrecked walls of the church.

Nowhere was stronger evidence presented than here that the cataclysm was explosive in character. Nowhere else in the silent city were the visible dead marshaled in such awful hosts as in the immediate vicinity of the cathedral and the place de Mouliace. One could not escape the thought that, gay and mercurial as was the daily life of St. Pierre, its citizens had flocked in greater numbers than usual to the shadow of the cross during the four days' anxiety and final panic that preceded the climax.

When Pickett on the last day of Gettysburg hurled his legions in the final assault upon Hancock's second corps it was said that over the ground traversed by that great charge from Seminary ridge to the point held by Webb's Philadelphia brigade a man might have walked upon the bodies of the slain. Could he have done so he must have picked his way. In the place de Mouliace of St. Pierre, and immediately surrounding the cathedral, one could hardly so pick his way as to escape walking upon the bodies of the dead. It was no exaggeration when United States Consul Ayme of Guadeloupe said that the streets of St. Pierre were paved with the corpses of her citizens.

Most of the Corpses Are Now Buried Deep Enough.

Some crude effort there had been made to destroy by fire the relics spared by the original cataclysm, but the work had been done all too ineffectually. Fagots of driftwood, piled around and above heaps of the slain, had been fired by negroes employed for that purpose, but the work of cremation was only partly accomplished. From a sanitary point of view it is fortunate for Martinique that the vast majority of those who died when her chief city was annihilated are buried so deep as to need no better sepulcher.

Within the walls of the cathedral the ruin is complete. Even the altar was not spared, though one of the earliest recruiting parties on the ground succeeded in saving the candelabra, the chalice and other holy vessels, and persons of a deeply devout bent of mind already find in this an evidence of miraculous intervention.

Something of scandal has attached to the circumstances under which the chalice was rescued. In the first party to penetrate within the cathedral walls was Capt. Du Bury, a British army officer, in command of a detachment of artillery at Barbadoes. Capt. Du Bury is himself a devout Catholic. In prodding about through the debris of the cathedral he found the sacred vessel, and an intimate friend of his whom I saw last night is authority for the statement that the wafer was found intact, though baked to a hardened mass. Not in the scoffing spirit of a curio hunter, but reverently and devoutly, Capt. Du Bury took the chalice and bore it to Barbadoes, intending there to transfer it into the custody of priests of the Catholic church with whom he was well acquainted.

The Captain's Friends Deny Story of the Looting.

The facts became known in Fort de France, and French residents, resenting the action of a foreign officer intruding into the sacred places of their dead city, started the story that Capt. Du Bury had engaged in what was little, if any, better than looting of the altar. In Fort de France the subject has now become a public scandal, and there is open gossip of a possible military court of inquiry to investigate Capt. Du Bury's action at the request of the French authorities of the colony.

Capt. Du Bury being in Barbadoes, it was impossible to day to obtain his version of the incident at first hand, but one of his intimate friends is an officer of the United States navy, Lieut. Cyrus Robinson Miller, attached to the cruiser Cincinnati. Mr. Miller has assured me that Capt. Du Bury had immediately indicated his intention of transferring the chalice to the Catholic church authorities. Knowing the artillery captain's character as well as he does, and knowing his church affiliations, Mr. Miller says that nothing could be more foreign to his character than a desire to appropriate to his own use vessels which he would hold most sacred.

One of the chief centers of American interest naturally was in the ruins of the charming little villa in which the late Thomas T. Prentis, his wife and two daughters made their home. He was the American consul at St. Pierre. With a feeling that appears now almost like a premonition of disaster, he had come to entertain a strange repugnance for his post of duty. In this feeling his wife and daughters shared. Mr. Prentis and his friend, Mr. Ayme, stationed at Guadeloupe, had actually discussed seriously a possible exchange of billets, as Mr. Aymé thought better of St. Pierre than did his friend in the consular service.

Consul Finds the Corpse of a Brother Official.

Several days ago, attended by a guide, Mr. Ayme penetrated to the house occupied by the dead consul. He found it as we found it yesterday. In the ruins of the structure, between what was formerly Mr. Prentis' consular office and the apartment used as his family dining room, were uncovered what are believed to be the remains of the consul and his wife. Mr. Ayme carefully noted the location and then consulted with the captain of the United States steamship Cincinnati. Two metallic caskets now lay on the cruiser's deck, ready to receive the bodies as soon as they can be removed. This task was to have been undertaken yesterday, and the officers of the British warship Indefatigable were to have made a similar effort to recover the body of the British consul, Mr. Japp. Though neither the body of the British official nor those of Mr. and Mrs. Prentis are susceptible of positive identification, the position in which each was found leaves little doubt as to their actual identity. The proposed expedition into the buried city had to be postponed yesterday because none of the native guides or negroes who are to be employed in the task was stout-hearted enough to undertake it, since the slight scare caused in Fort de France by a renewed shower of ashes Saturday night which a shift of wind blew in from the crest of Pelee.

For a time during Saturday evening Fort de France was in a state of trepidation and anxious eyes were directed all night toward the crater of the volcano. There was nothing approaching a panic, however, and when the Luckenbach left the harbor of Fort de France at 1 o'clock Monday morning, May 19, it was expected that the recovery of the bodies of both the American and the British consuls would be accomplished later in the day.

A Sad Discovery Made by the Italian Consul.

After leaving the ruins in which the American and British officials met death with their families the Herald-Gazette party found another dwelling to which attaches a mournful interest. It was that in which the charming daughter of the consul for Italy to Barbadoes was visiting with friends. The Italian consul had been among the first to come to St. Pierre in search of the body of his child. Strangely enough, it was his fortune to identify his daughter's remains beyond doubt. The explosion which had reduced wrought iron machinery to pulp and heavy masonry to powder, by some strange freak had left intact a bit of needlework and a garment of French make, which told the consul that he had found his own dear one. The dead bodies of a team of horses and the wreck of a volante which had stood directly in front of the house where his daughter was a guest told plainly enough the story that they had been about to start for a drive when the storm of death swept through the streets and blasted them with its fiery heat.

In the building of the English bank the clock was plainly visible, its hands standing at 8:05. Other clocks were found in the ruins, however, which had been stopped a few minutes before 8. The vaults of the British bank had not yet been forced open when the Herald-Gazette party visited the place, and the ruin was entirely unguarded. The British expedition, under the auspices of the officers of the Indefatigable, is expected to recover the specie and other valuable property from these vaults at the same time when it makes the effort to recover the body of the British consul. From the vaults of the Bank of Martinique 3,500,000 francs in specie has has already been recovered, and from its private vault compartments have been excavated jewelry, silverware and other private property on deposit there to an aggregate value of 1,500,000 francs.

Much at the Mercy of Prowling Thieves.

Though many ghouls already have prowled through the catacombs of the ruined city, St. Pierre presents a profitable field for the would-be looter. It would have been easy for any member of the Herald-Gazette party, during the hours while they tramped over the entombed town, to have filled barrels with silver spoons, coins, earrings, finger rings, jewelry and knicknacks of all kinds, many of them of intrinsic value and others of interest solely as souvenirs. In the ruins of every house of the better residence quarters might have been picked up scores of such trinkets. In one place it was easy to recognize the steel framework of a bicycle; in another, the iron portions of a sewing machine projected through a conglomerate mass of dust, ashes, kitchen utensils and human bones.

Looters had entered the town the moment its streets had sufficiently cooled to make that possible. They were busily at work when the United States steamship Potomac, which arrived nearly a week ago, ran into the harbor. The naval officers placed under arrest a party of one white man and five negroes who were found burdened with loot. Their only explanation was that they were endeavoring to recover the property of relatives who had been killed in the disaster. The Potomac transferred her prisoners to the captain of the French battleship Suchet, but he seemingly attached little importance to the matter and set them free.

While an effort was being made to cremate such bodies of victims as were found directly on the surface or not deeply buried, there was some attempt to police the ruins and to prevent the entrance of undesirable visitors. The guard was maintained, however, only a few days and now any person hardy enough to brave the threatening clouds of vapory steam that roll almost continually from a dozen fresh vents around the sides of old Mont Pelee, is at liberty to roam at will through the deserted city.

The Newspaper Party Penetrates Into the Town.

On the very day when the British and American expedition destined to recover the bodies of their consuls had been postponed because of the renewed evidence of volcanic energy the Herald-Gazette party found no difficulty in penetrating well into the town, except such as were prevented by the material obstacles impeding their path.

It is true that Mont Pelee wore a forbidding front and a dozen times during the afternoon of the exploration a shout from one of the party called the attention of all to a tremendous column of smoke that went soaring aloft from some newly-opened vent or crevice where only the blue sky had appeared an instant before. The Herald-Gazette photographers were fortunate in being able to secure snap-shots of several of these subsidiary eruptions at the moment of their occurrence. The only immediately unpleasant result, so far as concerned those who were in the ruined streets of the town, was an evident increase shortly afterward in the downfall of fluttering ashes that coated shirts, hats and gaiters alike a dirty gray.

Strange contrasts were presented at every place during this baleful journey. There were sugar mills and distilleries in which heavy machinery was crushed and pulverized so as to be hardly recognizable. Ponderous flywheels and cylinder heads were flattened out and shivered by some titanic force; and yet, in one instance, at least, in a house not 100 yards from where such manifestations of power were visible, so fragile a thing as a tropical bird had been spared mutilation. Outside the balcony of one of the houses facing toward the sea, a roomy wooden cage was suspended from either end of two wires. Its support at one end had been detached, but it hung securely from the other. The cage had not even been scorched. At its bottom, dead, but unburned, and brilliant yet in the bright colors of its tropical plumage, lay a heron, doubtless the pet of some St. Pierre belle.

A Startling Contrast of Destructive Power.

Next door to the house where the bird in his feathered panoply had escaped the death blast, a building fitted with great, thick, oaken doors had been riddled as if under the fire of a battery of rifled guns. The doors were blown from their hinges and great ragged openings yawned through their panels as if volleys of buckshot had been poured through them.

Leaving Fort de France at 1 o'clock Monday morning, May 19, the Luckenbach ran past St. Pierre, and then under the brow of Pelee, long before daylight. The volcano at that time was an awe-inspiring spectacle. Great clouds of fleecy vapor were rolling aloft, not only from the main crater, but from many other seams or vents that had been opened along its slopes. Some of these are well down toward the base. The moon was shining full and touching with silver the great columns of smoky vapor that rolled aloft in rings and spirals toward the zenith. Only from the mouth of the main crater was the fleecy mass reddened to an angry russet glow by the fiery furnace beneath.

As the Luckenbach skirted the shore, giving the volcano a wide berth of not less than four miles, the distant muttering of its thunder could be heard; and as the steamer's passengers and crew listened, awe-stricken, the topmost crater belched again. Long tongues of fire shot up through the smoke, now black and lurid with flame, ashes and dust. The heavens glowed red above old Pelee's crest, as they do when some gigantic conflagration at night writes its signal aloft where all may read it within a radius of miles.

The horrors encountered in an afternoon's pilgrimage through the dead city of St. Pierre must stamp themselves for life upon the memories of those who saw them. As we forged seaward our last glimpse of the fiery mouth of the demon that had wrought such havoc was a spectacle never to be forgotten.

St. Vincent Is Too Proud to Accept Foreign Relief.

Proud, self-sufficient St. Vincent! In dire need, yet she will allow none to help her. That is the way it seemed to some of the men on the United States ship Potomac, which arrived there on Wednesday, willing—nay, anxious—to render any assistance possible; but to all the offers of help the invariable reply was that England would look after her own. But to the authorities of the island and to Gov. Sir Robert B. Llewellyn it does not seem that the islanders are overproud. In their present state of mind they cannot conceive apparently of the possibility of retaining their self-respect and at the same time lay themselves under what seems to them a deep obligation to the people of a foreign country.

And yet, to the officers and men of the Potomac who spent last Wednesday on shore, riding and driving from Kingstown through Georgetown to the Soufriere mountain, distress was apparent on every hand. One of them told me that not more than five or six out of every 50 who passed them along the roads failed to ask him for money.

"Oh, kind master! A penny for a poor soul," they would say, and many were the dollars that passed from the pockets of the men of the Potomac to help the poor country folk of St. Vincent. It is not a wealthy island, not nearly so much so as Martinique, and under the most favorable circumstances its people are not so well off. While everything has been done that could be done, and enthusiastic praise is heard on all sides for Gov. Llewellyn and for the city and village authorities of the devastated districts, much more must be done if the people are not to suffer the extremes of hunger.

Thousands Are Left Homeless and Destitute of Everything.

In Martinique so complete was the destruction that the people of the island will suffer only indirectly. There were no survivors. This is not true of St. Vincent. Here there are thousands of men, women and children who have been left homeless and have not the means of keeping alive except as they receive aid from those who are in a position to help them.

From Trinidad the Indefatigable has brought in a great cargo of clothes and provisions, and the residents of Kingstown and other cities which did not suffer greatly, are putting all of their facilities at the disposal of those who have been made destitute; and yet only a beginning has been made in relieving their distress.

Nothing could be more inspiring than the enthusiastic way in which the men and women of the island have come forward. Of them all there is none who stands more pre-eminent than the Rev. J. H. Darrell, rector of a pretty little English church at Georgetown. His parish is in the heart of one of the most afflicted districts.

"Help is still needed in the way of food and clothing, and needed badly," he told me. "Business, which was entirely suspended on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday of last week, has not been resumed. While the Soufriere is still active and emitting smoke, and occasionally small quantities of lava, the minds of the people are in such a state of unrest, coupled with feelings of fear, that they are incapable of resuming their normal ways of life.

"Never in the history of this lovely island," he went on, "has it been visited with such awful distress as that which now prevails. The hurricane of 1898, entailed great loss and general distress; but this never-to-be-forgotten disaster has resulted in more than five times the loss of life, as well as greater loss of property. The loss in property, perhaps, has not been so widespread as it was in 1898; but I am certain that the total loss has been far greater in this calamity than it was then.

Not a Blade of Vegetation in All the Carib Country.

"The greatest distress prevails in the windward and leeward districts, chiefly in the windward. The people are suffering from want of food and water. The whole of the Carib country lies under volcanic earth. Not a blade of vegetation can be seen except the tops of a few burned trees. Help is greatly needed.

"We know that nearly 2,000 of our people are dead. There are not less than that number, and there may be many more. We have already buried more than 1,200, and there are districts which we have not yet been able to visit, where the dead lie unburied where they fell in their vain efforts to escape the destruction that overwhelmed them. There are 167 persons in the Georgetown hospitals, all of whom have been more or less seriously injured, and we feel that in the majority of cases their death has been merely averted for a few days. Doctors and nurses are worn out with fatigue. Our chief physician here, who is in charge of the hospital, has had barely three hours' sleep since the eruption occurred, and yet he will not give up.

"I have investigated the awful tragedy as clearly as I know how, and I have made up my mind that the most of those killed died from suffocation. In their houses, on the roads, in the fields where they were at work, they were overcome in a moment and expired almost in an instant. Bodies have been found sitting upright in chairs, and others were rigid and as if about to continue the tasks in which they were engaged at the time the blast struck them.

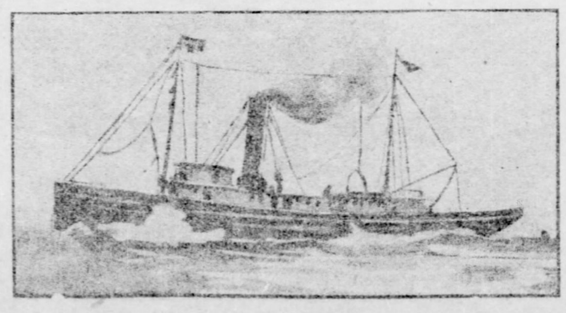
"Burial parties have been sent out everywhere on the windward side in search of dead bodies awaiting interment. In many cases 40 corpses have been found in one little house. When the Indefatigable, on her way here from St. Lucia with Gov. Llewellyn, called in at Fancy, a small village on the northeast coast, more than 30 dead bodies were found there awaiting burial. The captain sent a party of men ashore to perform the unpleasant duty.

Water and Food Arrive on Two British Steamships.

"Enormous quantities of live stock perished in the eruption, and those that survived are dying for want of food and water. The Wear of the Royal Mail Steamship Company, a St. Lucia coasting steamer, has arrived with iron tanks and water for the afflicted people of Georgetown and Chateau Belair. The Indefatigable has brought from Trinidad several hundred barrels of breadstuffs and other provisions, generously contributed by several merchants of Port-of-Spain, and yet much more is needed."

Riding up from Kingstown to the Soufriere the sight presented along the last few miles of the journey was one of the most heartrending that has ever been seen by man. Graves! graves! graves! on every hand; it seemed as if there were but graves. Where the people had fallen, there they were buried. In front of every little house there were one or two little mounds that graphically told the story of the death of whole families.

Without delay, and on the very day that the eruption occurred, the English authorities had begun the work of burying their dead. There were no last words, not even the simplest kind of service, for it was not for the dead that



THE STEAM TUG, M. E. LUCKENBACH.

THE RUINS OF THE DOOMED CITY AS SEEN BY A CORRESPONDENT

they labored, but to save the living. Before each house, with hoes, they dug a trench and gently but quickly the burial parties lifted the prostrate forms within and laid them in their graves. In many cases hardly an inch of earth covers what was once man or woman; but to have taken time to bury them deep in the earth would, perhaps, have been the cause of a pestilence more deadly in its ravages than the Soufriere.

These burial parties have been working for the government at four times the usual rate of wages, and in addition to that a premium of 40 cents has been paid for each dead body found. It has been a profitable, though ghastly, work for many men.

Sailors of the U. S. S. Potomac Plow Their Way Through Dust.

When the men from the Potomac went to the Soufriere last Wednesday they had to make their way through a deep coating of volcanic dust. At Georgetown it was a quarter of an inch deep, and it increased in depth gradually until at the base of the mountain it had covered the earth with a layer more than a foot deep. It would have been almost impossible to have urged the horses forward had it not been that several rains had formed a crust hard enough to bear the weight of the animals.

In all the villages through which the parties passed most of the houses were mere wrecks. The blackened walls in many instances were the only evidence that once upon that site a handsome mansion had stood. And all around were those graves, telling their tale of those who had once dwelt within these ruins. All the trees, many of them banana trees and the main support of the community, had been burned until nothing but the blackened stumps remained.

In Lot 14, one of the villages passed through, men were still at work burying bodies, many of which had been lying for nearly a week in the houses where they had fallen. In front of two little huts in Waterloo, another little village, there were 16 new-made graves, and 10 graves within a radius of a few yards was no unusual sight.

Smoke still enveloped the cap of the mountain, but there were no signs that Soufriere's vengeance had not been satisfied.

For 99 years the Soufriere had given no indication of activity until its recent eruption, the last one having occurred on April 30, 1812. According to Baron von Humboldt, in his "Personal Narrative," there was an eruption in 1718, but of this no detailed record has been found. A well-written and interesting account of the eruption of 1812 was published in the London Evening Mail of June 30 of that year and is embodied in the third volume of "Southey's Chronicles."

Only Slight Warnings Given Before the Great Explosion.

Many interesting facts concerning the eruption of the Soufriere have been told me by the Rev. Dr. Darrell. From the first sign of the recent activity in the volcano he has watched it closely from the viewpoint of a well-educated man with scientific instinct.

"A few slight, significant warnings were given before the present outburst," he says. "Admonitory rumblings and occasional earthquakes occurred in the vicinity several days before—indications that the mountain was preparing for the majestic performance with which it has astonished and awed the inhabitants of this lovely island—but it was only on Monday, May 5, that what we supposed was the dormant volcano gave any plain indications of disquietude. On that day several fish sellers from Chateau Belair and Wallibou had crossed the mountain to Georgetown, on the windward coast, to sell fish. On their return journey they noticed that the waters in the lake of the old crater were unusually disturbed and discolored.

"It was on Tuesday, May 6, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon that the mountain began its series of volcanic efforts. A strong shock of earthquake, accompanied by a terrible noise, occurred, and the volcano began to emit steam. This was reported to the residents of Georgetown by the police corporal in charge of Chateau Belair. At 5 o'clock that same afternoon louder and more frequent explosions were heard, the detonations succeeding one another in rapidly diminishing intervals.

Water in the Crater Lake Converted Into White Steam.

At 7:30 o'clock columns of steam issued from the old crater with terrific noise. These latsted until midnight, when another heavy explosion occurred. There was another sudden and violent escape of pent-up stream at 7 o'clock on Wednesday morning, May 7, which continued ascending until 10 o'clock, when other material began to be ejected. It would seem that this was the time when the enormous mass of water in the lake of the old crater was emitted in a gaseous condition.

"By noon it appeared that there were three craters emitting lava—the two old craters, one of which had contained the lake, and a third crater that is supposed to have been opened in the present eruption. Six distinct streams of lava were visible running down the sides of the mountain. The resurrection of the two old fiery furnaces, with the addition of a fresh crater, was something awful to behold. The mountain heaved and labored to rid itself of the burning mass of lava, heaving and tossing below. By 12:30 o'clock it was evident that the mountain had begun to disengage itself of its burden by the appearance of something like fire flashing now and then around the edge of the craters. However, there was no visible ascension of flame. These flamelike appearances were, I think, caused by the molten lava rising to the neck of the volcano. Being quite luminous the light emitted was reflected from the banks of steam above, giving them the appearance of flame.

"From the time the volcano became fully active tremendous detonations followed one another so rapidly that they seemed to merge into a continuous roar, which lasted all through Wednesday night and up to 6:30 o'clock Friday morning, May 9. These detonations and thunders were heard as far as Barbadoes, Granada, Trinidad and St. Lucia and as far north as St. Thomas.

Sent Up a Great Column Fully Eight Miles in Height

"In company with several gentlemen on Wednesday at noon I left in a small rowboat to go to Chateau Belair, where we hoped to get a better view of the eruption. As we passed Layou, the first town on the leeward coast, the smell of sulphurated hydrogen was very perceptible. Before we got half way on our journey a vast column of steam, smoke and ashes ascended to a prodigious elevation, falling apparently in the vicinity of Georgetown. The majestic body of curling vapor was sublime beyond imagination. We were about eight miles from the crater, as the crow flies, and the top of the enormous column eight miles away reached higher than one-fourth of the segment of the circle. I judge that the awful pillar was fully eight miles in height.

"We were rapidly proceeding to our point of observation, when an immense cloud—dark, dense and apparently thick with volcanic material—descended over our pathway, impeding our progress and warning us to proceed no further. This mighty bank of sulphurous vapor and smoke assumed at one time the shape of a gigantic promontory, then as a collection of twirling, revolving cloud whirls, turning with rapid velocity, now assuming the shape of gigantic cauliflowers, then effervescing into beautiful flower shapes, some dark, some effulgent, some bronze, others pearly white, and all brilliantly illumined by electric flashes.

"Darkness, however, soon fell upon us. The sulphurous air was laden with fine dust that fell thickly upon and around us, discoloring the sea. A black rain began to fall, followed by another rain of favilla, lapilli and scoria. The electric flashes were marvelously rapid in their motions and numerous beyond all computation. These, with the thundering noise of the mountain, mingled with the dismal roar of the lava, the shocks of earthquakes, the falling stones, the enormous quantity of material ejected from the craters, producing a darkness as dense as a starless midnight, together with the plutonic energy of the mountain, growing greater and greater every moment, combined to make up a scene of horror.

The Speaker's Scientific Opinion of the Fine Volcanic Dust.

"It was after 5 o'clock when we returned to Kingstown, awed and impressed by the weirdness of the scene we had witnessed, and covered with the still thickly falling gray dust. Of what this material is composed I am unable to give a certain opinion; but it appears to consist of comminuted rock, powdered by attrition of the material, as in successive outbursts it is hurled aloft and then tumbled back again to the burning crater, to be ejected finally as impalpable dust. So minute are the particles that they find their way through the finest chinks of a closed room. Large areas of cultivation have been buried under the fall of the dust. Its effect upon vegitation probably will be beneficial ultimately; but in the meantime great suffering as well as inconvenience is caused by it.

"The awful scene was renewed on Thursday and Friday, May 8 and 9. About 8 o'clock on Friday morning the volcano shot out an immense volume of material, which was carried in a pall over Georgetown and its neighborhood, causing not only great alarm, but compelling the people by whole families to seek shelter in other districts. More than 500 lives were lost on the windward side of the island from suffocation, fire and lightning. Many lives also have been lost to leeward. The flowing lava on the leeward side of the mountain has buried the Wallibou and Richmond villages and estates, while on the windward side of the mountain the estates of Lot 14 and Rabacca have been destroyed, and parts of Overland, Orange Hill, Tonrama, Mt. Bentinck and Langley park have been obliterated. Several streams and rivers have dried up in various parts of the island, and we are threatened with a water as well as a food famine."

Safety So Near to the Ignorant Victims in the City.

Had St. Pierre been a short mile further south it would not now be a city of the dead. Around Point Lance, which marks the southern end of the harbor, the little village of Carbet remains to accentuate the horror of the catastrophe that overwhelmed the city of which it was a suburb.

Coasting along the west side of the island, from its head toward Fort de France, the men on the Herald-Gazette dispatch boat had seen the awful destruction that Pelee had wrought. It had sunk into their souls so deep that so long as they live nothing can dim its vividness. So awful was the picture, and words seem so inadequate to describe it, that it was more by look than by speech that the men gathered on the deck of the Luckenbach sought to convey to one another their impressions of the scene as it passed before their eyes.

But when the whitened, crumbling ruins of St. Pierre had been passed and Carbet, still surrounded by tropical luxuriance, and with men and women walking about its streets, and life, where formerly there had been nothing but white death to be seen, came into view when the vessel rounded the little headland, one thought burst uppermost in the minds of all on board.

"Oh! the pity of it."

In a flash it came to them all how near the beautiful city had been to safety; how short a distance its inhabitants would have had to flee to get safely beyond the limits of the mountain's power.

Far away at sea, as the Luckenbach ploughed her way through the blue waters of the Caribbean, Mont Pelee loomed up, its summit enveloped in clouds and in the smoke and steam which still poured out in thin streams from fissures in its sides. As the vessel drew nearer the shore of the island, about five miles from St. Pierre, the tropical luxuriance that had first been seen gave place to a whiteness as of snow that enveloped everything.

Covered With Dead White, But Not Like Alpine Snow.

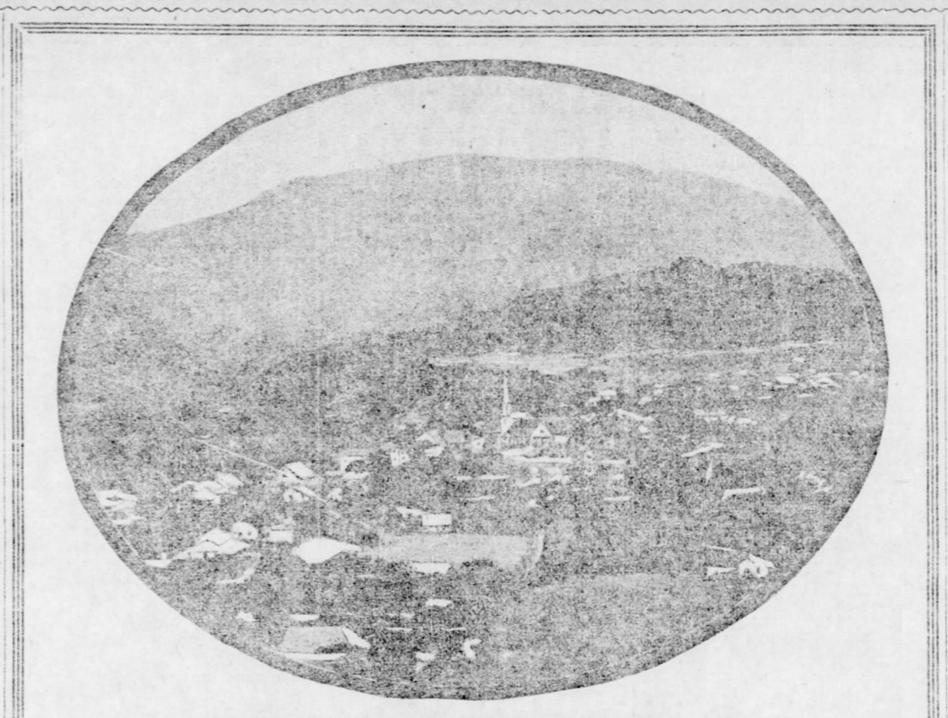
Far up the sides of the mountains, as far as the eye could reach and miles away to the right, there was not a vestige of color to be seen. It was like a winter scene in the north, only there were not even the spruce and firs with their green to relieve the dead white expanse.

"Like a scene in the Alps," said one, and yet this did not describe it. It was a dead white. Even in the rays of the midday sun there was no glare. The impalpable volcanic dust gave back none of the brilliancy that there would have been if it had been a great field of snow.

Along the northern edge of this white expanse a few gaunt horses and cattle strayed from the northern part of the island, were feeding, but from that point until St. Pierre was passed neither animal nor vegetable was to be seen. Pouring down from the crater, the cloud of dust had enveloped everything, burying rocks, fields and all but the tops of the trees. Burning as it fell, it had stripped these trees of foliage and the smaller branches, leaving the ones that were not uprooted mere stumps.

Out from where the ashes had fallen, the sea, losing its tropical blue color, became a vivid green. Even ten days after it blew its head off Mont Pelee was far from having entirely subsided. While the Luckenbach was a mile and more from shore a fine, impalpable dust was carried on the breeze to the vessel and for an hour it became necessary for some of those on board to tie handkerchiefs over their mouths to breathe with comfort.

So penetrating was the dust that the man at the wheel had considerable difficulty keeping a straight course. The dust blew into his eyes, as it did into



ST. PIERRE'S ARISTOCRATIC SUBURB, MORNE ROUGE (Red Hill).

the eyes of all the others on board. It penetrated to the throat and lungs and in some instances its effects were painful.

A Large Suburban Village Cut in Twain by the Flow.

Three miles above St. Pierre lay the village of Au Precheur, where 2,000 West Indians had been leading what was to them an ideal existence. First overwhelmed by a shower of ashes, so that only a few houses were left standing above the debris, an avalanche of scoriae, pouring down the valley of the Riviere du Precheur from Pelee's crater, fairly cut the village in two. What the ashes and flames had left the avalanche obliterated.

Not far away was the smaller village of Pointe Lamare, nestling in a wrinkle of the hem of Pelee's lava robe, as Lacadio Hearn picturesquely describes it. There 500 persons lived, but only part of one stone house, somewhat protected by a little hill at its rear, was left to tell the tale of what had been.

All of the facts concerning these villages which had been wiped out were told by Hippolyte Bardury, a native of Martinique, who had been engaged at San Juan to act as the Herald-Gazette party's interpreter. As the boat approached the point where the waters of the Riviere Blanche had found their way to the sea, just north of the city of St. Pierre, Bardury suddenly exclaimed: "No agua." Nothing but a deep bed of scoriae was left to mark where the river had run its course. It water had been turned into steam and down its bed had poured a torrent of lava. But most of the time Bardury's gaze was fixed on the spot where his mother and sisters had lived—Morne Rouge, high up in the mountains. Had this place, as reported, been saved, the stream of lava separating and in its flow leaving it an oasis in the desert of death? Bardury could not tell. It was several hours later that he first learned the fate that had befallen the ones so dear to him.

Carbet Was Barely Touched By the Volcano's Fury.

Past St. Pierre, with its mile and a half of horror, its roofless houses and falling walls, all wrapped in a white pall, lay happy Carbet, protected on either side by its large white crosses, mounted, one on Pointe Lance and the other on a little hill to the right of the village. The green of its palm trees was whitened by a thin covering of dust; but there safety lay for the thousands in St. Pierre, if they only could have reached it in time. From Carbet to Fort de France there was nothing to remind the men on the Luckenbach of the tragedy at St. Pierre, save the memory of a scene which for them can never fade.

Within a short time after the Luckenbach ran into the harbor of Fort de France yesterday afternoon, her holds and decks heavily laden with relief stores and the Herald-Gazette flag flying from her fore truck, Acting Gov. L'Huerre of Martinique welcomed the Herald-Gazette representatives to an official audience in his residence. At the same time he and Senator Amedle Knight extended the government's hospitality to Attorney General Harlan and Judge MacLeary of Porto Rico.

I explained briefly to the acting governor, who was the secretary general of the government before the duties of governorship were thrust upon him by the death of M. Mouttet, that the Luckenbach's cargo was only one of many others to follow from the same source as soon as transportation could be provided from San Juan. M. L'Heuerre listened with deep interest to the story of how the great, generous heart of America had responded to his call for aid, and how it had found a ready outlet when the columns of the Herald and Gazette were opened to subscribers.

The Governor Expresses His Gratitude for the Relief.

"We had heard that the Luckenbach was coming," said the governor, "and had been waiting to welcome you. In the name of the French government, and as its representative in this colony, I beg to extend to the New York Herald and The Pittsburgh Gazette the expressions of our most sincere gratitude, and to say to you that we accept the relief stores in the broad spirit of brotherhood which has prompted this generous and spontaneous action."

I called the governor's attention to reports current in Fort de France that the relief stores already received were more than adequate to the island's actual needs, and explained that provisions already purchased through the Herald's and Gazette's subscriptions, and now awaiting delivery from Porto Rico, proably would aggregate six or seven cargoes as large or larger than that already brought by the Luckenbach. When the governor was asked whether he still thought the need was urgent for the delivery of these stores he replied:

"There is, as you yourself may see, little or no acute distress here at present. Fort de France is a commercial town. Ships of war, supply vessels and merchantmen have flocked into our port in large numbers and the world has extended to us a fraternal and open hand. We are deeply grateful.

"Immediate and acute distress has been averted by these prompt measures of relief, but I am confidnt that the time is coming when the disaster will make itself felt even more keenly on the agricultural portions of the island, the port and commercial center of which has been made a desolate ruin. I say to you, therefore, that we can make good use of all that the Herald and Gazette has generously purchased for our citizens, and in their behalf I will be glad to accept such of the cargoes as you may see fit to forward."

The Two Newspapers Appreciated By the People of Paris.

Gov. L'Huerre made the same reply to Judge MacLeary and Attorney General Harlan in response to their request for information which might guide them in advising further action by the citizens of Porto Rico, who already have subscribed generously for relief. Senator Knight agreed entirely with the governor's views and took occasion to add:

"In Paris we know the New York Herald and Pittsburgh Gazette well, and they are institutions almost as dear to many Frenchmen as it is to you of New York and Pittsburgh. We are familiar with their enterprise and with their habitual promptness to act in cases of great public calamity, and I beg to add my own words of thanks and gratitude to those already spoken by the governor."

Careful investigation by the Herald and Gazette representatives demonstrates that there is not the slightest immediate prospect of any living being in the island of Martinique suffering the pangs of hunger. Indeed, the danger is that if the task of affording relief has not been overdone already, it is likely to be in the near future, when Fort de France has been inundated with the wealth of material which a sympathetic world has started for that port. Mr. Ayme no longer hesitates to declare that he would gladly check the overwhelming influx of relief material, or else divert large portions of it to the sufferers of St. Vincent.

Mr. Ayme only a few days ago sent broadcast by cable throughout all Christendom the statement that immediate relief was needed for 50,000 souls. He admits now that the actual situation, in his opinion, did not warrant so sweeping a statement. Nobody here doubts that the utterance was made in good faith, and the American consul explains that he made it upon the assurance of Gov. L'Huerre, who, at the time it was given currency, was or should have been in a better position to know the actual truth than Mr. Ayme could be.

An Unprecedented Situation, Says the U. S. Consul.

"This," said Mr. Ayme tonight, in explanation, "is an unprecedented situation. The sole reason that there is not so great and widespread destitution as was anticipated, is that none survived the disaster that swept all down in a common death. Dead men need no food. Ordinarily a great casualty which slays men by the hundreds leaves many destitute homes and robs many families of their breadearners.

"During the first days following the calamity at St. Pierre, it seemed incredible that none could have survived. The governor's assumption and my own belief was that there would be many left in poverty and in danger of starvation. Now we know the truth. In the smitten district none has been spared, and, therefore, none is in dire need. In the districts not devastated there is, of course, no immediate or actual suffering, though the blotting out of the island's chief seaport and commercial center must necessarily afflict sorely its whole commercial and industrial life for many months to come.

"Frankly, however, I would gladly now check this tremendous flow of generous subscriptions. In my opinion the inhabitants of this island are likely to receive so much more than is adequate to their real needs that there will be danger of being spoiled by excessive beneficence. There is far more immediate need, I am convinced, on the island of St. Vincent; but I am told that the British citizens of that colony, with commendable self-reliance, prefer to depend upon their own resources and those of their countrymen rather than to invite or accept material aid from other sources. I have reported my views on this subject to Secretary Hay, under whose instructions I am acting here in the receipt and distribution of relief."

Made the Natives Richer Than Before the Eruption.

Whatever poignant distress may have immediately followed the calamity was allayed when the collier Sterling entered the harbor with thousands of army and navy rations and quartermasters' supplies of clothing. It is no exaggeration to say that hundreds of Martinique countrymen are today wearing better clothing than they ever owned in their lives before, and that other hundreds have their larders better stocked than usual.

Persons whose positions made them thoroughly familiar with the facts admitted to the Herald and Gazette's representatives today that scores of country folk who tramped over the roads leading down to Fort de France and trudged back again heavily loaded with clothing and provisions were seen making the same pilgrimage day after day until the faces of many of them became all too familiar where the distribution was under way. Peasants accustomed only to the crude farming life of the island are today regaling themselves with the luxuries of canned goods and delicacies such as never before tempted their palates.

The actual survivors of the disaster are easily numbered on one's fingers, and the hospitals in which they lie have been fairly surfeited with the attentions and the donations thrust upon these poor fellows. In the general abundance the country folk have revelled with the incoming of each new cargo, and much of the cargoes recently discharged has been permitted to lie upon the wharves and streets for days, because there was no immediate use for it.

Your correspondent presents impartially the utterances of both the French governor and the American consul. Mr. Ayme, who came here promptly and took charge of the situation after the death of Mr. Prentis.

Friction Between Consul and the French Governor.

The wide divergence of their views is not the only point upon which they have differed radically since their respective duties brought them together here. There has been not a little unpleasant friction between the French authorities and the representatives of other governments, though none of it has been of a serious character.

On the arrival of Mr. Ayme, accredited by the state department as the consignee of American relief stores, he consulted Gov. L'Huerre immediately and expressed a desire to turn over to L'Huerre all cargoes on arrival, taking the governor's receipt therefore. Gov. L'Huerre took the ground that the American consul would be fulfilling his entire duty in transferring stores and provisions to the mayor of Fort de France. That official is a full-blooded negro and is the representative of one of the two political factions which are waging bitter partisan warfare.

Mr. Ayme declined to deal officially with the local mayor and informed Gov. L'Huerre, in diplomatic language, that the United States government is not in the habit of accrediting its agents to deal with the mayors of small villages. The governor contended that the transfer to the mayor would accomplish the same result in the end, and pleaded in his own behalf the pressure of his other duties. Mr. Ayme remained firm, and for a time the lack of harmony in their relations resulted in not a little confusion in the handling of relief stores.

Gov. L'Huerre said that even if he should himself receipt for each consignment, he would immediately turn it over to the municipal head. Mr. Ayme replied that once the governor had furnished him with his official receipt, it was no concern of his to whom he saw fit to transfer the goods.

The situation practically was a deadlock when Mr. Ayme's embarrassments were increased by the arrival of the collier Sterling, with her large cargo. Her captain is an officer of neither the army nor the navy, and her cargo, consisting largely of navy rations and army quartermaster's supplies, the red tape and etiquette involved in the proper receipt and acknowledgement of these goods to the several parties and departments concerned, entangled the American consul in further difficulties.

After various efforts to reach a more effective basis of harmonious effort, Mr. Ayme, accompanied by the captain of the Sterling, held a conference with Gov. L'Huerre tonight. They arranged a sort of modus vivendi, under which the French governor agreed to furnish receipts for Mr. Ayme in his official capacity for all American consignments transferred to his custody.

Unfortunately, there is a feeling among the French residents of Martinique that their neighbors of the other West Indies are somewhat disposed to make a holiday out of their dire misfortunes. They look askance at the men who come ashore with cameras to snap-shot the ruins of their once beautiful St. Pierre. Not feeling the actual pangs of need themselves, many of them do not realize the broad spirit of genuine philanthropy that has prompted the instant dispatch of great fleets laden with food and raiment.

This feeling has grown into something akin to resentment, since certain enterprising steamship companies have made the obliteration of St. Pierre the occasion for advertising steamship excursions to view the desolate walls from the roadstead. One such excursion on the steamship Julia was actually billed in sensational advertisements of large type in San Juan, Porto Rico, for a week, and the vessel is reported to be bound for St. Pierre, crowded to her full capacity with sightseers who have paid high prices for the privilege.

Excursionists May Be Kept on Ship by Military Force.

It was reported in Fort de France today that the excursionists will not be permitted to land at St. Pierre, and that if necessary they will be restrained from so doing by military force.

Should old Mont Pelee be vomiting smoke, steam and ashes from half a dozen new vents and crevices, as she was this afternoon, when the Herald-Gazette explorers landed in St. Pierre, it is likely that most of the excursionists will lack the requisite hardihood to desire to approach closer than a good marine league.

There are daily meetings in the picturesque streets of Fort de France that would bring tears to the eyes of the most stolid observer. They recall those encounters between friends and relatives who had survived the disaster in Johnstown. Men come from a distance to inquire for their dear ones, and meet others who have been at or near the scene of the calamity since the awful 8th of May. There is a brief exchange in tersely-spoken French, an eloquent glance of the eye, and then they embrace one another in the clasp of sympathy characteristic of the demonstrative Latin races. One need not understand the spoken words. The pantomime alone tells the grim story that those dearest to one or both are buried forever under the sea of volcanic scoriae.

One such meeting occurred tonight, almost immediately after the representatives of the Herald and Gazette had come ashore at Fort de France and were making their way to the residence of M. L'Huerre, who succeeded to the duties of governor of the island on the death of Gov. Mouttet. Acting as interpreter for the newspapers on the Luckenbach was Hippolyte Bardury, a civil engineer attached to the American Railway Company of Porto Rico. All of his immediate relatives have been residents of the pretty suburb of Morne Rouge. Clinging to a shred of hope, though almost despairing, he had come to Martinique to try to learn their fate.

Two Afflicted Cousins Meet and Embraced Each Other.

The little party which approached Gov. L'Huerre's official residence just as twilight fell included Judge James H. MacLeary and Attorney General James S. Harlan of Porto Rico. Gov. L'Huerre, who had just returned from an observation tour into the country, was encountered as he approached his residence. Accompanying him was a tall, spare Frenchman, whose refined features, though shadowed by the tropic helmet which he wore, were haggard with traces of mental suffering.

M. Bardury approached the governor to introduce the visitors. He had barely begun to do so when a glance of recognition passed between the civil engineer and the governor's tall comrade. There was a mutual exclamation of surprise, and then the two men were firmly clasped in each other's arms.

"My cousin!" exclaimed Bardury. "Tell me of my family."

The tall Frenchman's eyes suffused with tears. He pressed kisses on his kinsman's cheek, first on one side and then on the other. Releasing his embrace long enough to gaze with acute sympathy into the other's eyes, he murmured:

"Dead, my boy; all dead."

There was no evidence of shock. It was what the young engineer had expected, though he had cherished a little hope, nurtured by the earlier reports that Morne Rouge had escaped the blast of death.

Mastering his own emotion, Bardury asked, "And your's?"

"Dead; they, too, are dead. Alas! My wife and daughter, thank God, are in Paris; but father, brother, father-in-law and mother-in-law are all, all among the lost."

It was only one incident of hundreds such as have occurred in the last 10 days. The governor's distinguished comrade was Senator Knight, representative of the island colony of Martinique in the senate of the French republic. In a moment both men had sunk their personal affliction and the ceremony of formal introduction was consummated as punctiliously as if it had occurred in the Louvre in Paris.

Senator Knight an American in Origin and Kinsman.

Senator Knight, though born in Martinique, is of American origin. He had returned to his old home from his official duties in Paris, leaving his wife and daughters in the French capital, and had arrived in Martinique in time to be a witness of the stupendous catastrophe that took the lives of his other dear ones and blotted out his personal fortune in an instant. The senator's fortune, about 1,000,000 francs of which was invested in a large commission house and rum distilleries in St. Pierre, was utterly wiped out with every industry in the stricken city.

Senator Knight's relatives, who are among the dead ,and who have many friends in the United States, are L. T. Knight, his father; S. Knight, his brother, and Mr. and Mrs. Godisard, the father and mother of his wife.

M. Bardury returned to Porto Rico on the Herald-Gazette dispatch boat, mourning the loss of his mother, Emma Bardury; his sister, Jeanine; his brother, George, and his married sister, Eugenia Riffard, who was lost, together with her husband, Charles Riffard, a St. Pierre notary, and their three children. He learned also from Senator Knight of the death of a brother-in-law, Eugene Clavin, a pharmacist, whose wife, Maria, was killed with him.

Sole survivor of his family, M. Bardury will arrange his business affairs in San Juan and will then return directly to Martinique. The family own estates of considerable proportions in the neighborhood of Morne Rouge. Much of their property is laid waste, but by one of those strange freaks of the cataclysm, instances of which seem innumerable, many of their cattle and live stock escaped destruction and are now roving about the dust-covered hills, where forage is almost as scarce as in the Sahara desert. On his return to Martinique M. Bardury will do what may be done to save a little from the wreck of his family fortune.

Herald and Gazette Ship Discharges Her Relief Cargo.

With her stern heaped high with barrels of flour and rice, the Herald-Gazette dispatch boat steamed into the magnificent harbor of Fort de France yesterday afternoon. She dipped her colors to the men-of-war and other vessels as they were passed, and came to anchor between the U. S. S. Cincinnati, brilliantly white in the rays of the shining sun, and the Sterling, a collier that had recently come in from San Juan, loaded with supplies for the stricken residents of Martinique. Not far away lay the great, black Indefatigable, a British man-of-war; the U. S. S. Potomac, the Suchet, a French man-of-war; two French barks and several other smaller sailing craft.

Hardly had the anchor of the dispatch boat been dropped when an officer of the Suchet came over in a launch to present the captain's compliments and to thank the Herald and Gazette for the supplies which had been brought in.

"What have you aboard," he asked.

"Flour and rice," was the reply.

"How much?"

"Two hundred and fifty bags of rice and 100 bags of flour, 22½ tons in all."

And it was added that this represented a sixth part of what had to be left on the dock at San Juan because of the inability of the Luckenbach to take a larger cargo, so generously had the readers of the Herald and Gazette come forward in aid of the islanders.

After the usual harbor formalities had been gone through with the Luckenbach went along the Sterling and to the larger vessel transferred her cargo. The combined cargoes were later turned over to Consul Ayme, and by him transferred to the governor of Martinique, to be made use of as he deemed proper.

Start of the Luckenbach On Sunday, May 11.

When the news of the disaster at Martinique became known it was learned that the M. E. Luckenbach could be ready to leave Norfolk, Va., on Sunday, May 11. Leaving New York at midnight on Saturday, the Herald's and Gazette's correspondents reached Washington at 7 o'clock on Sunday morning. In a special train they were whirled to Newport, and from there reached Old Point Comfort by trolley. From there the start was made at 5 o'clock on Sunday afternoon. Past the Kearsarge, Alabama and Olympia of the White squadron, lying at anchor in Hampton Roads, the little Luckenbach steamed out in the teeth of a southwest gale. Commanding her is Capt. T. W. Betts. John Lingo is her first mate and S. S. Wilkins is the chief engineer. She is a sea-going tug of 439 tons, stanch and able.

Her course was set direct for San Juan, Porto Rico, where she dropped anchor at 5 o'clock on Friday afternoon. Meanwhile, through the generosity of the Herald and Gazette readers, a large amount of money had been subscribed and forwarded by cable to San Juan, where many tons of provisions had been bought and were on the docks awaiting shipment. By midnight all that the Luckenbach could conveniently carry had been taken aboard and the voyage to Martinique was begun.

At the request of Gov. Hunt, Attorney General James S. Harlan of Porto Rico and Judge J. H. MacLeary of the island supreme court were added to the party. These gentlemen represented the relief committee of Porto Rico and had been prominent in the movement there to raise funds for the stricken islanders of Martinique. Remembering her own needs and sufferings after the hurricane of 1898, Porto Rico nobly came forward in aid of the residents of Martinique.

The Poor of Porto Rico Contributed Their Mites.

At a meeting called by Gov. Hunt, a general committee of 15 was appointed. Within two hours $2,500 had been subscribed and the next day this had been increased to more than $4,000.

Telegrams explaining the situation were sent to the mayors of the other cities and villages of the island, and with the money sent in by them, the fund soon reached $8,000. Several men came in from the country districts carrying bags of money, mostly in dimes and nickels, the contributions of the poorer classes, who would have given more had their ability to do so been greater. Besides this, the merchants of San Juan gave liberally in the way of supplies, and when the Sterling sailed away on Sunday night, she had a full cargo of everything that could be needed.

From the secretary of war instructions had been received to forward all the government supplies available. Among contributions of this class taken on the Sterling, there were 35,000 rations, 13,000 sets of underwear, 8,000 pairs of trousers, 3,000 khaki coats, 3,000 pairs of shoes, 4,000 pairs of socks, 1,500 hats and other articles of wearing apparel.

With medical and other supplies, the Potomac, which was at San Juan, left there on Saturday, May 10. She has been at St. Vincent and is now lying in the harbor of Fort de France. The Julia was expected to leave San Juan with more supplies today, bound for Martinique.

It is not now and perhaps never will be indisputably known what wrought this unparalleled disaster. The officers of the cruiser Cincinnati, who have made an investigation of the ruins and a study of the causes which led to the wreck, have now a theory which accounts for what is otherwise unaccountable. It is that Pelee's crater had nothing to do with the destruction that was caused.

Stream of Gas Ignited By a Flash of Lightning.

The theory is—and it is one that is everywhere borne out by evidence—that a crevice was opened in the side of the volcano nearest the city and that from this vent issued a gas that was borne by the breeze straight over St. Pierre. The lines of demarkation of this gaseous river are as plain as though they had been drawn by a ruler, laid down on the slope, narrowing at the mountains to be open fan-shaped as it neared the ocean, and including every section of the doomed city within its deadly radius. Heavier than the air, it seemed to have rolled down the long sweep of mountain side to bank itself many hundreds of feet deep over spires and roofs.

The very eyewitnesses who are left agree that the flame flashed from mountain to city, from which fact it is argued that the gas was ignited near its vent by a flash of lightning that is almost continuously playing around Pelee's crest.

This theory, if correct, explains much that would otherwise be hard to comprehend. It would explain why the ruined walls of the city are tumbled in every conceivable direction, some falling toward the mountain, some toward the sea. Some reeled toward the north side of the basin, some staggered toward the south. It looked as if there had been a thousand simultaneous but separate explosions, each exerting energies in different directions.

Some idea of the intensity of the heat engendered may be had from the fact that the wrought iron pipes and cast iron gargoyles of a fountain in the center of a park and fully 400 feet distant from any building have been found fused and twisted out of all shape. It requires 2,800 degrees of heat to fuse wrought iron, and this iron was in the center of a green park, for removed from any building that possibly could have engenedered such heat as that.

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UNCLE SAM'S LAST AID.

Furnishes Transportation for Canada's Gift of Lumber.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 26.—The navy department has added, perhaps, the last to the good offices which it has performed on behalf of the West Indian volcanic sufferers by undertaking to transport to the homeless people of St. Vincent a large quantity of building lumber which the Canadian government has contributed. The lumber is coming by rail from Canada through to Norfolk, the treasury officials authorizing its passage through the United States in bond and without payment of duty. At Norfolk the lumber will be loaded on the collier Leonidas and transported directly to St. Vincent.

Having relieved all present necessities of the inhabitants of Martinique and St. Vincent, the navy department has decided to suspend further activity in that direction and merely to "stand by" ready to respond to any call for assistance. The Dixie probably will finish unloading at St. Vincent tomorrow.

Cruisers Damaged by Tidal Wave.

PARIS, May 26.—A Brest dispatch says that it is rumored there that a tidal wave at Fort de France has badly damaged the French cruisers Tage and Suchet.

DROWNED TRYING TO ESCAPE.

Serious Ending of a Class War at University of Vermont.

PLATTSBURGH, N. Y., May 26.—The feeling which has existed between the freshman and sophomore classes of the University of Vermont culminated here today in the drowning of Nelson Pease Bond of Burlington, Vt., treasurer of the freshman class.

The freshmen held their annual banquet at the Cumberland House. Bond left his companions for a stroll. He was set upon by two sophomores, presumably for the purpose of kidnaping him and keeping him from the banquet. The pursuers claim he jumped into the lake in an effort to escape by swimming. They endeavored to rescue him by a boat, but could find no oars, and he sank before they could reach him.

ALEXANDER

The Late Czar of Russia

Ordered Johann Hoff's Extract.

ALEXANDER

The Late Czar of Russia

Caused the following telegram to be sent to the Branch House of Johann Hoff, at St. Petersburg: "Send immediately one case of Johann Hoff's Extract to Sarskoje, Celo, by order of the Czar, Count von Schuwaloff."

There is no season of the year when it is so necessary to keep the blood in "condition" as the Spring. Johann Hoff's Extract, the true nutritive tonic, will do it for you.

Johann Hoff's Extract gives perfect digestion, makes the nerves strong and induces refreshing sleep.

It is the greatest tonic and builder known and used throughout the world.

Johann Hoff's Extract is not a stimulant—it has no re-action, it is a true tonic, a nutrient, a food—you retain what you gain by its use.

It makes healthy blood and flesh.

It is of special value to women, building up the entire system, helping nature to throw off dangerous catarrhal secretions, it searches out the weak parts and strengthens them.

A wineglassful of Johann Hoff's Extract with meals is a great preventive of sickness, it keeps the liver, kidneys and bowels in perfect condition. As a spring tonic nothing equals Johann Hoff's Extract. It is a great builder and strengthener, you feel immediate benefit from its use and there is no re-action.

It is used and highly endorsed by the best known people in the world—crowned heads of Europe, leading men in public life in this country, prominent people of the stage, etc.

It is prescribed and recommended by physicians throughout the world.

Professor Prosper de Pietra Santa of Paris, says: "I regard it as of immense value to the practitioner to bring to his aid a nutritious tonic and remedy like Johann Hoff's Extract, which will act not only as a tonic but as a nutrient as well, and which is less exciting than wine as a stimulant."

Dr. Geo. W. Wolgamoth of 846 Warren Ave., Chicago, writes: "For the past year I have been on a decline, physically, to such an extent that I was obliged to give up my practice. I was about to give up hope when I tried Johann Hoff's Extract. The benefit was apparent after taking a few bottles. My appetite is now improved and my strength has returned to such an extent that I expect shortly to resume active practice. In all my 40 years of experience, I have not met a preparation which so well and quickly improves the appetite and builds up the system as Johann Hoff's Extract. I have prescribed it many times with unfailing success and most heartily recommend it."

Write for particulars and testimonials.

Insist upon Johann Hoff's Extract and take none of the cheap substitutes offered as "just as good." They have nothing but their cheapness to recommend them. EISNER & MENDELSON CO., Sole Agents, New York.

Manager Fred Clarke Again Dons the Spangles Today

THE GROUNDS WERE TOO BAD TO PERMIT GAME

Champions and Quakers Could Not Meet in Friendly Contest.

MANAGER CLARKE READY

Will Don the Spangles Today and Ritchey Will Be in the Game Again—Planning for the Arrest of Ticket Speculators.

YESTERDAY'S LEAGUE GAMES.

Pittsburgh....Rain... Philadelphia
Chicago..... 5—St. Louis..... 4

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Pittsburgh	28	5	.848	Brooklyn	12	19	.387
Chicago	24	10	.677	Cincinnati	12	19	.387
New York	15	16	.484	Philadelphia	11	18	.337
Boston	13	15	.464	St. Louis	10	19	.345

League Games Today.

Cincinnati at Exposition park.
Chicago at St. Louis.
Philadelphia at Brooklyn.
New York at Boston.

The rain of Sunday, followed by the downpour of yesterday left the playing field at Exposition park in such bad shape that the regularly scheduled game between the Pirates and Quakers had to be called off. The infield was all right and could have been used by the outfield or that portion of it over toward right was a regular swamp.

Manager Shettsline and his crowd of Phillies got in yesterday morning and the players were not in the best of humor because their western trip has been anything but a success. The players, however, were not sorry at the calling of yesterday's contest because they were tired after a night's journey and were not over anxious to test strength with the champions at this time. Manager Shettsline was also quite anxious to be headed toward Philadelphia, as he is desirous of a personal interview with Col. John I. Rogers in order to point out to him the necessity of paying Lajoie what he demands and getting the big star back on the team again.

Clarke Anxious to Play Again.

Manager Fred Clarke was sorely disappointed when the game had to be called off, as he was more than anxious to don the spangles again and get into the fray after a ten days' lay off. The enforced period of idleness was hard on the Pirates' leader, who chafed under the restraint and did not find the job of managing his team from the bench half as pleasant as setting the pace on the field. Claude Ritchey was also on deck, his sore hand entirely recovered, and he was also anxious to be in the game again.

Catcher Harry Smith, who spent Sunday with his family over at Massillon, Ohio, got back yesterday morning and brought back with him cash enough to purchase 250 tickets for the Decoration day games with the Chicago team. These tickets are for fellow townsmen of the new Pirate catcher, who are coming over here to give their baseball representative a proper send off. Harry says a special excursion will be run on Friday morning and if the reports he heard are correct one-half the population of the thriving Ohio town will spend Friday over at Exposition park.

Manager Clarke had an odd duty to perform yesterday when he was called upon to appoint a committee on washing, but he got through with it all right and to Jack O'Connor and Kitty Bransfield belongs the duty of spending a half day in a laundry. It will be recalled that the first consignment of white uniforms worn by the team when sent to the laundry came back in such shape that they would not fit a 9-year-old team. New uniforms were secured to replace the ones that shrunk so badly and now these new ones stand in need of a bath. The players were afraid to take another chance, so it was decided to have one oversee the job and watch that nothing is used that will cause a shrinking of material.

Will Arrest Ticket Speculators.

Secretary Pulliam is already laying his plans to take care of a monster turn out on Decoration day and has things so planned that there will be no trouble in taking care of the crowd no matter how large it may be. There is one thing the secretary has provided for and that is the squelching of ticket speculators. This sort of thing was indulged in on opening day and on last Fourth of July and the club officials got the blame for it. The secretary will have a squad of policemen in citizens' clothes stationed outside the grounds and any one caught selling tickets will be arrested and punished, as the club officials, in order to stop the fleecing of the public, will prosecute any offender.

The Cincinnati team, headed by Manager McPhee and big Jake Beckley, will be here today for a two days' stay. The Reds have taken a decided brace within the last two weeks and is playing a fast game of ball. Phillippe or Tannehill will pitch for the champions and Phillips or Currie for the visitors.

COULDN'T QUITE REACH.

Donovan's Team Made a Fast Finish, But Lost the Game.

ST. LOUIS, May 26.—St. Louis closed fast today, but was one run behind Chicago when the game was over. Chance, after lining out a triple in the first, scoring two runs, was retired in favor of Kahoe. Attendance, 1,200. Score:

St. Louis.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.	Chicago.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Farrell, 2	0	0	2	4	0	Miller, l..	0	1	2	0	0
De'van, r	0	1	1	0	0	Jones, m..	2	1	1	0	0
Smoot, m.	0	1	3	0	0	Dexter, 3..	0	0	0	2	2
Barclay, l	1	1	1	1	0	Donlin, r..	1	1	1	0	0
Kruger, 3	1	1	0	2	0	Chance, c.	0	1	1	6	0
Ryan, s	2	3	1	3	0	Kahoe, c..	0	1	2	0	1
O'Neil, c.	0	0	2	1	0	Lowe, 2...	0	0	4	5	0
Hart'an, 1	0	0	11	2	0	Wi'ms, 1.	1	2	11	1	0
Yerkes, p.	0	0	0	2	1	Tinker, s.	1	2	1	4	0
Wicker ..	0	0	0	0	0	Menefee, p	0	1	1	1	0
Murphy, p	0	0	0	0	0						
Totals...	4	8	27	15	1	Totals...	5	10	27	13	4

St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	1	0	—4
Chicago	2	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	—5

Two-base hit—Brashear. Three-base hits—Chance, Jones. Sacrifice hits—Dexter, Jones 2, Tinker. Stolen bases—Congalton, Tinker. Hit by pitcher—By Menefee, Farrell. Wild pitch—Menefee. Bases on balls—Off Yerkes, 3; off Menefee, 1. Struck out—By Yerkes, 3; by Menefee, 1. Left on bases—St. Louis, 9; Chicago, 6. Time—1:37. Umpire—O'Day.

HOMESTEAD SHUT OUT.

Richet's Batters Were Weak Before Burns' Pitching.

WHEELING, W. VA., May 26.—(Special.)—Burns' superb pitching enabled Wheeling to whitewash Homestead in the first of a series of three games today. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Homestead	0	0	0
Wheeling	1	6	2

Batteries—Wheeling, Burns and Nelson; Homestead, Pearson and Marshall.

UGLY BLUNDERS BY THE ORIOLES

HOWELL PITCHED GOOD BALL, BUT HIS SUPPORT WAS BAD.

Joe Kelley Indefinitely Suspended by Ban Johnson for Rowdy Tactics on the Field at Baltimore—The Other American League Games.

AMERICAN LEAGUE RESULTS.

Chicago....., 8—Baltimore..... 3
Philadelphia.. 8—Detroit..... 6
St. Louis..... 3—Boston..... 0
Cleveland..... 6—Washington.... 3

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Chicago	15	10	.600	Boston	15	12	.556
St. Louis	14	10	.583	Baltimore	12	13	.444
Philadelphia	15	11	.577	Washington	11	17	.393
Detroit	14	11	.560	Cleveland	9	13	.321

BALTIMORE, May 26.—Fielding errors behind Howell lost the first game of the series here today for the Baltimore American league club to the Chicagos. In every case the visitors' runs were given by errors or by hits after the side should have been retired. Kelley received notice today of indefinite suspension. Score:

Baltimore.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.	Chicago.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Selbach, l	0	1	5	0	0	Strang, 3..	0	0	0	6	0
Williams, 2	0	1	0	2	0	Jones, m.	2	2	1	0	0
Seym'r, s.	0	0	0	2	1	Sullivan, l	1	0	0	0	0
M'Gann, 1	0	0	8	0	0	Davis, 1..	0	0	5	0	0
Ryan, m.	0	0	1	1	0	Sul'van, 1	0	0	3	0	0
Gilbert, s.	0	0	1	3	1	Mertes, l.	1	2	2	0	0
Oyler, 3..	1	2	2	2	1	Isbell, s..	3	3	1	7	0
Rob'son, c	1	1	5	1	2	Daly, 2..	2	2	2	7	1
Howell, p.	1	1	0	1	0	M'Farl'd, c	0	1	8	2	0
						Garvin, p.	0	0	0	1	0
Totals..	3	7	27	11	5	Totals...	8	12	27	10	1

Baltimore	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	—3
Chicago	1	1	0	2	0	0	4	0	0	—8

Sacrifice hit—Callahan. Two-base hits—Oyler, Selbach. Three-base hit—Isbell. Home runs—Isbell, Daly. Stolen bases—Washington, Callahan, Williams 2, Mertes 2, McFarland. First base on balls—By Howell, 2; by Garvin, 2. Struck out—By Howell, 2; by Garvin, 7. Left on bases—Baltimore, 7; Chicago, 6. Time—2:00. Umpires—Carruthers and O'Laughlin. Attendance—3,035.

GREAT UPHILL GAME.

Was Played by Detroit, But Quakers Won the Battle.

PHILADELPHIA, May 26.—Detroit played a hard up-hill game today and a batting rally in the last inning almost enabled the visitors to tie the score. The game was closely contested, but was without interesting features. Attendance 2,489. Score:

Detroit.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.	Philad'a.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Casey, 3.	1	2	1	2	0	Hartsel, 1.	1	0	1	6	1
Harley, 2	2	3	1	1	0	Fultz, m..	2	1	7	0	0
Barrett, m.	1	1	2	0	0	Davis, 3..	0	1	1	1	0
Holmes, r	1	2	0	1	0	L. Cross,	3	2	3	2	0
Elberfel, s	0	1	1	5	1	Seybold, r.	1	2	4	0	0
Gleason, 2	0	0	3	1	0	M. Cross, s	1	0	1	2	0
Wilson, c.	0	0	6	1	0	Powers, c.	0	1	5	1	0
M'G'ire, c	0	0	5	0	1	Castro, 2.	2	1	1	6	1
Miller, p.	1	2	1	2	0	Wiltse, p.	0	1	1	0	1
Totals..	6	13	24	11	4	Totals..	8	9	27	7	3

Philadelphia	0	0	4	0	0	0	4	0	*—	8
Detroit	0	0	1	0	0	0	5	0	0	—6

Two-base hits—Seybold 2, L. Cross. Three-base hit—Elberfeld. Stolen bases—Hartsel, Foltz, M. Cross 2, Castro. Double play—Powers and L. Cross. Left on bases—Detroit 10, Philadelphia 7. First base on balls—Off Miller, 5, off Wiltse 1. Hit by pitched ball—Gleason. Struck out—By Miller 3, by Wiltse 2. Wild pitch—Miller. Time—2:10. Umpire—Connolly.

WON IN THE FIRST.

Opportune Hits Gave Cleveland a Victory Over the Senators.

WASHINGTON, May 26.—Cleveland by making a couple of opportune hits in the first inning, won today's game from Washington. Wright pitched good ball until the ninth inning, when he gave way to Moore. Attendance, 3,115. Score:

Wash'ton.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.	Cleveland.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Ryan, m.	1	1	2	0	0	Pick'g, m.	1	1	2	0	0
Wolv'n, 2	0	1	1	0	0	Hemp'l, l	1	1	1	0	0
Kelly, l	0	0	1	0	0	Bradley, c	0	1	1	1	0
Keister, r	0	1	1	0	0	Wood, l...	1	1	1	4	0
Clingm, 2	0	0	2	3	0	Bonner, 2.	1	1	3	5	0
Carey, l..	0	1	1	5	0	Bradley, 3.	1	2	2	3	0
Coy, 3..	0	0	0	2	0	Bernard, r.	0	0	2	0	0
Clarke, c.	0	0	1	4	1	Beals, c..	0	1	4	2	0
Orth, p...	1	2	1	2	0	Wright, p.	1	1	1	0	0
						Moore, p..	0	0	0	0	0
Totals..	3	9	27	15	1	Totals...	6	9	27	17	0

Washington	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	—3
Cleveland	4	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	—6

Two-base hits—Pickering, Wood, Bradley. Three-base hit—Carey. Home run—Wright. Stolen bases—Hemphill, Keister. Double play—Bonner and Wood. Base on balls—Off Orth, 2; off Wright, 3. Hit by pitcher—By Wright, 1; by Moore, 1. Struck out—By Orth, 2; by Moore, 2. Left on bases—Washington, 9; Cleveland, 5. Time—2:00. Umpire—Sheridan.

BOSTON SHUT OUT.

Powell's Pitching Was Too Much for Collins' Batters.

BOSTON, May 26.—St. Louis outplayed Boston in every respect today and won 3 to 0. A running catch by Stahl and Powell's pitching were the features. Attendance 3,851. Score:

Boston.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.	St. Louis.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Parent, s.	0	0	2	3	1	Burkett, l.	0	0	4	0	0
Stahl, m.	0	2	2	0	1	Heid'k, m.	1	2	3	0	0
Collins, 3.	0	1	1	2	0	M'Cl'sk, 3	0	0	1	0	0
Freeman, r	0	1	1	0	0	Anders'n, 1	0	2	6	1	0
Wallace, l	0	0	1	0	0	Wallace, s	0	1	1	2	0
LaCh'ce, 1	0	0	12	2	0	Padden, 2.	1	1	2	2	0
Ferris, 2..	0	0	2	6	0	Maloney, r	1	0	3	1	0
Warner, c	0	0	6	1	0	Sugden, c.	0	1	8	0	0
Dineen, p.	0	0	0	3	0	Powell, p..	0	1	0	1	0
Totals..	0	4	27	17	3	Totals..	3	8	27	8	0

Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0
St. Louis	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	—3

Two-base hit—Anderson. Home run—Padden. Sacrifice hits—McCormick, Powell. Stolen base—Wallace. Double play—Maloney, Anderson and Sugden. First base on balls—Off Dineen, 1. Hit by pitched ball—By Dineen, 2. Struck out—By Dineen, 5; by Powell, 1. Umpire—Johnstone. Time—1:32.

KISKI BEAT NORMAL.

The Saltsburgh Boy Outplayed Their Opponents in the Field and at Bat.

INDIANA, PA., May 26.—(Special.)—Kiskiminetas won an exciting game from Indiana Normal here today. Normal was completely outplayed, both in the field and at the bat. McLane was a puzzle for Indiana and the work of Williams deserves equal praise, as errors by Indiana's infield practically gave Kiski their three runs. Normal's run was due to a base on balls and two wild pitches by McLane. Hits by Ramage and Portser, together with McCreight's wild throw, put Kiski two runs to the good in the first, and they were never headed. The fielding of Chambers, Davis, Owens, Springer and Clayson was excellent. McClintock's assist to Portser in the ninth killed Indiana's chance of tieing the score. Edmundson was fast on the bases. A heavy rain fell throughout the game and both pitchers were handicapped by the wet ball. About 50 rooters, some students and some Saltsburg fellows accompanied their team, as this is the game of the year for both teams. Normal plays at Kiski next Monday. Score:

Kiski.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.	Normal.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Ramage, c	1	2	0	3	0	Edm'son, 3	0	1	0	0	2
Harker, 2	1	1	0	1	0	Owens, 2..	0	0	2	0	0
M'Lane, p	0	0	0	1	0	M'Kown, l	0	0	7	0	1
Cort'field, l	0	0	1	1	0	Cham'bs, m	0	0	4	0	0
Portser, c	0	1	10	0	0	Wi'ms, p.	1	0	1	0	0
Clayson, 3	0	0	0	3	0	St. Clair, c	0	1	8	0	0
Spring'r, m	0	0	2	0	0	Davis, r..	0	0	2	0	0
M'Kalip, r	0	1	1	2	0	Calhoun,	1	0	0	0	0
M'Cr'ght, r	0	0	2	1	0	M'Cr'ght, s	0	0	0	2	2
Totals...	3	5	27	9	0	Totals...	1	2	24	5	6

Indiana	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1
Kiski	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	*—	3

Hit by pitcher—Edmundson 2, Chambers. Stolen bases—Springer, Clayson, Edmundson 5. Struck out—By Williams, 7; by McLane, 8. Bases on balls—Williams, Calhoun and Davis. Passed ball—St. Clair. Wild pitches—McLane, 2. Umpire—Harry Wainhart of Johnstown.

THE LATONIA DERBY WAS WON BY HARRY NEW

Ten Thousand People Watched 5-to-1-Shot Win Big Western Event.

ABE FRANK FINISHED LAST

The Event Proved a Costly One for the Bookies, as They All Quit Losers—Some Clever Races for Opening Day of Track.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

Cincinnati, May 26.—Harry New, from the stable of C. R. Ellison, won the Latonia derby today in easy fashion before a crowd of 10,000 people. South Trimble, who was favorite in the betting, coupled with Martin Burke as an entry, finished second, with his stable companion third. Abe Frank, the only other starter, finished a poor last. The closing price on the winner was 5 to 1. There was a big play on Harry New, and all the books quit losers to the race.

The derby was devoid of any sensational features. Otis, who rode the winner, allowed his mount to lag along in third position till the stretch was reached and with a little urging the colt came away from the others and won by five open lengths. South Trimble landed the place handily. Abe Frank made a bid for the money at the head of the stretch, but the heavy impost seemed to tell on his speed and he dropped back steadily in the end. South Trimble was last when the stretch turn was reached and was not equal to the task of overtaking the leader when called upon to do so.

The Betting Was Lively.

The other five races furnished lively betting and good sport. The track, despite the thorough soaking it received during the past few days, was in fairly good shape, but for those being fast. Weather rainy. Track slow.

First race, 6 furlongs—Death, 121, Coburn, 1 to 2, won; Jack Ratlin, 103, J. Ransch, 8 to 1, second; Foneda, 105, Buchanan, 3 to 1, third. Time, 1:17½. Judge Hargis, Maria Belle and Jelip ran.

Second race, mile, selling—Jena, 101, Lindsey, 11 to 10, won; Neise Morris, 99, J. Martin, 6 to 1, second; Inverness, 97, Minder, 5 to 2, third. Time, 1:44. Assassin, Thornwild, Glade Run ran.

Third race, 5 furlongs, 2-year-olds—Luralight, 107, Lindsey, 7 to 5, won; Chorus Boy, 105, Coburn, 7 to 5, second; Nancy Blake, 102, J. Ransch, 12 to 1, third. Time, 1:03½. Daisy Hawthorne, Queen Beth, Dottie Shuta, Murmur and Manchineel ran.

Fourth race, the Latonia Derby, net value $4,390, 1½ miles—Harry New, 114, Otis, 5 to 1, won; South Trimble, 114, Buchanan, 4 to 5, second; Maria Burke, 114, J. Ransch, 4 to 5, third. Time, 2:38½. Abe Frank ran. South Trimble and Martin Burke ran as Baker and Gentry entry.

Fifth race, 5 furlongs—Sheriff Belle, 110, Coburn, 4 to 5, won; Tesenco, 106, Robertson, 5 to 2, second; Burlap, 106, J. Martin, 9 to 1, third. Time, 1:03¾. Tom Hall, Kite Star and Festinet Light ran.

Sixth race, 1 mile, selling—Drummond, 103, Meinerney, 9 to 1, won; Chorus Boy, 114, Coburn, 9 to 5, second; Audiphone, 98, Dade, 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:43. Ed Adack, Lavator and Hinsdale ran.

The Entries for Today.

First race, 7 furlongs, selling—Mary Greenway, Jean Raphael, 97; King Tatius, George H., Little Jr., Chief, 98; The Miner, 101; Hesta, 104; Ginsen, 110.

Second race, 2-year-old maiden fillies, 4½ furlongs—Flora Willoughby, Gerda, Mary Glenn, Canajoharie, Sanctissima, Flash of Night, Maghone, 110.

Third race, selling, mile and 50 yards—Tragedy, 95, Phosphorus, 97, Gartar Belle, Edna Gerry, Fuller Bixby, 99; Secundus, 100; Frety Bostic, Lezeli, 101.

Fourth race, mile—Talpo, 91; Water Edge, 93; Jake Land, Hunter Rane, 96; Jessie Jarboe, The Manager, Thornwild, 103, Sam Shoaser, 98.

Fifth race, 4½ furlongs, 2-year-old maiden fillies—Snilly Belle, Two Lick, Ornadero, 107, Susie Hall, Edna Fitz, Allen, Ella Mayo, Flora Simon, Glorie Mudd, 110.

Sixth race, mile and 50 yards, selling—Darlene, 90, Dolly Wagner, Baffled, 95; Barquo II., 100; Grandon, 101, Baronet, Adiante, 104, J. J., 107.

*Apprentices allowance.

BROKE TRACK RECORD.

Contend Went Fast Mile and a Furlong at Gravesend.

NEW YORK, May 26.—Cameron and Hyphen were the only winning favorites at Gravesend today. The Patchogue stakes at about 6 furlongs was won by Cameron, the favorite, who was making his first appearance of the year. Contend, carrying 39 pounds in the second race at one mile and a furlong, making all the running, lowered the track record one second by covering it in 1:52 flat.

First race, about 6 furlongs, selling—Graden, 98, L. Jackson, 10 to 1 and 4 to 1, won; Smuggler, L. Smith, 20 to 1 and 8 to 1, second; Jim Tully, 95, Rice, 20 to 1 and 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:10 2-5. Lord Radnor, Mosketo, Bruff, Dr. Preston, Candling, Sam Scott, 105, and Golden Cottage, Bastile, Odds and Ends, Oclawaha, Hultzlopochtli and Ghost also ran. Bastile, Ghost, Odds and Ends, Oclawah and Hotzlipochtli left at the post.

Second race, handicap, 1 mile and a furlong—Contend, 99, H. Cochran, 10 to 1 and 4 to 1, won; Ethics, 105, T. Burns, 4 to 1 and 8 to 5, second; Kamarla, 108, O'Connor, 6 to 5 and 6 to 5, third. Time, 1:52. Lanceman, Surmise, Sadie S., St. Finnan and Col. Bill also ran.

Third race, for 2-year-olds, 5 furlongs—Plater, 110, Booker, 18 to 5 and 7 to 5, won; Mamie Worth, 111, Garrigan, 15 to 1 and 6 to 1, second; Our Nugget, 111, McGinn, 12 to 1 and 5 to 1, third. Time, 1:01 1-5. Discus, Old Lady, Rightful, Damon, Beseonhurst, Cinquevalli, Sadie O., Anna Daly, Tugal Boy and Stunts also ran.

Fourth race, the Patchogue stakes, about 6 furlongs—Cameron, 98, O'Connor, even and 2 to 5, won; Brunswick, 106, T. Burns, 6 to 1 and 2 to 1, second; Flying Buttress, 103, Shea, 20 to 1 and 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:10. Femesole, Jack Demund, Francesco, Delagoa and Cassville also ran.

Fifth race, 1 1-16 miles—Hyphen, 109, Odom, 9 to 10 and out, won; Hermis, 100, L. Jackson, 4 to 1 and 4 to 5, second; Bessie McCarthy, 104, O'Connor, 7 to 1 and 7 to 5, third. Time, 1:46 2-5. Leonora Loring also ran.

Sixth race, for maiden 2-year-olds, 5 furlongs—Wild Thyme, 109, O'Connor, 8 to 1 and 3 to 1, won; Brimstone, 112, Redfern, 10 to 1 and 4 to 1, second; Cincinnatus, 112, G. Thompson, 20 to 1 and 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:02. Invincible, Attorney, Napoleon, Heir Apparent, Athlana, Sunny Shore, Monte Carlo, Rockford, Panuce, Africander, Onyx and Svengali also ran.

The following the the Gravesend entries for tomorrow:

First race, high-weight handicap, about 6 furlongs—Swiftmas, 120; Belvino, 131; Isis, 120; Northern Star, 123; Royal, 122; Rossignol, 120; Flying Buttress, 118; Numeral, 117; Setauket, 114; Dachshund, 109; Chiron, 109.

Second race, selling, mile and 70 yards—King Raine, 111; Speedmas, 108; Satire, 104; Barbara Frietchie, 99; Fatalist, 93; H. L. Coleman, 94; Vassal Dance, 88; Alack, 87; Moy, 84.

Third race, 5 furlongs—Lady Albercraft, 114; Credulity, Loravale, Lad, Handspring, My Queen, Hergenie, Callkwater, Begone, 109.

Fourth race, Prioress stakes, one mile and 70 yards—Old England, Namter, Trump, Ignitor, Setauket, Northern Star, 118; Bon Mot, 108; Hindred, 103; Sun Shower, 88.

Fifth race, selling, 5 furlongs—Alan, 111; Rostand, 107; Ancke, 106; Lord Turco, 104; Kennard, 103; Glorioso, Warts, Night, 102; Col. Tyler, Gillis, Comely, 99; Plunger, Jake Kay, Money Bags, Flamboyant, 97; Johann King, 94; Squid, 92.

Sixth race, about 6 furlongs—Malden, 113; Rossignol, 110; Neither One, Sister Juliet, White Owl, 109; Brend Street, Knitter, Rose, Thane, Banner, 94; Busy Lady, Genessee, Pink Rose, 92.

Carnegie Road Race Postponed.

The road race at Carnegie, scheduled to take place on Decoration day, has been postponed until June 7. The race is for boys under 18.

The entry list is not yet large enough, on account of other bicycle races on Decoration day. The list closes June 5 at 10 a. m. For entries address Vincent Beadling, Box 222, Carnegie, Pa.

AMONG THE AMATEURS.

The Montour A. C. will play the Lawrenceville Tigers Decoration morning. All players are requested to report at 8:30 a. m. Friday at the clubhouse.

The A. K. Moores would like to hear from all 9 or 10-year-old teams for Decoration Day on our own grounds. Address T. Thompson, P. O. Box 960.

This afternoon Pittsburgh college will play Waynesburg college at Waynesburg. The Reserves will play Braddock High School on the college campus.

Manager Waugeman of the Allentown A. C. requests all members to report for practice Thursday at 6 p. m. Hartsell, Ward, Demer and Cartus please note above.

The Y. M. C. Juniors would like to arrange two games for Decoration Day away from home with any good 12-year-old team. Address Ray Clark, 315 6thst., city.

Dallas A. C. has Decoration morning open. Would like to hear from some 18 or 19-year-old uniformed team having grounds. Address W. F. Beckett, 6021 Hamilton avenue.

Martin, who played third for the postoffice clerks last Saturday, is requested to call up Bell 'phone 22 Sharpsburg, and ask for J. L. Ward, between 6 and 7 o'clock this evening.

The J. J. Smith Supply company team of Carnegie wants two games for Decoration day and the following Saturdays. Address J. L. Kane, Carnegie, box 359. L. D. Tel. 40. Will pay expenses.

The Shaffer A. C. of Etna would like to hear from any 14 or 15-year-old teams wanting games on Decoration day. Address James S. Kerr, 191 Butler street, Etna, Pa. 'Phone 24 Sharpsburg.

The Chalfant A. C. would like to hear from any 13 or 14-year-old teams who want games for Decoration day afternoon or any Saturday afternoon. Address William Miller, No. 28 Bridge street, Etna.

The Park A. C. would like to hear from the Frazier A. C. at once for a Decoration Day game, or any other eight or nine-year-old team desiring a Saturday game. Address Charles Stewart, 36 Glat st., city.

The St. Aloysius H. S. Reserves play P. H. S. Sophomores this afternoon on the latter's grounds. Clayton or Boyd and Kornblum will be Allegheny's battery. The Reserves play Sewickley H. S. on June 2.

Uniontown A. C. would like to hear from some good amateur team for game on June 7, and dates in August and September. Address J. H. Waugeman, manager, care American Plate Glass Company, Star works, city.

The Jefferson Reserves claim a game from the Plymouth A. C. for non-appearance on Saturday, May 24. Any eight or nine-year-old team wanting a game call Joe Hamilton, 609 Robert st., Allegheny.

East Liberty wants a game with some strong out of town team for Saturday. Address Lon Sebel, box 42, station A, Pittsburgh. East Liberty Juvenile High School has games at Friendship park on Decoration Day afternoon.

The Twilight A. C. will play the Gusky Orphans on July 4. A hot game is expected as both are confident of winning.

The Central A. C. would like to hear from any 14 to 15-year-old teams wanting games for Decoration day. Address John Chapman, per Jones & Laughlins city office.

The Braddock High school baseball team will have a busy time the next three or four days. The team has played three games since its organization a week ago, and has won all three. Tomorrow afternoon it will play the Pittsburgh college team at 3 o'clock at the latter's grounds in this city; tomorrow afternoon it will meet the Homestead L. A. C. team at Etna's Wade park. Homestead, and on Friday afternoon will play the Wilkinsburg club at Wilkinsburg.

BOUGHT MANY YEARLINGS

Captain Sam Brown of This City Secures Many Promising Colts in Kentucky.

LEXINGTON, KY., May 6.—(Special.)—Captain S. S. Brown, the Pittsburgh millionaire, has purchased from Milton Young ten yearling colts, the pick of the McGrathiana collection. The price paid was $16,500. The sale was consummated some weeks ago, but the list of colts was never given out. It includes a half-brother to the Thames Stakes winner, Blue Grass, and the sensational Vulcain, half-brother to Nantucket, and near relative of other good performers.

Following is the list in full:

Chestnut colt by Imp. Pirate of Penzance—Gleam (dam of Nantucket, Stardust, etc.), by Imp. Glenelg.

Bay colt by Imp. Pirate of Penzance—Quetta, by Jils Johnson.

Brown colt by Imp. Pirate of Penzance—Fertile, by Favor.

Brown colt by Imp. Knight of the Thistle—Arrowgrass (dam of Vulcain, Blue Grass, Irish Lad, etc.), by Enquirer or Bramble.

Bay colt by Ben Brush—Imp. Elf (dam of Gnome, Glenwood, etc.), by Galliard.

Bay colt by Ben Brush—Imp. Glen Fairy (dam of Fairy Dell), by Forager.

Chestnut colt by Handball—Florence M. (dam of Goose Liver, Strathmac, Holdup, etc.), by Alarm or Strachino.

Brown colt by Troubadour—Merced, by Imp. Chevlot.

Brown filly by Imp. Pirate of Penzance—Cicily, by Jils Johnson.

Brown colt by Handball—Wilderness, by Exile.

HOMING BIRDS' FLIGHT.

Homestead Pigeons Made Fast Time From Indiana.

The Homestead District of the National Federation of A. H. P. F. held their third race from Greenfield, Ind., the 360-mile station, yesterday. The birds were held over Sunday for some unknown reason and liberated by William Tague, Adams express agent, at 5:30 a. m., who telegraphed time of tossing, but forgot about the weather, which made no difference judging from the result of speed made. The first loft to report was J. J. Tyler's of Wilkinsburg, at 12:07, making an average speed of 1,634.98 yards, breaking the best record previously made by Homestead district. The next to report was William E. Phillips of North Braddock, average speed, 1,597.68 yards, followed by J. M. Skiles of Pigeon Hill, R. E., with average speed of 1,578.19 yards. Next to arrive was loft of R. V. Blankenbuehler, Elizabeth, Pa., average speed, 1,519.10 yards, and Samuel Stoupp of Homestead with a speed of 1,080.17 yards. The next race will be held Saturday, May 31, from Terra Haute, Ind., the 400-mile station.

RECORD ENTRY LIST FOR THE SCHOOL MEET

Over 200 Contestants for the Schenley Track Sports on Saturday.

BROKERS HELP THE BOYS

W. I. Mustin Taking Up Subscriptions for the Handsomest Trophy Ever Offered in Local School Meet. Seven Schools in Line.

The greatest interscholastic field and track meet ever held in Western Pennsylvania for which the entries closed last night has received a new token of the well wishes of prominent Pittsburgh business men in the presentation of a trophy cup for the team winning the greatest number of points at Schenley park on Satuhday.

The brokers of the Pittsburgh stock exchange will buy the boy athletes one of the handsomest trophies ever competed for in a school meet, W. I. Mustin being the leader in the movement and handing the subscription papers. The cup may cost over $100 if the generosity of the brokers already touched is equaled by those remaining. The selection of the cup is to be left to John Barbour, Jr., who had vast experience in such matters when president of the old P. A. C.

There are seven schools in the list of entries, four from the two cities and three from without. Allegheny High school enters 12, Kiskiminetas school of Saltsburg, Pa., enters 22; W. & J. academy at Washington, Pa., enters 11; Allegheny Preparatory school enters 8;

FIREMEN READY TO OBEY ORDER TO QUIT MONDAY

Engineers and Pumpmen Are Not So Unanimous on Question of Striking.

ONE PLANT CLOSED DOWN

Men at Cranberry Refuse to Work Because One of Their Number Is Discharged—Miners Leaving for Europe—Price of Coal Raised.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

Wilkesbarre, Pa., May 26.—It is still a matter of conjecture whether the mines in the anthracite region will be completely shut down next Monday when the order issued by the executive boards of the united miners determing the hours of work and wages to be paid engineers, firemen and pump runners goes into effect. The operators claim they will have all the help necessary to keep the pumps and engines running.

The United Mine workers and the officers of the Stationary Firemen's association claim that unless the coal companies grant the demands the majority of the engineers, firemen and pumpmen will quit.

A call was issued tonight for a mass meeting of engineers, pumpmen and firemen in the Wyoming region in this city next Friday evening. At a largely attended meeting in this city tonight a committee from Local Nos. 484, United Mine workers, reported that they had called upon many engineers during the day and that nearly all had given their word that they would join the other strikers next Monday. The firemen will strike almost to a man.

State Secretary Mullahy says the entire brotherhood of stationary firemen will quit work next Monday. The firemen have a membership of 1,000 at Mayfield, Shamokin, Mt. Carmel, Girardville, Pittston, Scranton and Wilkesbarre. Secretary Mullahy also claims 80 per cent of the engineers and pumpmen will strike.

HAZLETON, PA., May 26.—Information reached the headquarters of the mine workers today that a majority of the engineers, firemen and pumpmen at the Cranberry colliery of A. Pardee & Co. quit because of the refusal of the company to reinstate a discharged pumpman. About 60 men are affected.

Superintendent Frank Pardee said this afternoon that the places of most of the striking engineers, firemen and pump runners have been filled.

Cars were taken to the Cranberry colliery tonight for the use of the non-union pumpmen and firemen, who will be boarded in a house a short distance from the mine. Special officers will be on guard.

NEW YORK, May 26.—One hundred men, women and children, the men being miners from the Pennsylvania coal regions, were in Hoboken today. They were booked to sail for Europe on the steamers Scotia and Pennsylvania. Those for the last named vessel got away, but the others will be compelled to wait several days, as the Scotia has not arrived.

The retail price of domestic anthracite coal for delivery in this city was raised today from $6 35 to $7 50 per ton.

BLAIRSVILLE MINERS REFUSED TO QUIT WORK

Marching and Music Have Not Affected the Coal Output in That District.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

BLAIRSVILLE, PA., May 26.—Today's developments in the strike of the local coal miners have been of rather discouraging nature to the leaders. Yesterday it was expected that as a result of last week's music and marching there would be but few at work this morning. Instead, however, the usual quota of men went to work and the mines shipped the full amount of coal. Were the visiting strikers and leaders to leave here the trouble would be over the instant they departed. The critical thing now is the resentment the men who desire to work feel against those who are persuading them of strike, and if the latter go too far a collision is bound to occur.

The former say they are competent to manage their affairs and when told that their coming will aid the strikers in the west end of the district they point out what the leaders did three years ago when the Blairsville miners were on a strike and requested the others to help them by going out. The request was answered by an invitation to seek a warmer climate.

Today's efforts were wound up with a parade in the evening. An attempt to coerce the local miners to join it failed.

Excursion to Conneaut Lake Decoration Day.

Special train from P. & W. station Allegheny, 8 a. m., city time. Round trip $1.50.

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion Cheerfulness and Rest Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Mid. Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER

Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

NEW YORK.

At 6 months old

35 DOSES - 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

TONSILINE CURES SORE THROAT.

CARPENTER

AND BUILDER. TELEPHONE 1367.

D. F. CRAWFORD, 603 Fifth Ave.

Repairing Promptly Attended To.

THE COLONIAL TRUST COMPANY AND ALLIED COMPANIES,

317 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH, PA.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION —OF— THE COLONIAL TRUST COMPANY At the Close of Business May 22nd, 1902.

RESOURCES.

Cash on hand		$ 120,638 92
Checks and other cash items		1,696 22
Due from banks and bankers		1,917,825 44
Commercial and other paper owned		175,100 00
Call loans upon collateral		5,938,537 85
Time loans upon collateral		100,217 16
Investment securities owned, viz.: stocks, bonds, etc.		1,574,550 00
Real estate, furniture and fixtures		237,723 18
Overdrafts		50 26
Miscellaneous assets		19,283 72
		$8,085,572 75

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$1,462,132 50
Surplus fund		2,193,198 75
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		17,866 26
Deposits, subject to check	$3,420,668 81	
Deposits, special	990,086 70	
Due to banks and bankers	10,000 00	
Treasurer's checks	81,619 63	
		4,412,375 14
		$8,085,572 75

REPORT OF THE CONDITION —OF— CITY TRUST COMPANY At the Close of Business May 22nd, 1902.

RESOURCES.

Cash on hand		$ 46,059 10
Checks and other cash items		169 74
Due from banks and bankers		356,168 23
Commercial and other paper owned		627,568 47
Call loans upon collateral		1,483,474 00
Time loans upon collateral		71,900 00
Loans upon bonds and mortgages		11,000 00
Investment securities owned, viz.:		
Stocks, bonds, etc.	$351,317 50	
Mortgages	203,995 75	
		555,313 25
Real estate, furniture and fixtures		175,451 94
Overdrafts		382 22
		$3,305,384 95

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 500,000 00
Surplus fund		750,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		46,015 30
Deposits, subject to check	$1,904,369 65	
Deposits, special		
Due to banks and bankers	15,000 00	
		$3,305,384 95

REPORT OF THE CONDITION —OF— THE FREEHOLD BANK At the Close of Business May 22nd, 1902.

RESOURCES.

Due from banks and bankers		$ 431,957 17
Loans and discounts		4,949,720 85
Investment securities owned, viz.:		
Stocks, bonds, etc.	$749,585 00	
Mortgages	140,978 40	
		890,563 40
Overdrafts		1,117 35
Miscellaneous assets		7,143 19
		$6,280,501 96

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$2,000,000 00
Surplus fund	1,000,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	62,845 91
Deposits, subject to check $4,877,585 20	
Demand certificates of deposit 148,930 85	
	5,026,516 05
Cashier's checks outstanding	290 00
	$6,280,501 96

By the merger of the Colonial Trust Company and the City Trust Company the combined assets of said companies are:

Capital Stock	$2,000,000.00
Surplus	$3,150,000.00
Undivided Profits	$63,881.66
Deposits	$6,421,744.79

The Colonial Trust Company is also the owner of 3,990 out of 4,000 shares of The Freehold Bank stock, with a

Capital of	$200,000.00
Surplus	$1,000,000.00
Undivided Profits	$62,845.91
Deposits	$5,026,516.05

which assets are not included in the above compilation.

Interest at 2% paid on checking accounts.

Interest at 4% paid on savings accounts.

Acts in all trust capacities, such as guardian, administrator, executor, assignee, receiver, &c.

OFFICERS:

President: MR. JOSHUA RHODES — Vice President: MR. JAMES C. CHAPLIN — Secretary and Treasurer: MR. HOMER C. STEWART

DIRECTORS

MR. JOSHUA RHODES — Capitalist; President Allegheny National Bank, and Director Philadelphia Company.

MR. JAMES C. CHAPLIN — Vice President; formerly Treasurer of Fidelity Title & Trust Company, Pittsburgh.

MR. M. K. M'MULLIN — Banker and Broker and Director Philadelphia Company.

MR. E. C. CONVERSE — Director of United States Steel Corporation.

HON. WILLIAM FLINN — Chairman Booth & Flinn, Limited. Director of Sharon Steel Company, and President of Wheeling Gas Company.

DIRECTORS

MR. JAMES S. KUHN — President Pittsburgh Bank for Savings. President First National Bank of McKeesport. President American Water Works and Guarantee Company.

MR. WILLIAM H. LATSHAW — Second Vice President of National Tube Company.

MR. GEORGE H. FLINN — Secretary and Treasurer Booth & Flinn, Limited, and Chairman Beechwood Improvement Company, Limited.

HON. CHARLES L. FAIRCHILD — President New York Security & Trust Company and Ex-Secretary of the Treasury.

MR. GEORGE W. DARR — President Sharon Steel Company. Darr, Luke & Moore, Bankers and Brokers, New York and Pittsburgh.

REAL ESTATE TRUST COMPANY

OF PITTSBURGH, PA.

Statement at Close of Business, May 22, 1902:

ASSETS:

Collateral Loans,	$3,238,413.13
Mortgage Loans,	1,314,229.63
Bonds and Other Investments,	781,593.68
Furniture and Fixtures,	19,747.47
Interest Accrued,	32,525.11
Due From Banks,	566,810.82
Cash,	87,558.33
Total,	$6,040,878.17

LIABILITIES:

Capital Stock,	$2,000,000.00
Surplus Funds,	1,500,000.00
Undivided Profits, Net,	192,506.85
Deposits,	2,348,371.32
Total,	$6,040,878.17

Dividends—$80,000 paid since January 1, 1902, from earnings—have been deducted from undivided profits.

Receives money on deposit subject to check, on which accounts it pays 2 per cent interest on daily balances.

Receives money on savings accounts, on which it pays 4 per cent interest.

Acts as Agent for buying, selling or renting real estate.

Attends especially to the management of real estate and of collection and remittance of rents.

Acts as Transfer Agent, Registrar of stocks and bonds of corporations and municipalities. Trustee of corporation mortgages and depository of reorganization.

Receives and executes trusts of every description under the appointments of courts, corporations and individuals.

Chartered to act as Executor, Administrator, Guardian, Assignee, Agent, etc.

Receives wills for safe keeping without charge.

Makes loans on collaterals or on bond and mortgage at lowest market rates.

BUSINESS AND PERSONAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED.

OFFICERS:

DAVID P. BLACK, President. — J. LEDLIE GLONINGER, Treasurer.
GEO. T. OLIVER, Vice President. — ROBERT J. DAVIDSON, Secretary.
JAMES N. JARVIS, Trust Officer.

DIRECTORS:

Geo. T. Oliver, of Oliver-Snyder Steel Co.
Joseph Wood, Third Vice President of the Pennsylvania Co.
Jas. W. Grove, President Monongahela National Bank.
W. H. Keech, President of W. H. Keech Co.
W. F. Lloyd, of H. Lloyd, Son & Co., Iron Manufacturers.
Chas. D. Armstrong, of Armstrong Cork Co.
Chas. McKnight, President National Bank of Western Pennsylvania.
R. A. Phillips, Capitalist.
Geo. B. Motheral, of Knox & Reed.
J. Ledlie Gloninger, of Black & Gloninger.
David P. Black, of Black & Gloninger.

REAL ESTATE TRUST COMPANY,

311 FOURTH AVENUE.

The New Woman Question

By OPIE READ, In

NEXT SUNDAY'S GAZETTE

E. W. Harden's Daily New York Business Letter

STEEL COMBINE IS NEGOTIATING FOR BESSEMER

Corporation Said to Be Buying Pig Iron for Delivery Next Year.

PRICES MAY GO HIGHER

Officials of the Company Believe That the Trend of Quotations Will Be Upward—They Entertain No Fear of Over-Production.

New York, May 26.—It is understood in trade circles that the United States Steel Corporation is negotiating for the purchase of 100,000 tons of Bessemer pig to be delivered in the second quarter of 1903. The story could not be confirmed today at authoritative sources, but it is generally believed.

Not only has the United States Steel Corporation made a practice of investing its negotiations for the purchase of pig iron with a great deal of secrecy, but its officials are known to have adopted the policy of buying iron a long way ahead, believing that the trend of prices will be upward for another year at least.

Therefore the story is technically probable. The managers of the United States Steel Corporation are better prepared than those of any rival concern to judge the future of the pig iron market, for the reason that the business on their books gives them a pretty definite idea how much raw material will be needed to supply the demand for finished products.

The present "sold up" condition of the combine's finishing plants, therefore, is sufficient explanation of the United States Steel Corporation's policy of buying pig iron a year ahead. Practically all of the mills of the combine are booked for the remainder of the year. Advices from the southern districts show that pig iron continues very firm in that region, and also that the stocks on hand are the lowest ever known.

No Fear of Over-production.

Although the current production of iron and steel generally is in the largest volume in the country's history, the best trade authorities are not apprehensive of over-production. It is the testimony of nearly all producing interests that during the next 12 months they could sell 30 per cent more iron and steel than they are able to produce.

It was officially stated today that the Sharon Steel Company had sold its entire output to January 1, except wire nails. It is said further that the company could dispose of the entire output of iron and steel it is able to produce.

"Bulls" on the steel situation have a happy retort to those who are disposed to believe that the high tide of things has been reached. The Boer war had the effect of creating a very profitable market for iron and steel. It would be difficult to exaggerate the importance of the restoration of peace in South Africa to the iron and steel trades. The reconstruction of the Transvaal will require millions of tons of iron and steel and in addition to this South Africa will be an infinitely greater export market than it has been, for the simple reason that the war has advertised the country and its possibilities.

May Go to Lead Combine.

Interests identified with the National Lead Company are not disposed to discuss the plans of the proposed lead combination, although it is stated in well-informed circles that the National Lead Company will ultimately become a part of the consolidated concern. It is pointed out that National Lead shares have in no way been influenced by the reported amalgamation of the lead deposits controlled by the Ryan-Whitney-Guggenheim interests, but that a strength in the National Lead shares should continue upward in the face of the formation of such a formidable rival.

However, people who keep in close touch with the affairs of the company say that the upward movement in National Lead represents buying for control. In fact, it is believed by many that Thomas F. Ryan and his associates control sufficient stock to induce the National Lead Company to enter the combination.

A statement issued by a principal lead concerns is quoted today as saying that if the proposed plans to form a lead combine are carried out, they will be consummated within 30 days. The Union Lead & Oil Company is capitalized at $15,000,000 and the National Lead Company at $20,000,000. The stock of the Union company is very closely held, and it has never been traded in on any of the exchanges.

It will be remembered that last year an effort was made to amalgamate the Union Lead & Oil Company and the American Linseed Company. The deal was thwarted by Rockefeller interests who secured control of the Linseed Company and refused to enter the combine.

E. W. HARDEN.

IN THE MONEY MARTS.

Call Loans Steady in New York, Also Sterling Exchange.

NEW YORK, May 26.—Money or call steady at 2½@3½ per cent; closing bid and asked, 2½@3 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 4½@5 per cent; sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4 87 for demand and at $4 84 ⅝@4 85 for 60 days; posted rates, $4 85½@4 88; commercial bills, $4 83¾@4 84¾; bar silver, 51½c; Mexican dollars, 41½c. Government bonds steady; state bonds inactive; railroad bonds irregular.

LONDON, May 26.—Money, 2¼@3 per cent; discount for short bills is 2⅝@2 13-16 per cent; three months' bills is 2 13/32@2 13-16 per cent. Amount of bullion taken in the Bank of England on balances today, £40,000. Gold premiums: Buenos Ayres, 136.10; Madrid, 38.87; Lisbon, 26⅝; Rome, 1.90.

BERLIN, May 26.—Exchange on London, 20 marks 47½ pfgs for checks. Discount rates—Short bills, 1½ per cent; three months' bills, 2⅛ per cent.

PARIS, May 26.—Three per cent rentes, 101 francs 22½ centimes for the account. Exchange on London, 25 francs 21½ centimes for checks. Spanish 4s closed at 78.87.

New York Curb Stocks.

Henry Sproul & Co. furnish the following closing bids on active stocks traded in on the "curb," or outside the New York stock exchange:

American Can.....	13⅛	International Salt..	14
Do preferred....	54	New Am. Gas Se..	112
Am. H. & L....	7⅜	North. Securities..	100
Do preferred...	38½	N. Y. Elec. V. Tr.	13¼
Am. Elev. R. H..	1⅛	Otis Elevator.....	31⅛
Bay State Gas...	7	Do preferred....	100
Brit. Col. Copper.	5	P., R. & L. E....	36
Brooklyn Ferry...	15	Roy. Pk. Pd. pfd.	105½
Electric Boat....	25	Seaboard Airline..	25½
Do preferred...	45	Do preferred....	45⅞
Electric Vehicle..	7	Standard Oil....	625
Do preferred...	14½	Tenn. Copper.....	11
General Carriage.	1⅝	Union Copper.....	5¾
Greene Con. Cop.	22⅝	White Knobb Cop..	22
Havana Com'l Co.	18	N. & W. Poco bds	92
Do preferred...	58	United Copper....	36¼

Philadelphia Stocks.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., May 26.—The closing bids were as follows:

Penna. R. R....	74⅜	Indianapolis	65
Phila. Traction..	97⅛	Tidewater Steel ..	5½
Union Traction..	40⅜	Cambria Steel....	39¼
Elec. & Peo. Trac.	36⅝	Lehigh Val. Coal..	4
Con. Trac. N. J..	69	American Sys....	46
Con. Lake Sup....	29¼	Alkali	⅝
Storage common.	80	Asphalt 5s	27
Do preferred...	88	Philadelphia Co....	45¾
Marsden	9⅜	Lehigh Valley....	84½
Phila. Elect.....	5¼	Sup. preferred....	75¾
U. Gas Imp.....	103	Powder	8

Boston Stocks.

BOSTON, May 26.—Stocks closed:

Atchison	79⅝	American Sugar..	128⅝
Do preferred..	98⅛	Do preferred....	118⅝
Boston & Albany.	261	Am. Tel. & Tel..	170½
Boston & Maine.	198	Dom. I. & Steel..	55
Boston Elevated.	185½	N. E. Gas & Coke.	4
Fitchburg pfd....	145	United Fruit.....	109
Union Pacific....	104⅛	U. S. Steel	40
Mexican Central.	26⅝	Do preferred....	90

Electric Stocks.

BOSTON, May 26.—Electric stocks closed:

General Electric.	314	Mass. Electric....	43⅞
West. common....	106		

NEWS FROM THE MINES

[BY PRIVATE WIRE TO THE GAZETTE.]

NEW YORK, May 26.—The mining industry is unusually active and prosperous in the Black Hills. Renewed prospecting is revealing fine outlook and capital seems inclined to invest freely in new property. The tonnage treated by the plants in the district is 5,970 per day and the output will be increased to 8,000 tons before the end of the year.

Nearly all the big mines of the Amalgamated Company in the Butte district, Montana, are at work, but with smaller forces than usual. Shipments from the Anaconda and Parrot to Anaconda amount to 4,500 tons daily and 3,000 tons from other mines are going to Great Falls.

The recent strikes of gold quartz near the head of Rock Creek, Montana, gives signs of causing a stampede to the district.

J. H. Farish, the mining expert of Denver, is at the North Moccasin mountain, Montana, examining the Barnes King group for the New York syndicate, which holds the bond for $1,000,000 on it.

Stratton's independence at Cripple Creek is continuing heavy shipments. The output averages 70 broad gauge cars daily.

Leadville reports the production of iron at the Minnie 300 tons daily.

While plowing in the Gold Hill district in Southern Oregon last week, a farmer uncovered a large number of quartz chunks. Some of them were nearly half gold and worth $130 each.

The Metal Market.

The local market for tin was very quiet, with quoted prices unchanged. Spot closed at 29.05@30.25c. The London market was steady, but quiet and without important change. Spot closed at £28 10s and futures at £28 2 10s. Copper was quiet here and slightly higher for Lake, but with other grades were not essentially changed. A lot of 30,000 pounds electrolytic for September sold at 12c. Lead is closing here as follows: Standard, spot to August, 12c; Lake, 12.70@12.90c; electrolytic, 12.87½@12.50c; casting, 12½@12¾c. The London copper market was steady but unchanged at £50 for spot and futures. Lead at New York closed at 4.44c and London declined 5s 3d, to £11 10s. Spelter was unchanged here at 4.75c, and also unchanged abroad, with London at £18 10s. The commercial sheet showed little feature and no change in prices. Warrants were nominal. No. 1 foundry, northern, $19 50@20 50; No. 2 foundry, northern, $19 50@20 50; No. 1 foundry, southern, soft, $18 50@19 50. Foreign markets were higher. Glasgow closed at 54s and Middlesboro at 49s 6d.

Boston Copper Mining Stocks.

A. E. Masten & Co., 308 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh, furnish the following closing bids of copper and mining stocks in Boston:

Adventure	9¼	Quincy.....	180
Amalgamated	69⅞	Rhode Island.....	2¾
Arcadian	5⅜	Tamarack	170
Atlantic	32	U. S. Mining.....	20½
Bingham	4	Victoria	4¼
Calumet	595	Wolverine	55
Centennial	19⅜	Winona	3
Elm River	3½	Allouez	3½
Franklin	13	Black Diamond....	6
Mass	25	Calumet & Ariz..	48
Mohawk	42⅝	Greene	27⅝
Michigan	12⅝	Nevada & Bost...	2⅝
Osceola	62	Phoenix	4¾
Old Dominion....	20½	Union Fruit	108
Old Colony.....	34	Consc.Virginia..	58⅞

*Asked.

New York Mining Stocks.

NEW YORK, May 26.—Mining stocks closed:

Adams Con.....	.20	Little Chief.....	.12
Alice	.45	Ontario	8.00
Breese	.50	Ophir	1.25
Brunswick Con..	.10	Potosi	.60
Comstock Tunnel	.05¾	Potosi	.06
Con. Cal. & Va.	1.40	Savage	.12
Deadwood Terra.	1.60	Sierra Nevada	.20
Horn Silver.....	1.25	Small Hopes	.40
Iron Silver.....	.78	Standard	3.25
Leadville Con....	.05		

Week Opens More Active in Wall Street

BIG HOLDERS ARE DUMPING THEIR STOCKS

Failure of Favorable Developments to Draw Bidders Causes Them to Act.

LITTLE DEPRESSING NEWS

Strike's Spread to the Virginias Only Thing of an Unfavorable Nature in Business—Lower Values in the Standard Stocks.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

New York, May 26.—There was rather more activity in the market today than during the latter part of last week, but it was at the expense of values of standard stocks. There were some specialties which made striking advances, which would have served as a sustaining influence under ordinary circumstances. Neither was there any bad news to account for the selling. The day's immediate developments were rather favorable. But the failure of the favorable developments and of the persistent hardness of the market to attract any general speculative demand for stocks served to discourage some considerable holders, who have tired of the passivity of the market, with the result that they unloaded considerable lines today. There seemed to be a large speculative line of St. Paul, Union Pacific and less amounts of various other stocks which were urgently pressed for sale. The only immediate news of a depressing character was the spread of the coal mining labor trouble into some portions of the soft coal fields in Virginia and West Virginia. The rate for call money settled down to a quiet 3 per cent basis without inducing any notable demand in the foreign exchange market for return of borrowed money abroad.

Banks Nurse Their Reserve.

But despite the relief accorded by the large sums borrowed on the European continent and from our own domestic centers, there is some solicitude apparent in financial circles over the future meeting of the large obligations which have been incurred. Bankers are inclined to nurse their reserve to some extent in order to strengthen their position against the future need. It is believed that the trust companies are also disposed to build up their reserves in compliance with the intimidation from the clearing house authorities that the total volume of outstanding credits ought to have greater reserves back of them than those included in the banks' reserve alone. The retention of the exchange rate at the low level, despite the easing of the money market is the more remarkable in view of the considerable buying of British consols for American account. The arrangement for the holding of certificates which are negotiable in this country has resulted, according to an official of the bank which made the arrangement, in the purchase of some $10,000,000 worth of consols for account of various banks in this country.

Peace Inspires Confidence.

The apparent approach of peace in South Africa was an inspiriting influence in foreign stock markets, but seemed to be disregarded here. Canadian Pacific continued its remarkable advance, which gave rise to rumors of something like a struggle for control between the present dominant interest and the Northern Securities group. There were a few minor points of strength among the railroads. Rutland preferred scored a nine-point recovery on light transactions. Among the industrials, which were as irregular as the railroads, Pressed Steel Car was conspicuous for a rise of nearly five points, without explanation. Favorable news from the crops, continued increases in railroad earnings reported for the third of May and generally encouraging news from all branches of industry except the coal trade seemed to be ignored in the trading. The market closed quite active and irregular, but with many prominent stocks at about the lowest.

The bond market was rather dull and irregular. Total sales, par value, $2,045,000. United States bonds were all unchanged on the last call.

NEW YORK CLOSING BONDS.

U. S. ref. 2s, reg.	106⅞	Hock. Val. 4½s..	110
Do coupon	106⅞	L. & N. uni. 4s..	103¼
Do 3s, reg.....	107¾	Mex. Central 4s..	82¾
Do coupon	107¾	Do 1st Inc.....	25
Do new 4s, reg.	136½	M. & St. L. 4s....	105
Do coupon.....	136½	M., K. & T. 4s....	101¾
Do old 4s, reg..	110⅜	Do 2ds	82⅞
Do coupon.....	110⅜	Do gen. 4s.....	104⅜
Do 5s, reg.....	105½	Do gen. 2½s.....	70
Do coupon.....	105½	N. J. C. gen. 5s..	138¾
Atch. gen. 4s....	103⅛	North Pacific 4s..	105
Do 2s	79¾	Do 3s	72⅝
B. & O. 4s.....	102⅜	N. & W. con. 4s..	96¾
Do 3½s	96	Reading gen. 4s..	96⅞
Do conv. 4s....	107	St. L. & I.M.con.5s.	116½
Canada So. 2d s..	102⅜	St. L. & S. F. 4s..	98
Cent. of Ga. 5s..	108⅞	St. L. & S. F. g. 4s	98
Do 1st inc.....	86	S. A. & A. P. 4s..	89½
C. & O. 4½s.....	108½	Southern Pac. 4s..	85⅞
C., B. & Q. 4s....	102⅜	Southern Ry. 5s...	122¼
C., B. & Q. 5s....	116⅜	Tex. & Pac. 1sts..	124
C., M. & St. P. g.	115	T., St. L. & W. 4s.	62½
C. & N. con. 7s..	134	Union Pacific 4s..	107⅝
C., R. I. & P. 4s..	93⅞	Do conv. 4s.....	97¾
C. C. C. & St. L. g.	104½	Wabash 1sts	120
Chicago Ter. 4s..	89½	Do 2ds	112
Chi. & South. 4s..	89½	Do deb. B.....	75¾
D. & R. G. 4s....	100½	West Shore 4s.....	113
Erie prior lien 4s.	109	W. & L. E. 4s.....	94
Do gen. 4s.....	87⅜	Wis. Cent. 4s.....	94½
Ft. W. & D. C. 1sts.	114½	Con. Tobacco 4s..	67

Treasury Statement.

WASHINGTON, May 26.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $190,744,259; gold coin and bullion, $91,169,231; United States notes, $8,131,100; treasury notes of 1890, $161,447; national bank notes, $9,069,608; total receipts this day, $4,307,511; total disbursements, $4,554,410; total receipts this year, $504,952,080; total expenditures this day, $880,000; total expenditures this month, $30,476,000; total expenditures this year, $484,950,950; deposits in national banks, $125,000,449.

WALL STREET FEATURES.

Total sales Monday, 513,200 shares; par value, $2,045,000.

The sales of United States Steel were 9,550 common and 2,800 preferred.

Spread of coal strike to the Virginias the only bad news to affect the market.

Big holders tire of waiting for bidders and dump large blocks of stocks into the market, causing slight decline.

Call money is quiet at 3 per cent, with but little demand.

Peace rumors still affect the buying; $10,000,000 worth of British consols are now held in this country.

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NEW YORK PRICES.

Daily range of prices reported by Messrs. Henry Sproul & Co., Peoples Savings bank building, members of New York, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh and Chicago stock exchanges and Chicago board of trade:

Sales.	STOCKS.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
13200	A., T. & S. Fe.	80⅜	80½	79⅝	79⅝
800	Do preferred..	98½	98½	98¼	98
	Am. Cotton Oil.	....	....	....	52½
	Do preferred..	....	....	....	92½
4100	Am. Sug. Ref.	128⅝	129½	128¼	128⅝
2500	Am. Locomotive	32	32⅜	31⅞	32
600	Do preferred..	93½	93⅝	92¾	93¾
18500	Am. Car Found.	31	31⅜	30½	31
1800	Do preferred..	90⅜	91	90¼	90⅜
	American Can..	....	....	....	13¾
	Do preferred..	....	....	....	54
19800	Amalga. Copper	71	71	69⅝	70
800	Anaconda Cop. M	118½	118½	117½	117
14500	Am. Smelt & Ref	49¾	49⅝	48⅝	48⅝
5400	Do preferred..	97½	97⅝	97⅜	97½
	American Ice....	18	18¼	18	18
	Do preferred..	....	....	....	60½
300	Balt. & Ohio...	106⅜	106⅜	106¼	106
	Do preferred..	....	....	....	95
10700	Brooklyn Rap. Tr	68⅝	68¾	67⅝	67⅝
117600	Canadian Pac...	158	161⅜	157⅜	159
2200	Chicago Gt. W..	29¼	29¼	28⅝	28½
500	Consolidated Gas	222½	222½	222¼	222½
100	Col. Fuel & St. L	....	....	....	60
00	Ches. & Ohio....	....	....	....	48⅝
1400	Chicago & Alton	38	38	37⅜	37⅝
2200	Chi. Great West.	16⅞	16⅞	16⅝	16⅝
100	Chi., Ind. & Lou	....	....	....	74
	Chi. & N.W....	....	....	....	247½
13400	Col. Fuel & Iron	161½	161½	99½	160½
1000	Colorado South..	31¼	31¼	30⅝	31
100	Do 1st pfd.....	42	42	42	42
	D., L. & W....	....	....	....	202
800	Del. & Hud. Can.	176⅛	176¼	175½	175
100	Erie	38⅜	38⅝	38⅜	38½
1800	Do 1st pfd.....	67½	67⅝	67⅜	67⅝
500	Do 2nd pfd.....	51½	51⅝	51	50⅝
	Gen. Electric....	....	....	....	131
1400	Illinois Central.	154⅛	154⅛	153	152⅝
400	Iowa Central....	45⅛	45⅛	45	45
200	Do preferred..	84½	83⅝	83¼	83½
200	Int. Paper.....	21	21	20¾	21
	Do preferred..	....	....	....	74
	Int. Paper.....	....	....	....	70
	L. E. & W.....	....	....	....	64½
500	Do preferred..	....	....	....	125
900	Lake Shore.....	140	140	138¼	138
600	Manhattan	132⅜	133	132⅜	132⅝
2200	Missouri Pacific	100	100⅜	99⅛	99⅝
200	M., K. & T. pfd	55½	56½	55½	55½
1000	Metropolitan....	150	150	149	149½
900	Mexican Cent....	27⅜	27⅝	27¼	27¼
5800	National Lead...	22¾	23⅜	22¾	22
	Do preferred..	....	....	....	96½
400	New York Cent..	147½	148	147½	147¾
	Do preferred..	105	105⅛	105	105
3500	N. Y. Central...	157⅛	157⅛	156	156⅛
600	N. Y., O. & W..	52⅜	52⅜	52⅜	52⅜
1000	Norfolk & West..	66½	66⅞	66½	66⅝
	Do preferred..	....	....	....	83
100	North Am. Co....	....	....	....	141⅞
1500	Ont. & W. Coke..	102⅝	102⅝	101⅞	101⅞
	Pacific Mail....	47½	48	47½	47⅝
30100	P. S. Car.....	45⅝	50½	49⅝	50
6900	Do preferred..	85½	88	85½	87⅜
3800	Penna. R. R....	145	145⅜	140	141¼
	P., C., C. & S. L.	97⅜	....	....	97
	Railway Springs.	....	....	....	30⅜
	Do preferred..	....	....	....	80
20200	Reading	62⅜	62⅝	61⅝	61⅝
500	Do 1st pfd.....	82½	83⅜	82½	82½
1700	Do 2d pfd.....	68¾	68¾	68	67⅜
400	Rock Island.....	172⅛	172⅛	171½	171⅝
600	Republic Iron..	17¾	17¾	17¼	17¼
	Do preferred..	74⅝	74⅝	74	73½
	Southern Ry.....	36⅜	37⅛	36⅜	36⅝
	Do preferred..	95	95¼	94¾	94⅝
23200	St. Paul.....	171⅜	171⅜	169⅝	169⅝
200	St. L. & Southw.	....	....	....	34
100	Do preferred..	....	....	....	68⅜
4600	Tenn. C. & Iron	65¼	65¼	64¾	64¾
1200	Texas & Pacific	41¾	41¾	40⅝	41⅛
100	T., St. L. & W..	....	....	....	24
200	Do preferred..	37⅝	....	....	37½
9550	U. S. Steel.....	40⅝	40⅝	40	40
2400	Do preferred..	90	90	90	90
40900	Union Pacific...	105	105¼	104	104⅛
300	Do preferred..	87½	87⅝	87¼	87
5600	U. S. Rubber....	14⅝	15⅛	14⅝	15
700	U. S. Leather....	....	....	....	13⅝
100	Do preferred..	....	....	....	84
6000	Wabash	27⅛	27⅝	26½	26⅝
1700	Do preferred..	44¾	44¾	43⅝	44⅛
100	W. U. Telegraph.	....	....	....	90½
500	W. & L. E.....	22	22	21⅝	21⅝
	Do 1st pfd.....	....	....	....	50
	Do 2d pfd.....	....	....	....	24
7800	Wis. Central....	27⅜	....	....	27⅛
7700	Do preferred..	49⅝	....	....	49⅝
800	Rock. Val. pfd..	....	....	....	90½

Chicago Stocks.

CHICAGO, May 26.—Stocks fairly active. Closed:

American Can....	13⅛	Match	136
Do preferred....	55½	Title & Trust....	138½
National Biscuit.	47⅜	Lake St. L.....	13
Do preferred....	105½		

Philadelphia Stocks.

PHILADELPHIA, May 26.—Stocks closed:

Cambria Iron....	47½	Marsden	8⅜
Steel	23¾	Penna. Railroad..	74⅜
Lehigh Val.	84½	Lehigh Nav.	20
Navigation	73½	United Gas	102¾

The Live Stock Market

CENTRAL LIVE STOCK YARDS.
Monday, May 26, 1902.
STOCK ON SALE.

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
J. B. Huff & Co....	6	6	9
Hedges & Co....	3	6	3
McCall, Bowlen & Newburn.....	38	15	16½
Tolin Commission Co..	8	2	1
W. & H. Brinkman....	7	11	12½
L. Dyer & Co.....	7	7	8
F. M. Lafferty & Co....	7	4	4
J. Needy & Co.....	5	6	....
M. Huffman	6	....	....
L. Lowenstein & Co..	2	....	....
F. A. Schmitz & Bro....	5	....	....
Isaac Ziegler	3	5	....
Totals	90	60	55
Last week.....	103	60	40

SHIPMENTS.

Day.	New York.			Phila.			Locals.		
	C.	H.	S.	C.	H.	S.	C.	H.	S.
Monday	..	7	6	..	7	12	54	20	3
Tuesday	6	10	12	..	2	9	23	20	10
Wednesday	..	6	8	20	2	1	5	5	4
Thursday	13	2	6	..	3	6	10	11	6
Friday	..	5	5	..	3	1	7	3	..
Sat. & Sun..	3	14	13	..	..	5	6	7	4
Totals	22	56	51	20	17	35	85	66	27
Last week....	10	42	35	19	14	42	65	51	28

SALES.

Day.	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Monday	2,211	9,807	10,621
Tuesday	77	594	2,573
Wednesday	39	1,065	1,772
Thursday	15	1,278	1,082
Friday	10	2,507	1,149
Saturday	1	1,010	1,251
Totals	2,353	16,008	18,778
Last week.....	1,755	12,580	16,142

FREIGHT RATES.

Cities.	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.	Horses.
Boston	17	18	18	40
New York..	17	18	18	30
Philadelp'a	15	16	16	28
Baltimore ..	14	15	15	27

Cattle.

Receipts of cattle at the Central live stock yards today amounted to 90 carloads, 13 less than on the corresponding day last week. The market was active, with prices a shade stronger for good cattle, and steady on other grades. Choice cattle brought as high as $5 55, with some sales reported at even higher figures.

Choice, 1,400 to 1,600 pounds, $7 00@7 50; prime, 1,200 to 1,400 pounds, $6 75@7 00; good to choice, 1,200 pounds or less, $6 00@6 25; tidy, 1,000 to 1,150 pounds, $5 40@5 90; fair, 900 to 1,100 pounds, $4 00@5 00; good fresh cows, $40 00@55 00; common to fair, $25 00@35 00.

Hogs.

Receipts of hogs at the East Liberty yards today were 60 double-decks, the same as on last Monday. Two such heavy runs in succession has had a depressing effect upon the market, which was very slow today, with quotations for prime heavy hogs 10 cents lower, while the decline in other grades amounted to more than that, going off from 15 to 20 cents.

Prime heavies, $7 25@7 30; best mediums, $7 00@7 05; heavy Yorkers, $6 90@6 95; light Yorkers, $6 75@6 85; pigs, $6 00@6 70; roughs, $5 00@6 75.

Sheep and Lambs.

One of the leading dealers at the Central stock yards today asserted that there were more offerings of sheep and lambs than in any one day for five years. Receipts amounted to 85 carloads and the market broke badly. Quotations on sheep were 50 cents lower than at the close of last week, while a comparison of figures with last Monday's prices shows a greater difference than that. The decline in lambs amounted to from 25 to 50 cents.

Best wethers, 85 to 100 pounds, $5 00@5 10; good, 85 to 90 pounds, $4 90@5 00; mixed, 72 to 80 pounds, $4 00@4 50; culls and common, $2 00@3 00; choice lambs, $6 50@6 65; common to good, $5 50@6 35; veal calves, $7 00@7 50; heavy and thin, $4 00@5 00; spring lambs, $5 00@6 00.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

NEW YORK, May 26.—Beeves—Receipts, 3,450 head; steers steady to 10c lower; bulls and cows generally steady; fat cows firm. Steers, $5 20 to $5 60; bulls, $3 50 to $4 90; cows, $2 75 to $4 50. Cables steady; exports tomorrow, 750 cattle, 1,540 sheep and 2,400 quarters of beef. Calves—Receipts, 6,400 head; 400 veals, 25c to 50c lower. Veals, $5 00 to $7 55; little calves, $4 00; culls, veals, $4 50 to $4 75. City dressed veals, 8½c to 11c per pound. Sheep and yearlings, 35c to 75c off; good spring lambs steady. Sheep, all clipped, $3 00 to $5 00; culls, $2 00 to $2 75; yearlings, all clipped, $4 50 to $6 50; culls, $3 25 to $4 00; spring lambs, $6 50 to $8 25; by the head, $2 50 to $4 00. Hogs—Receipts, 5,300 head. Weak at $6 85 to $7 05 for the whole range.

EAST BUFFALO, May 26.—Cattle—Receipts, 3,500 head; good, 10@15c higher; common and medium, 25@50c lower; prime steers, $7 15@7 25; choice, 1,200 to 1,400 lbs, $6 75@7 00; fair to good, $6 10@6 60; choice, 1,000 to 1,150 lbs, $6 25@6 60; fair to good, $5 50@6 00; choice heifers, $6 00@6 25; fair to good, $5 00@5 75; common to light, $3 50@4 75; best fat cows, $5 00@5 25; fair to good, $4 25@5 00; canners and common, $2 25@3 00; export bulls, $5 25@5 50; good to choice butcher bulls, $5 00@5 25; stockers, $4 00@4 75; fresh cows, $2 00@4 00 per head lower; springers steady; choice, $50@60, fair to good, $25@45; stockers and feeders strong; choice feeding steers, $3 60@3 75; choice stockers, $4 00@4 85; stock heifers, $3 25@4 00. Veals—Receipts, 1,000 head; strong; tops, $7 00@7 25; fair to good, $6 50@6 90; common to light, $5 00@6 25; culls, $4 00@4 50; buttermilks, $3 75@4 00. Hogs—Receipts, 18,000 head; York weights, 10@15c lower; others, steady to heavy, $7 30@7 40; mixed, $7 20@7 30; roughs, $6 00@6 10; stags, $5 25@5 75. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 12,000 head; slow and dull; lambs, $6 50@7 00; fair to good, $6 00@6 50; culls and common, $4 00@5 50; yearlings, $5 75@6 00; sheep, mixed tops, $5 00@5 50; fair to good, $4 50@5 00; culls and common, $2 00@4 00.

KANSAS CITY, MO., May 26.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,600 natives, 2,100 Texans, 150 calves. Steady to strong. Choice exports and dressed beef steers, $5 20@5 35; fair to good, $4 50@5 00; stockers and feeders, $3 00@4 50; native feed steers, $4 50@6 65; Texas and Indian steers, $3 40@4 60; cows, $1 00@3 25; native heifers, $2 25@4 50; native heifers, $3 50@4 15; canners, $1 75@3 00; bulls, $2 25@3 25; calves, $3 00@6 25. Today's prices for choice steers were the highest on this market since June, 1882. Hogs—Receipts, 7,000 head; 5@10c higher; tops, $7 25; bulk of sales, $7 00@7 15; heavy, $7 12½@7 25; mixed packers, $7 00@7 20; light, $6 55@7 10; Yorkers, $7 00@7 10; pigs, $6 50@6 75. Sheep—Receipts, 600 head; sheep 10@15c higher. Lambs steady to strong. Native lambs, $5 45@7 05; western lambs, $5 00@6 05; native wethers, $5 30@5 70; western wethers, $4 30@5 00; feeders, $4 75@5 05; Texas clipped yearlings, $4 40@5 00; Texas clipped sheep, $4 30@5 05; stockers and feeders, $2 40@4 55.

CHICAGO, May 26.—Cattle—Receipts, 21,000 head, including 1,000 Texans; 10c to 15c lower. Good to prime steers, $5 60@7 00;

Local Stocks Were Fairly Active and Market Generally Firmer

BOOM IN THE BANK STOCKS IS CONTINUED

Record-Breaking Prices Resulted From Buying on Combine Rumors.

GLASS SHARES RALLIED.

Pressed Steel Car Issues Made a Sharp Advance—Electric Seconds Weak and Lower—Steel Shares Were Dull—Coal Stocks Heavy.

The market on the Pittsburgh stock exchange yesterday was generally quite steady to firm and fairly active, though the close was rather quiet. The feature of the day's business was in the banking group, some sensational advances and heavy trading occurring. Real Estate Trust, which gained notoriety Saturday by advancing from 278 (Friday's close) to 292, and closing at 290 asked, opened yesterday at 290, broke to 288 and rallied to 293. Then it went off to 291, back to 293 and closed finally at 291, a net gain of ½ for the day. At the wind-up 290 was bid. The semi-official report that the company had secured control of the Anchor Savings bank, while still unconfirmed, was responsible for the advance. The report yesterday was augmented by the name of a big national bank and rumors of several others, but nothing definite was forthcoming. An official announcement will be made today, if yesterday's program carries.

Just before the close Farmers Deposit National bank jumped to $1,390 a share for 19 shares. This is an advance of $50 over recent bids and is $150 higher than the stock ever brought before on the exchange. It is also the highest price at which a local bank stock was ever sold. There are several rumors in circulation regarding the bank; one that it may merge with the Colonial Trust Company, another than it may increase its capital stock, and another that it may absorb some smaller institutions, to all of which President T. H. Given sententiously remarked: "No truth in them." Then Mr. Given smiled and said, pleasantly: "We are not contemplating anything of the kind. We are just trying to attend to the business of this bank, and do it the best we know how."

The First National bank of Pittsburgh entered the arena also and scored a new high record almost instantly by selling 15 shares at $512 50, a gain of $14 50. There have been and are stories going around about the First National and the street thinks something is "doing." For instance, the First National and the Exchange National were "circling" (according to a First National director) not long ago, but the courtship seems to have been dropped. Then a rumor that the bank would increase its capital was denied. Still another rumor is that the bank is going to enlarge its quarters by extending its big building at Fifth avenue and Wood street two floors further north along Wood street. The latter rumor is said to be a fact and that the addition is made necessary by the bank's growing business.

In the general list the glass shares were quite firm and fairly active. Window Glass common advanced to 58⅝ and was in good demand. Pittsburgh Plate Glass common rallied 4½ to 148½ and closed strong at 149 bid. The strength is due to the announcement of the renewal of the price agreement at the conference in Chicago. This probably also favorably affected Window Glass common. Pressed Steel Car issues were decidedly strong in sympathy with the east, the common increasing 2½ to 50 and the preferred 2⅞ to 87½. The first issues were quite dull without changes, while the Coal shares were somewhat heavy but fairly active. Westinghouse Electric seconds were easier and declined 1¾ to 106¼ on sales of 425 shares. Bonds were fairly active and firm. There were no other specially noteworthy items.

Financial Drift.

A federal National bank offered at 137.

Manufacturers Light and Heat quoted at 67 bid.

H. A. Marlin offered a membership at $11,000.

At the close Sproul bid 106 for 500 Electric seconds.

Hall bid 19 for 200 American Sewer Pipe Company.

Southern Traction 5s quoted at 106 bid and 106½ asked.

Commonwealth Real Estate Trust Company offered at 255.

At noon Sproul bid 50 for 500 United States Steel preferred.

Near the close Colonial Trust Company stock offered at 293½.

Central National bank of Wilkinsburg quoted at 128 bid.

The first sale of the day was 29 Real Estate Trust Company at 290.

Holmes still offered Mt. Royal Cemetery stock, but $1 lower, at $90.

Philadelphia Company consolidated 5s offered at 105¾ at the close.

Sproul & Co. bid 24½ for 500 Pittsburgh Coal common just before the close.

Cosmopolitan National bank was quoted at 100½ bid. It offered at 107.

Just before the close 58⅝ was bid for 500 American Window Glass common.

Pittsburgh & Chartiers Street Railway 5s quoted at 105¾ bid and 106½ asked.

Near the windup Sproul & Co. offered 500 United States Steel common at 40¾.

Near the close 111 was bid for South Side Trust Company. It offered at 112.

During the first half hour Preston, Watt & Schoyer bought 50 Colonial Trust at 290 cash.

Whitney & Stephenson bought a block of $25,000 River Coal 6s at 117 from A. J. Lawrence.

Preston, Watt & Schoyer sold 100 Real Estate Trust Company at 288, the lowest price of the day.

Near the opening Whitney & Stephenson, the promoting house, bought 1,000 River Coal common at 12¾. Robinson Bros. sold.

Senator John W. Crawford and Humphries Miller returned yesterday from Milwaukee, where they spent Saturday and Sunday.

During the early trading a block of 820 United States Glass common sold at 34¾. This is the largest trade in the stock in a long time.

McMullin offered 400 American Window Glass common at 59 and 200 Pittsburgh Plate Glass preferred at 100. The latter is rarely quoted.

Books on subscriptions to the new issue of Colonial Trust stock closed yesterday afternoon and the portion offered stockholders was largely oversubscribed.

N. W. Stevenson was still offering from 1,000 to 15,000 shares of the Consolidated Bonanza Gold Mining Company at $2 25. Nuntin bid $1 50 for 5,000 shares.

The $17,000,000 stock of the Montreal Light, Heat and Power Company was listed upon the New York stock exchange yesterday. It pays dividends of 4 per cent per annum.

The meeting of Metropolitan Street Railway stockholders, which has been several times adjourned since their ratification of the plan, was again adjourned until July 24.

During the noon hour James Carothers & Co. sold 15 shares of the First National bank of Pittsburgh to Alan B. Barbour, jr., at 812½, a new high record. Then 811 was bid for more. Last Saturday the stock was bid at 798½.

Speer Bros. sold Carothers $7,000 Pittsburgh, McKeesport & Youghiogheny Railroad first 6s at 142½, the highest price ever paid for an issue of this kind on exchange and the initial trade in the issue.

The stockholders of the Dollar Savings Fund and Trust Company yesterday unanimously voted to increase the capital stock from $500,000 to $1,000,000 in shares of $100 each, and $250 a share, of which $150 will go to surplus, making that item $1,000,000, and the remainder to capital.

A "Gates-Schwab" deal is credited with the activity in Fuller Construction Company. The stock is held principally in Chicago and is widely distributed. According to a Gates interest, the earnings are equal to 20 per cent on the common stock.

Just before the close Miller bought 11 Farmers Deposit National bank from Whitney & Stephenson at $1,390 a share, a new high record, also the highest price ever paid for a Pittsburgh bank's stock. Holmes sold him 8 more at the same price.

A statement of the resources and liabilities of the 4,426 national banks in the United States, compiled from reports to the comptroller of the currency of condition April 30 last, shows: Capital stock, $671,176,812; individual deposits, $3,111,020,195; outstanding bank notes, $299,781,788; loans and discounts, $3,172,485; total resources, $5,942,183,451, and average ratio reserve held, 27.20 per cent.

Consolidated Stock Exchange.

On the Consolidated stock exchange yesterday the posted sales in detail were:

10 shares Real Estate Trust	290
30 shares Crucible Steel pfd	85½
20 shares Crucible Steel pfd	85½
25 shares Crucible Steel pfd	85½
15 shares Crucible Steel com	22½
10 shares Crucible Steel com	22¾
50 shares Monongahela River Coal	12⅞
20 shares Monongahela River Coal	12⅞
20 shares Monongahela River Coal	12⅞
15 shares Pittsburgh Coal	24½
20 shares American Window Glass	58½
30 shares American Window Glass	58¾
10 shares American Window Glass	58½
10 shares Pittsburgh Brewing pfd	45
10 shares Real Estate Trust	289
50 shares United States Steel	40⅝
50 shares United States Steel preferred	90⅜

PITTSBURGH FEATURES.

Bank exchanges gained $1,273,786 71.

Sales Pittsburgh stock exchange 5,749 shares and $40,000 bonds.

Bank stocks were boomed.

Farmers Deposit National Bank advanced $50 to $1,300, the highest price ever paid for a Pittsburgh bank's stock.

First National Bank jumped $14 50 to $512 50, a new high record.

Real Estate Trust went up to $293. Closed at 291.

Banking combine rumors flourish.

Window Glass and Plate Glass rallied.

Steel stocks were dull.

Coal stocks were heavy.

Pressed Steel Car issues advanced sharply.

Bonds were firm.

THE PITTSBURGH STOCK EXCHANGE RECORD.

SALES AND QUOTATIONS. MONDAY, MAY 26, 1902.

The public sales in detail were:

10 a. m. to 10:30 a. m.

50	R. E. Trust	290	
50	R. E. Trust	290	
50	R. E. Trust	290	
50	R. E. Trust	290	
50	R. E. Trust	290	
100	R. E. Trust	288	
50	R. E. Trust	290	
10	R. E. Trust	290	
15	R. E. Trust	289	
50	R. E. Trust	290	
10	R. E. Trust	290	
25	Frank. Steel Cast	80	
1,000	M. R. Coal com	12⅝	
25	West. Elec. 2ds	107⅛	
100	West. Elec. 2ds	107⅛	
40	Cruc. Steel pfd	85½	
60	Cruc. Steel pfd	85½	
25	Cruc. Steel pfd	85½	
20	Cruc. Steel pfd	85½	
50	Cruc. Steel pfd	85½	
50	Cruc. Steel pfd	85¾	
50	Cruc. Steel pfd	85¾	
50	Cruc. Steel com	22¼	
3	Pgh. Coal com	24½	
10	Cruc. Steel com	22¾	
25	Cruc. Steel com	22¾	
20	Colonial Trust	290	
20	Colonial Trust	290	
3	Pgh. Brew. pfd	45	
20	A. W. Glass com	58½	
75	A. W. Glass com	58⅝	
50	A. W. Glass com	58⅝	
50	A. W. Glass com	58⅝	
50	A. W. Glass com	58½	
25	United Trac. pfd	79¾	
50	P. P. Glass com	146	
10	P. P. Glass com	146	

10:30 a. m. to 12:30 p. m.

40	R. E. Trust	290½	
50	R. E. Trust	293	
50	R. E. Trust	292	
10	R. E. Trust	292	
10	R. E. Trust	291½	
20	R. E. Trust	291½	
100	Pgh. Brew. com	20⅞	
20	Pgh. Brew. com	20⅞	
50	Pgh. Coal com	25⅛	
50	Pgh. Coal pfd	89½	
50	Pgh. Coal pfd	89½	
200	Pgh. Coal pfd	89¾	
250	U. S. Glass com	34¾	
20	American Trust	123½	
50	U. S. Steel com	40⅞	
50	U. S. Steel com	40⅝	
50	U. S. Steel com	40⅝	
50	West. Elec. 2ds	107	
50	West. Elec. 2ds	106½	
50	West. Elec. 2ds	106½	
25	West. Elec. 2ds	106½	
100	Cruc. Steel com	22⅛	
250	U. S. Glass com	34⅛	
20	U. S. Glass com	34⅛	
3	N. F. Prod. pfd	40⅞	
50	Cruc. Steel pfd	85½	
50	Cruc. Steel pfd	85½	
50	Cruc. Steel pfd	85½	
43	Con. Ice com	14½	
6	Con. Ice com	14½	
100	Pgh. Brew. pfd	45	
50	A. W. Glass com	58½	
75	A. W. Glass com	58¾	
25	A. W. Glass com	58⅝	
100	A. W. Glass com	58½	
10	P. S. Car pfd	80	
15	First N. B., Pgh	372½	

12:30 p. m. to 2 p. m.

10	Pgh. Coal pfd	89¾	
17	Pgh. Coal pfd	89¾	
15	Pgh. Coal pfd	89¾	
50	P. P. Glass com	147	
50	West. Elec. 2ds	106¾	
50	A. W. Glass com	58⅝	
150	Con. Ice pfd	38	

2 p. m. to 3 p. m.

200	Pgh. Brew. com	20⅞	
5	Pgh. Brew. com	20⅞	
200	Pgh. Coal com	24⅝	
15	Federal Nat. Pit.	136	
7	Pgh. Coal pfd	89¾	
12	Pgh. Coal pfd	89¾	
50	Cruc. Steel pfd	85¾	
25	Cruc. Steel pfd	85¾	
100	P. P. Glass com	146½	
5	U. S. Steel com	40⅝	
11	Farmers Dep. N.	1390	
8	Farmers Dep. N.	1390	
50	West. Elec. 2ds	106¾	
20	Pgh. Coal com	24⅝	
25	Pgh. Brew. pfd	45	
50	West. Elec. 2ds	106¾	
10	Allegheny Trust	151	
20	P. S. Car pfd	87½	
20	P. S. Car pfd	87½	
100	P. P. Glass com	147	
11	Farmers Dep. N.	1390	
8	Farmers Dep. N.	1390	
50	West. Elec. 2ds	106¾	
20	Pgh. Coal com	24⅝	
100	P. S. Car pfd	87½	
20	P. S. Car pfd	87½	
1	Ist mtge	142½	
$28,000	M. R. Coal 6s	117	
$1,000	Pgh. Brew. 5s	102½	
$5,000	Pgh. Coal 5s	106¾	
$5,000	Phila. Cos. 5s	105⅝	
40	Colonial Rights	*4	
205	Colonial Rights	*4	

*Cash.

The total public sales were 5,749 shares of stock, $40,000 bonds and 245 subscription rights; total preceding Monday, 10,155 shares of stock, $23,000 bonds and 50 subscription rights; total same day last year, 14,408.5 shares of stock, $43,000 bonds and 53 1-3 warrants.

Closing bids and offers were:

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
STOCKS.											
Pgh. Bks.			Allemannia		65	Do pfd	92	98	Do pfd	87	88
Arsenal	140	*140	German		75	Chtr. Water			U. S. S.	90¾	92
Bk. of Pgh		159	Teutonia	74		Con. Gas pf	44		U. S. Glass	34	35
City Trust	155		Nat. Gas		26	Con. Ice pfd	37½	38¼	U. S. Proof	91½	92½
Exchange	93½	94	Oil Cos.			Do pfd	85¾	85½	U. S. Steel	40⅛	40⅜
First Nat	511		Hazelwood		48	M. R. Coal	12⅞	13	Do pfd	90	90⅜
Lincoln Nat	125	132	Mineral			Do pfd	92½	93	Nat. Glass		16
Second Nat	800	810	Luster	14	15	P.S. & L.E.	26				
W. S. & D.	110	116	Bridge			Pgh. Brew	20½	20⅝	BONDS.		
Trust Cos.			N. Side pfd	15		Do pfd	44⅞	45			
Union Nat	1200		City Pass.			Pgh. Coal	24½	24⅝	City Rys.		
Equitable		165	Pleas. Val.	27	28	Do pfd	89¾	90	P.A. & M. 5s		117
Real Estate	290		Railroads			P. P. Glass	140	140½	Miscel.		
Ally. Bks.			A. V. pfd	26¼	27	Do pfd	97½	98	M. R. C. 6s	116¾	117
S. S. & T.	260		Elect'c			P. S. & R.	17	20	P. B. & L.E.5	120½	
Third Nat	290		Westing.	24	106¼ 106½	Do pfd	17	20	P. Brew. 6s	112¾	
Ally. Trust	151	155	Miscel.			Phila. Co.	48¾	49			
Insurance.			A. W. Glass	58¼	58½	P. S. Car.	*90	95	*Trade either way.		

OVER $1,273,000 GAIN.

Pittsburgh Bank Exchanges for Yesterday Far Ahead of Last Year's.

Pittsburgh bank exchanges for yesterday were more than $1,273,000 larger than those for the same day a year ago, and about $1,250,000 larger than for the preceding Monday. The local money market remains firm and unchanged, with the rate for call and time loans at 5@6 per cent. The official clearing house reports in detail for the month of April are as follows:

	Exchanges.	Balances.
Yesterday	$1,972,080 47	$1,934,726 76
Previous Monday	5,825,324 53	689,592 04
Last year	5,798,230 76	1,252,148 27
Yesterday's increase	$1,273,786 71	

Reports from other cities were:

NEW YORK, May 26.—Exchanges, $122,480,471; balances, $7,476,586.

BOSTON, MASS., May 26.—Exchanges, $15,708,472; balances, $1,445,873.

BALTIMORE, MD., May 26.—Clearings, $2,687,279; balances, $548,226. Money, 5@6 per cent.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., May 26.—Clearings, $13,103,695; balances, $1,969,474. Money, 4½ per cent.

CHICAGO, ILL., May 26.—Clearings, $20,461,667; balances, $2,532,976. Posted exchange, $4 85½, 60 days; $4 88 on demand. New York exchange, 30c premium.

CINCINNATI, O., May 26.—Money, 4@6 per cent. New York exchange, 35c premium. Clearings, $4,490,550.

ST. LOUIS, MO., May 26.—Clearings, $8,404,578; balances, $1,268,833. Money steady, 4½@6 per cent. New York exchange, 60c premium.

The Treasury and the Banks.

NEW YORK, May 26.—(Special.)—Total payment by government to New York banks Saturday, $2,862,000; payment by banks to government, $2,477,000; balance on the day's transactions, $108,000, paid by banks to government. Total net payment by government to banks since Friday, $237,000, against $829,600 similarly paid for the corresponding period a week ago.

Creamery Butter Prices Are Unchanged

PITTSBURGH PRICES FOR FARM PRODUCTS

Potato Quotations Decline. Eggs in Limited Supply and Firm.

Hay, Grain and Feed.

Markets opened fairly steady yesterday and no change was made in quotations from those ruling at the close on Saturday.

Receipts by Pennsylvania lines, 21 cars hay, 15 cars oats, 4 cars corn and oats, 4 cars feed, 5 cars corn, 2 cars straw, 1 car rye; Baltimore & Ohio railroad, 10 cars hay, 2 cars oats; Pittsburgh & Lake Erie railroad, 1 car hay. Total receipts, 62 cars.

Following are the offers; quotations for hay, milled, corn, oats and straw, corrected by Pittsburgh Exchange Committee of the Pittsburgh grain exchange:

Straw—Oat, $7 00@7 50; wheat, $7 00@7 50; per ton.

Hay—$18 00@28 25.

Hay—Timothy, $14 50@15 00; No. 1 do, $14 00@14 25; No. 2 do, $12 00@13 00; No. 1 mixed, $11 00@11 50; No. 1 clover, $10 50@10 75; prairie, $10 50@11 00; packing, $8 00@8 50; superintendent of the Pittsburgh grain exchange.

Rye—Milling price (delivered), No. 2 Michigan, 69@69c.

Wheat—No. 2 red, winter, 73@76c, f. o. b. cars; milling radius of 20 miles Pittsburgh.

Corn—No. 2 yellow, shelled, 69@69½c; high mixed, 68@68c; No. 2 mixed, 67@68c; No. 2 yellow ear, 71@72c; high mixed, 69@70c; No. 3 mixed, 68@68½c.

Oats—No. 2 white, 49½@49¾c; extra, No. 3, 48¾@49c; regular, 48@48½c.

Millfeed—White middlings, per ton, No. 2, $21 25@22 00; brown, $20 50@21 00; bran, $21 00@21 50.

Groceries.

Steady quotations in all lines, with trade quiet, but of fair proportions. Flour is weaker than it was a few days ago; prices quoted are the range of prices. No change in the sugar situation so far.

Flour—Jobbers' prices: Fancy spring patents, $4 15@4 30; fancy winter patents, $4 00@4 15; straight winter, $3 80@4 00; bakers' spring, $3 00@3 80; rye, $3.45@3 60; graham, $4 00@4 50; cornmeal, bbl, $2 20@3 00; 10-lb cotton bags, 45c.

Sugar—Standard granulated, 4.80c; fine granulated, bbl, 100-lb and 25-lb jute bags, 4.80c; 2-lb cartons, 5.00c; 5-lb jute bags, 4.95c; 2-lb cartons, 5.05c; 5-lb cartons, 5.00c; cubes, 5.05c; cutloaf, 5.40c; confectioners' A, 4.60c; coffee A, 4.55@4.40c; No. 1 yellow, 4.20c; No. 2 do, 4.15c; No. 3 do, 4.10c. (Quotations are from Pittsburgh and Allegheny wagon delivery. Add 9c per 100 lbs for rail shipments to points within a radius of 50 miles of Pittsburgh.)

Cereals—Rolled oats, bbl, $5 00; kegs, $2 85; packages, $2 60@3 25; oatmeal, bbls, $5 40; kegs, $2 90.

Molasses—Fancy refined, 30@32c; choice do, 28@29c; prime, 25@26c; fancy open kettle, 37@40c; fancy sugar syrup, 30@32c; sugar and cane, 27@30c; syrup in 2½-lb tin cans, $1 05; 5-lb, $1 25; 5-lb, $2 50@3 00; $4 00 per dozen.

Coffee—Roasted bulk Rio, 10@12c; Santos, 12½@23½c; Maracaibo, 14@17c; Peaberry, 15@18c; Caracas, 19@19½c; Golden Rio, 14½@15c; Java and Mocha, 25@28c; 25-lb cases standard brands, 10@10c; prime refined, 9c.

Rice—Extra, fancy head, 7¼@7¾c; fancy Japan, 5c; choice Carolina, 6@6½c; prime Carolina, 4¾@5½c.

Salt—No. 1 bbl; No. 1 extra, $1 65; dairy, $1 30; granulated rock, 95c sack; pocket salt, $1 55@1 85.

Fish—No. 1 mess, mackerel, bbls, $27 00; half bbls, $12 00; quarter bbls, $6 12; 20-lb pails, $2 75; 10-lb pails, $1 50; No. 2 mackerel, new, bbls, $14 00; half bbls, $7 32; quarter bbls, $3 82; 10-lb pails, 80c; lake herring, 100 lbs, $3 25; 20-lb quarters, $1 25; 10-lbs, 85c.

Canned Goods.

Standard pie peaches, 80@85c; gallon pie peaches, $2 50@3 00; California L. C. peaches $1 90@2 25; Maryland peaches, $1 25@1 75; California Y. C., $1 80@2 00; corn, fancy brands, 96c@$1 00; corn, $2@2 50; California cherries, white, $2 60@2 25; lima beans, $1 20@1 40; soaked lima beans, 75@80c; string go, 65@$1 25; marrowfat peas, Model 10; early June peas, $1 00@1 30; soaked peas, 55@85c; New York apples, gal cans, $1 50@3 00; pineapples, $1 20@2 25; damson plums, $1 00; California prunes, $1 55@1 60; raspberries, 85@90c; gooseberries, 90@$1 00; strawberries, 85@90c; $1 37½@1 40; fancy do, $1 45@1 55; salmon, dog 1-lb cans, $1 00@1 30; succotash, 1-lb cans, 85@$1 40; chipped beef, ½-lb cans, $2 40@2 75; corned and roast beef, cans, $1 65@2 35; mackerel, 2 and 3-lb cans, broiled, $1 75@2 00; sardines, domestic, ¼s, $3 @3 50; mustards, ¼s, $2 00; French, ¼s, 9@14 25; oysters, 1-lb full weight, 85c@$1 25; 1-lb lunch, flat cans, $1 10.

Dried Fruits.

Evaporated apricots, in bags, 11@12c; 25-lb boxes, 12@15c; apples, in bulk, 10c; 1-lb cartons, 10@11c; peaches, 8@12c; raisins, seeded, 1-lb pkgs, 8@9½c; raisins, Muscatels, 2 and 4-crown, 90-lb boxes, 6¾@7¼c per lb; Ondaras Valencia, 9@9½c; California Valencia, 7c; raspberries, 25½@27½c; currants, cleaned, 25 and 50-lb pkgs, 6½@7½c; California prunes, 3¾@8½c.

Fruits and Produce.

Potatoes showed further weakness yesterday, 75 cents per sack being top of the market on track. Cucumbers are cheaper. New Orleans stock from Kalamazoo, Mich., in a couple of weeks. Beets, parsley, lettuce and string beans are all lower and mango peppers are higher. Strawberries were not very plentiful, but demand was light and prices were nominal.

Apples—Choice and fancy, $2 50@3 00.

Potatoes—On track, per bu, 75c; carloads, fancy, 72@75c; fancy from store, 85@90c; Bermudas, per bbl, $5 00@5 50; Florida Rose, per bbl, $4 50@5 00; new northern, $4 50@4 75; southern sweets, fancy, bbl, $4 00@4 50.

Carrots—Per doz bunches, 40@50c.

Cucumbers—Per doz, 50@60c; New Orleans, 30@40c per doz; $3 50@4 00 per bbl.

Onions—Egyptian, $3 00@3 25 per bag; Bermuda, $1 50@2 00. New Orleans, sacks, $1 25@1 50.

Horseradish—Per bbl, $3 50@3 75.

Watercress—Per doz, 20@35c.

Cabbage—New cabbage, per crate, 75c@$1 50.

Leeks—Per doz, 25@30c.

Cider—New sweet apple juice, bbls, $4 50@5 00; old sharp apple juice, bbl, $1 50@3 00; choice crabapple, bbl, $5 00@6 00; refined apple juice, gal, 12@15c; Duffy's 15-gal kegs, $3 00; 30-gal kegs, $5 00@5 25; pure grape juice, kegs, $1 50 per gal.

Beets—Bunch, 4@5c per doz.

Parsley—New southern, per doz, 40@45c.

Radishes—Per doz, 20@30c.

Tomatoes—Florida, in 5-lb carriers, fancy, $2 00@3 00; choice, $2 00@2 25.

Spinach—Per bu, 25@35c.

Green onions—Per doz, 8@10c.

Lettuce—Head, per doz, 25@30c; hothouse, 30@40c per basket; Ashtabula, basket, 20@25c.

Florida egg plant—Per box, $4 00@4 50.

Turnips—New, Florida, per doz, 50@60c.

Garlic—Per lb, 12@10c.

String beans—Green, per box, $1 25@1 50; wax, $1 50@1 75.

Shallots—Per qt, 8@12c.

Kohlrobi—Per doz bunches, 40@50c.

Honey—White comb, 15@16c; New York white clover, 14@15c; buckwheat, 11@12c.

Maple syrup—Per gal, $1 00@1 10.

Mango peppers—Per crate, $2 75@3 00.

Rhubarb—Per doz, 20@25c.

Asparagus—Green, per bunch, 15@17c; white, large bunch, 12@14c; home grown, 40@60c per doz.

Peas—Per basket, $1 85@2 00.

Squash—Florida, per box, $1 00@1 75.

Tropical Fruits and Nuts.

Lemons—California, $3 00@3 50; Messina, $3 50@4 00.

Pineapples—Florida, per crate, $2 00@3 50; Havana, each, 7@15c.

Cocoanuts—Per bag, $2 50@2 75.

Oranges—California navel, $3 50@4 00; seedlings, $2 75@3 50; Florida, $3 50@4 50.

Bananas—Firsts, $1 75@2 25; eights, $1 25@1 50; seconds, 75c@$1 00.

Nuts—Almonds, 15c; filberts, 11c; English walnuts, 11@15c; pecans, 12@15c; Brazil nuts, 9c; mixed nuts, 11c; peanuts, jumbos, 7c; fancy hand picked, 6c; per lb; shellbarks, $1 50@2 00 per bu; walnuts, per bu, 60@65c.

St. John's bread, per lb, 4c; California paper-shell almonds, 15c; Italian chestnuts, 8c.

Grape Fruit—Per box, $4 00@4 50; California, $3 50@4 00.

Dates—Persian, 6c; Fard, 6@6½c per lb.

Figs—2½-inch, 14c per lb.

Cherries—California, per box, $2 50@3 00.

Butter, Eggs and Cheese.

No change was made in the price of creamery butter yesterday, and local dealers are commencing to doubt whether or not quotations will be much lower this year, as the latter part of May is generally the time of lowest figures. Cheese is unchanged, but will likely go lower before long, while eggs are scarce and firm.

Butter—Elgin creamery, prints, 25@25½c; do, tubs, 24@24½c; Ohio and Pennsylvania creamery, 22@22½c; dairy butter, 15@16c; fresh country roll, 18c; cooking butter, 13@13c.

Cheese—New York full creams, 12¾@13½c; Ohio, 12½@13c; y. a. cream, Ohio, 11@11½c; Ohio Swiss, tubs, 13½@14c; Wisconsin Swiss, tubs, 13½@16c; 15-lb block cheese, Swiss, 16@16½c; 5-lb brick cheese, 15@15½c; limburger, 12½@14c.

Eggs—Fresh, at mark, 15½@16c per doz; candled, 16½@17½c; duck eggs, 18c; goose eggs, 20c.

Poultry.

Chickens—Live hens, per lb, 12½@13½c; springers, 12½@13½c; roosters, 7@8c; turkeys, 8@10c; do dressed, 14@16c; hens, dressed, 14@16½c; fresh spring dressed, 18@18½c; frozen spring broilers, $4 00@4 50 per doz; geese, live, 8@9c per lb; dressed, 9@10c; ducks, live, 12@13c; do dressed, 17@18c.

Seeds.

Clover—From store, recleaned, 60-lb bu, small, $5 35@5 40; mammoth, $5 45@5 50; crimson, $4 75@5 00; white Dutch, $10 00@11 00; alsike, $10 00@10 50; alfalfa, $6 50@6 75; timothy, $1 25@1 40; orchard grass, $1 80@1 75; millet, $1 70@1 75; Hungarian grass, 90c@$1 10; lawn grass, 18@20c per lb; fultegrass, 34@35 bu, $1 20@1 75; red top, 14-lb bu, $1 10@2 00.

Provisions.

Smoked Meats—Hams, large, 18 lbs and up, 12½c; medium, over 14 to 18 lbs, 12¾c; small, over 10 to 14 lbs, 12¾c; small, 10 lbs and under, 12¾c; skinned hams, 13¾c; boneless boiled hams, 20c; California hams, 9¾c; shoulders (New York cut), 9¾c; shoulders (skinned), 10¼c; breakfast bacon (rib), 8 to 10 lbs, 12½c; do, 10 to 12 lbs, 12¾c; do back strips, 12½c; do, 12 to 14 lbs, 12¾c; do back strips, 12½c; do, 10 to 12 lbs, 13c; do, back strips, 12½c; dry salt smoked shoulders, 8c; do 10 lbs, 12½c; do, 10 to 12 lbs, 13c; do, back strips, 12½c; dry salt smoked Sides (extra short clears), 11c; bellies, over 20 to 25 lbs, 11¼c; do, from 16 to 20 lbs, 11¼c; do, under 16 lbs, 11½c.

Dry Salt Smoked Meats—Sides (extra short clears), 11¼c; bellies, over 20 to 25 lbs, 12c; do, from 16 to 20 lbs, 12¼c; do, under 16 lbs, 12½c.

Lard—Pure lard (tierces), 11¾c; compound (tierces), 9c.

The advance for smaller packages over tierces is 1c.

Barrels (about 200 lbs), 3c; half bbls (about 100 lbs), 4c; fancy tubs, net, 60 lbs, 4½c; plain hardwood tubs, net, 60 lbs, 4c; wooden buckets, net, 20 lbs, 5c; 50-lb tin pails (2 in a case), 4½c; 10-lb tin pails (6 in a case), 5c; 5-lb tin pails (12 in a case), 5½c; 3-lb tin pails (20 in a case), 5c.

Railroad Earnings.

Omaha April gross earnings increased $63,487.

Northwest for the month of April earned $3,772,224, an increase of $294,174.

The gross earnings of Missouri Pacific for the third week in May increased $24,000.

Minneapolis & St. Louis third week in May increase was $5,822; from July 1 increase $181,888.

Canadian Pacific for the third week in May increased $105,000; from July 1 the increase was $3,850,000.

The gross earnings of Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh for the third week in May increased $9,056.

St. Louis Southwestern the third week in May increased $3,909, and from July 1 decreased $173,029.

Earnings of Iowa Central for the third week of May increased $4,739; from July 1 they increased $153,304.

Louisville & Nashville for third week in May shows an increase of $52,280; from July 1 increase $2,179,975.

Norfolk & Western for the third week in May increased $117,716; from July 1 the increase was $1,204,137.

Earnings of Denver & Rio Grande for the third week of May increased $5,000; from July 1 they increased $297,300.

The Wabash road for the third week in May shows an increase of $22,218; from July 1 an increase of $1,276,152.

Chesapeake & Ohio for the third week in May shows an increase of $31,751; from July 1 an increase of $1,150,854.

Texas Pacific for the third week in May shows a decrease of $10,910; from January 1 a decrease of $265,759 is shown.

Hocking Valley April gross increase was $126,666, net increase $57,267, other income increase $3,818, surplus increase $64,134.

FOUND DEAD IN BED.

Popular Railroader of Carnegie Who Escaped Explosion, Called Suddenly.

The Panhandle railroad has lost another member of its Sheraden yard crew, Frederick Malkin, aged 35, a widower, was found dead in his room yesterday afternoon. He was a brakeman in the Sheraden yards, and had been congratulating himself ever since the day of the terrible explosion that he did not go to work that day.

Last Wednesday he felt ill and visited a physician, who told him he was suffering with heart trouble. On Saturday and Sunday Malkin was in apparently good health again and at work. When called to get up yesterday it was discovered that he was dead.

Malkin was a member of Rich Valley lodge, No. 616, Odd Fellows, and Victor lodge, Sons of St. George. He resided in Carnegie for 15 years and was well known and popular among railroad men. He is survived by one daughter.

The following is a complete summary of yesterday's official transactions on the Pittsburgh stock exchange. It shows the change in the closing and selling prices, compared with the last preceding sales, the total sales of each security, the opening, high, low and closing prices and final bids and offers:

SECURITIES.	Total Sales.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Bid.	Ask.	Ch'ge
Farmers Deposit National Bank	19	1300	*1390	1300	1390			150 +
Federal National Bank	15	136	136	136	136	136	138	1 —
First National Bank, Pittsburgh	15	512½	*512½	512½	512½	511		14½ +
Allegheny Trust Co	25	151	151	151	151	151	155	1 —
American Trust	40	123½	123½	123½	123½			3½ +
Colonial Trust Co	50	1390	1390	1390	1390		3900	0
Real Estate Trust Co	650	290	293	288	291	290		¾ +
Westinghouse Electric seconds	425	107¼	107¼	106¼	106¼	106¼	106½	1½ —
United States Glass com	820	34¾	35	34¾	34¾			¾ +
American Window Glass com	545	58½	58⅝	58½	58⅝	58⅝	58¾	⅛ +
Pittsburgh Plate Glass com	200	140	148½	140	148½	147	149	3½ +
United States Glass com	320	34¼	34¾	34¼	34¾	34	35	¾ +
Consolidated Ice	200	11¾	11¾	11¾	11¾			¼ —
Do preferred	150	38	38	38	38	37½		½ —
Crucible Steel	145	22¾	23¼	22¾	23¼	22

CLAIMS RIVAL BOUGHT STOCKS TO HARRASS IT

West Side Belt Railroad Co. Files Answer to an Injunction Suit.

MANY DENIALS ARE MADE

Defendant Says Its Competitors Secured P. & C. S. Property to Keep It From Erecting Crossings, as Per Agreement.

An answer was filed yesterday to the bill in equity of the Pittsburgh & Castle Shannon Railroad Company against the West Side Belt Railroad Company and the Pittsburgh Construction Company, an action to restrain the defendants from interfering with the plaintiff's right of way in Baldwin township by the erection of two overhead trestles.

It is not denied that the Castle Shannon company obtained a right of way from Jesse McCollough, 40 feet wide, on July 21, 1879, but it is said it was expressly provided that the company should not take any further right of way and that the present right is absolutely essential to the defendants' present and future need.

It is denied the structure will interfere with the plaintiff and also declared that at one point where it was necessary to shift the tracks of the plaintiff such tracks were not upon the possessions of the Castle Shannon company.

Had Opened Negotiations.

It is also denied that the plaintiff has opened negotiations for a connection with the Pittsburgh, Carnegie & Western railroad.

The defendants claim that negotiations have been going on with the plaintiff for more than a year, and at no time did the plaintiff dispute the rights of the defendants, and there were no unsettled terms in the agreement except the precise mode of constructing the crossings. An effort has been made, it is said, to come to an agreement upon this point, but the officers of the plaintiff failed to fix the time for a meeting.

The defendant denies that the West Side Belt Railroad Company did not, within the time required by law, make a valid and legal location and commence the construction of a railway, or that it cannot complete the railway under the terms of the charter. The last paragraph of the answer reads:

Makes Sensational Allegations.

"The defendant further says that within a short time prior to the filing of this bill certain persons, acting on behalf of certain corporations whose interests are inimical to and competitive with that of the West Side Belt Railroad Company, purchased a majority of the stock of the Pittsburgh & Castle Shannon Railroad Company for the purpose, among other things, of obstructing the construction of the West Side Belt railroad by objecting and refusing to permit its crossing the Pittsburgh & Castle Shannon railroad in violation of the agreement already made, and that the plaintiff's bill was not filed in good faith, but for the purpose of carrying out such fraudulent and unlawful purpose."

LITIGANTS MISLED.

Judge Hawkins Lectures an Attorney and Points Out the Duty of Trustees.

Judge W. G. Hawkins held a hearing in the proceedings brought by Thomas Sproat and his children against Thomas Conlon, trustee, to compel Mary Conlon, as trustee, to file an account in the estate of Ann Conlon, who died January 25, 1870. The decedent was the wife of John Conlon, now deceased. The couple had six children and a valuable estate. Some time ago five of the children filed a petition for the sale of the real estate. The sixth child, Thomas Conlon, was ignored by his brothers and sisters. It was reported he was dead, and later this report was denied; some litigation resulted, after which the will of Ann Conlon was filed. In it the share of Thomas Conlon was left in trust with Mary Conlon. As a result the title to the property was affected. Attorney John G. McConnell now insists that Conlon is alive, but where he is he does not know. A number of witnesses swore they believe Conlon is dead.

During the hearing Judge Hawkins told Attorney McConnell he was bringing useless matters into the case; that he should give what information he had upon the matter of Conlon's absence, and that all persons in the case had been misled by his conduct. The court further said that it is the duty of the trustee to file an account every three years, but made no order in the case.

LAW EXAMINERS NAMED.

State Supreme Court Shifts Some of Its Work to a Board.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., May 26.—The supreme court today created a board of law examiners to whom all applicants for admission to the bar of the court shall be referred for examination and upon whose recommendation they will be admitted or rejected by the court.

The following were appointed as members of the board: Samuel Dickson, Philadelphia; William Scott, Allegheny; William U. Hensel, Lancaster; Simon P. Wolverton, Northumberland, and Robert Snodgrass, Dauphin.

Mrs. McCloy Was on Hand.

A large crowd was present yesterday when common pleas court No. 1 opened, to hear Mrs. Sarah E. McCloy try her own case against the Rev. J. M. Thomas of the Union Baptist church for alleged breach of promise. Mrs. McCloy at the first trial of the case was awarded $2,500 but a new trial was granted. Her lawyer, William M. McIlroy, retired from the case, and Mrs. McCloy gave notice she would look after her own interests. The case did not come up and will hardly be heard before tomorrow.

New Suits Filed.

COMMON PLEAS COURT NO. 1.

Plaintiff.	Defendant.	Action.
Valsen & Komer	Peter J. Demas	Ap.
John D. Hall	Maria Patterson, et al	Ap.
Mary Kalb	John G. Stirm, Jr.	For att.
E. F. Eckert	Anna M. McCutcheon, admr.	Ap.
C. Byrne	R. M. Grove	Assp.
Iron City Brewing Co.	usc.	Patrick Mc.
		Sci fa rev.

COMMON PLEAS COURT NO. 2.

Joseph A. Lashley	James Bradley, et al.	Sci fa mrtg.
Joseph Roth & Son	the Columbia Supply Co.	Ap.
J. W. Smith & Co.	the Illinois Central Railroad Co.	Ap.
Charles A. Wille	Frank S. Kauffman	Ap.
Price & Allman	Jacob Engel, et ux.	Ap.
Virginia Moore	the Western Pennsylvania hospital	Tres.
Anthony Dorobvicus	Stani Dorobvicus, et ux.	Ap.
Sarah Ann McRoberts	James E. McRoberts, et al.	Equity
Mrs. Rachel Blackmore	W. H. Hall Co.	Ap.
Fred S. Avery	M. W. Hadden Co., Ltd.	Ap.
John K. Gates	Joseph F. Acheson, et al.	Assp.

COMMON PLEAS COURT NO. 3.

Nicholas Moskin, trustee	Z. V. Muzina	Sci fa mrtg.
John Fite	Anna M. Eversmann, extr.	Assp.
Anthony H. Kolzer	Joseph McClurg	Tres.
H. T. Formby	Morehead Bro. & Co.	Tres.

Claims He Was Defrauded.

C. J. McKee entered suit against L. H. Smith to recover $2,518.31 for stock in the L. H. Smith Wooden Ware Company, which, it is said, was pledged to the defendant. It is charged that the defendant, with his brother, went to the stock exchange, that the defendant employed a broker to sell the stock and the brother employed a broker to purchase it, which transaction was completed for a consideration of $200. It is alleged that after the sale the defendant retained the ownership in the stock, and that the pretended sale was a previous arrangement for the purpose of defrauding the plaintiff.

Today's Trial Lists.

Criminal court—General argument list.

Common Pleas Court No. 1—Anderson vs. Powers, Tettelbaum vs. Consolidated Traction Company, Gerber vs. Rublandt, Jackson vs. Crawford, Fisher, admr. vs. Klein, Mock vs. Thomas, Shaw vs. Shaw, Going vs. Miller & Sons, Hays Machine Company vs. Ewart, Bristol vs. Hamilton, Freeman vs. Hugus, Weir vs. United Traction Company, Riley vs. Hadley Jenkinson Co., Rauschenbach vs.

Common Pleas Court No. 2—Miller vs. National Tube Company, Penfield vs. borough of Oakmont, Clinton Iron and Steel Company vs. Pittsburgh Manufacturing Company.

Common Pleas Court No. 3—Argument list.

LEGAL BRIEFS.

John Jaskins of Pittsburgh left a $5,000 estate to his wife.

George Steigler, late of Allegheny, bequeathed a $1,500 estate to his widow.

The German Fire Insurance Company issued an execution against Jacob R. Burkle for $8,227.

C. Byrne entered suit against R. M. Grove to recover $1,000 damages for alleged false misrepresentations made in a horse deal.

H. F. Fonny sued Moorehead Bros. & Co. for $5,000 damages, for alleged injury by falling into a tank filled with boiling water.

A petition in bankruptcy was filed by Robert R. McElhany, a clerk of Pittsburgh, giving his liabilities as $1,063 and assets as $165.

Speaker Graham of Fine township bequeathed $200 to Clarence Graham, a grandson, and the residue of a $3,050 estate to his four daughters.

Cyrus H. Porter of Pittsburgh was appointed receiver in the case of John A. Garfield vs. John M. Baumer of Warren was discharged from bankruptcy.

In orphans court an order was made declaring Thomas Grouch legally dead. Letters of administration were granted to Christina C. Schwartz, his sister. The estate is worth $1,400.

Affidavits of defense were filed in the suits of E. S. and F. G. Gleason against F. C. Wilson and B. R. Miller on a $4,000 note. It is claimed the indorsements are not those of the defendants.

The report of the commissioner in the divorce case of Ulric L. Rixey against Frank Rixey was filed. The libellant charges her husband with cruelty and says he threatened to "fix her for the morgue."

In the United States district court an order was made directing the trustee in the case of the Webster Bros. Tanning Company of Corry, bankrupts, to carry out a contract with L. Pecke & Sons for finishing leather.

The will of Sarah F. McLean of Pittsburgh was filed. An estate worth $1,000 is to be divided among Anna V. Parker, a daughter, Charles R. McLean, a son, and George F. McLean, a son, whose interest is in trust.

An affidavit of defense was filed in the case of J. C. Roberts against the Pittsburgh Fraternal league, to recover salary as secretary and manager. The defendants say that the plaintiff remained idle and inactive in office and failed to bring in business enough to pay his salary.

The will of Emanuel Stotler of Pine township was filed. The decedent's wife and two daughters were left the homestead. H. K. Stotler, a son, is bequeathed 12 acres of land, and Homer L. Sharp gets $4,000. The residue of an estate worth $24,040 goes to the children of the testator.

Suit was entered by Anthony H. Kolzen against Joseph McClurg, as James McClurg & Co., for $50,000 damages for personal injuries. The plaintiff alleges that while working at a refrigerating machine for the defendant he was so badly burned by ammonia that he was rendered totally blind and will be a cripple for life.

Suit was entered against the Western Pennsylvania hospital by Virginia Moore to recover $200 for the loss of a watch and chain while confined in the hospital as a patient. The plaintiff says she was confined there for about two months. That on June 1, 1900, just before being discharged, she left her room for a few minutes. When she returned her watch and chain were missing.

The appeal of Louis Baumon, who was fined by a justice of the peace for not having his children vaccinated before sending them to school, was heard in quarter sessions court. It was contended that a school board cannot enforce a penalty for failure to vaccinate although it has the right to require children to be vaccinated. No order was made. Attorney Herman L. Grote argued the case for the defendant.

Application was made for a new trial by the defendant in the case of the Stevenson & Foster Company against the American Fire Insurance Company of New York. The plaintiff was given judgment upon a policy taken out on the building on Wood street, which was destroyed. It is charged the verdict was against the evidence and that the court erred in its charges to the jury.

In the United States circuit court the jury in the case of Reuben L. Rice and Joseph C. Robinson against the Western New York and Pennsylvania Railroad Company and others, returned a verdict of $741 06 for the plaintiffs. It was an action to recover alleged freight overcharges for transportation of oil. There are several similar cases against the same defendants, but it was announced that, as an appeal to the circuit court of appeals will be taken by the defendants in the three cases already tried, they will not be taken up until a decision is reached.

A bill in equity was filed by Mary Ann McRoberts against James E. McRoberts and others, to have a certain deed declared null and void, the plaintiff is the second wife of James E. McRoberts. She says that there is a deed on record purporting to have been made by herself and husband in conveying to John McRoberts and others certain property in Wilkinsburg for $30,000. The plaintiff denies that she ever signed the deed, but says that, if she did she had no knowledge of its contents or that she never received any consideration for her part of the property.

NAME TELLS A STORY.

Friends of Prof. E. T. Osbaldsten Think He Is Under Arrest in Prussia for Murder.

Prof. Edward T. Osbaldsten, recently of Pittsburgh, is thought to be under arrest in Krautznach, Prussia, for the murder of a wealthy American named Wirth.

Prof. Osbaldsten first appeared in Pittsburgh about three years ago. For some time he conducted in Penn avenue, near Highland, a physical culture school and was patronized liberally. He was also engaged as a teacher of the policemen. His wife, whose maiden name was Miss Louise Weiss, was from Oberstein, Prussia. She had one child and by a previous wife Prof. Osbaldsten had two children, who, when they lived in Pittsburgh, were nearly grown.

About three months ago Mrs. Osbaldsten and her children went to her old home in Prussia. Osbaldsten, it is reported, told Robert Mierzwa of No. 5630 Penn avenue that he was going to kill somebody; that his wife had taken up with a former admirer named Wirth, and that her people were influencing her not to return to America. Osbaldsten left Pittsburgh suddenly, and nothing has been heard of him directly.

A cablegram from Krautznach, Prussia, tells of the arrest of an American named Osbaldsten for the murder of a wealthy American named Wirth. According to the story a woman known as Mrs. Weiss, recently from America, had been stopping at the house of Wirth, and that Osbaldsten, who had recently arrived there, had sent a note to Wirth stating that the Mrs. Weiss was his wife.

The answer to the note was not satisfactory and the killing followed. A man named Baumzert, who interfered, was wounded. Because of similarity in names and of many facts known here, friends of Prof Osbaldsten in Pittsburgh feel sure that it is he who took the law into his own hands.

Gas Leak Caused Explosion.

COAL CREEK, TENN., May 26.—State Labor Commissioner and Mine Inspector R. A. Shiflett states that the explosion in Fraterville coal mine last Monday was caused by gas, and that he has found "three or four bad leaks in the old Knoxville Iron Company's mine from which gas flows into the Fraterville mine."

Boiler Explodes in Residence.

HOUSTON, TEX., May 26.—A boiler exploded today at the home of Millionaire John H. Kirby, where a private theater and natatorium were being built. Engineer Harry Woodward of Memphis and Assistant Charles Coughlan were killed.

There is no doubt; it is a fact

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IS ONE CENT PER WORD when paid for in advance.

For the convenience of advertisers The Pittsburgh Gazette has established the following branch offices, where classified advertisements may be left at regular rates, 1c per word, each insertion, cash in advance. Advertisements left at any branch office will be telephoned to the main office, thus insuring prompt publication.

PITTSBURGH.

BRUSHTON AVE., 315—F. S. Weisser & Co.
BUTLER ST., 3609—David Lewis.
BUTLER ST., 3621—H. G. Knipp.
BUTLER ST., COR 43D—R. M. Totten.
BUTLER ST., COR. 44TH—A. W. Covert.
BUTLER ST., 5202—Henry A. Spilker.
CARVER AV., COR. PARK AVE.—R. B. McKelvey.

WANTED.

Agents.

GOOD, live canvassers, to devote part or whole time to our business; complete outfit, steady employment and prompt pay weekly. Write for particulars. Western New York Nursery Co., Rochester, N. Y.

Male Help.

ARE you seeking employment? Do you wish to make a change? We furnish excellent positions to good men.
STAR EMPLOYMENT BUREAU,
120 Sixth st.

BOOKKEEPERS, salesmen, collectors, office assistants, stenographers, entry, shipping, stock and bill clerks quickly placed.
STAR BUREAU,
120 Sixth st.

BRIGHT BOY, about 15, to work in office. Apply by letter stating experience and giving reference, P. O. Box 905.

BOYS—Ten boys to fold circulars; wages $3.50 per week. 412 Chronicle Telegraph Bldg.

BOY—Bright boy for office work. Meyer Jonasson & Co.

COACHMAN—First-class; must be competent, sober and not afraid of work. Good place for man who will appreciate it. Address N. 4, The Gazette, giving experience and references.

CARPENTERS—25 carpenters at Edgewater sta., A. V. R. R. road. Apply W. D. Dickson.

COATMAKERS—Four first-class, at once. Apply J. C. A. Stein, 802 Main st., Sharpsburg.

COATMAKER—First-class coatmaker, 422 Federal st., Allegheny, Pa.

CASH BOYS—The Surprise Store, 531-535 Penn ave.

DO not fool away your time and shoe leather, when by calling upon us we place you in touch with employers who need you.
STAR EMPLOYMENT BUREAU,
120 Sixth st.

DO not tramp the city looking for work. Call on us. We can send you direct to employers who need men.
STAR EMPLOYMENT BUREAU,
120 Sixth st.

FOREMAN—Stone quarry foreman; must be man of experience; employment the whole year; give particulars and wages expected. Box 1388, Pittsburgh, Pa.

LABORERS—20 English speaking foundry laborers to learn molding on car castings, $2.00 per day the first week and then piece work prices, which will pay $2.50 to $4.00 daily. No trouble with union. Pennsylvania Malleable Co., McKees Rocks.

LARGE corporation would like to engage the services of a few high-class experienced men to manage branch offices. Executive ability and experience in handling men essential. No investments required. Suite 312 Ferguson bldg.

LABORERS for the water works tunnel, Cleveland; wages, $2.85 to $3.85 for eight hours' work, under air pressure. Apply to superintendent of water works, Cleveland, O.

LABORERS—1028 Pennsylvania ave., Allegheny city, Pa.; good pay, steady work.

Looking for employment for six weeks, Failed to find it.
Called at the STAR BUREAU,
Engaged within 6 hours.
120 Sixth st.

MARINE CORPS, U. S. NAVY RECRUITS—Wanted—Able-bodied men, service on our warships in all parts of the world and on land in the Philippines when required. Recruiting Office, 218 Sixth st., Pittsburgh. Room 208 Swank block, Johnstown, Pa., or 233 West Federal st., Youngstown, O.

MOLDERS—20 molders to work piece work on car castings; $3.00 to $4.50 per day; no trouble with union. Pennsylvania Malleable Company, McKees Rocks, Pa.

MACHINISTS—Those having railroad experience preferred. Call room 24, Baltimore & Ohio passenger depot after 9 a. m.

MILKER—On dairy farm; single white man who is a good milker. Apply 907 Liberty st.

ONE wagon wood-worker. Apply Jumonville and Tustin sts. Booth & Flinn, Limited.

POSITIONS SECURED for illustrators, ad. writers, journalists, bookkeepers, stenographers and proofreaders, provided they are members of our Institute. Pay us no tuition fee until we have secured for you a position. Write at once, mentioning the subject you wish to study. Correspondence Institute of America, Box 646, Scranton, Pa.

PHYSICIAN wanted to assist in a respectable advertising medical office; must be registered in this state. Good salary and chance of advancement. Address with age and full particulars, O 316, The Gazette.

PUDDLERS—Coolest forge in the country; warranted steady employment. Continental Iron Co., Wheatland, Pa.

PORTER at once. Glasgow Woolen Mills Co., Park bldg., Fifth ave.; bring reference.

PRESS FEEDER—H. C. Knapp, printer, 3521 Butler st., city.

SALESMEN—Three salesmen for Rand, McNally & Co.'s latest edition reversible map of the United States and world; size 60x64 inches; largest map published on a single sheet in this country; two maps in one; gives county map of United States and Canada on its face and large scale up-to-date map of the world on the reverse; new features showing all of our recently acquired possessions; inset maps of Hawaii, Porto Rico, Cuba, Philippine Islands and Alaska corrected to date; ocean currents, gulf stream, steamship lines, American and Asiatic date line, etc.; representatives already at work are sending in heavy reports; one secured 100 orders in 10 days; new plan, one which is bound to sweep with all old system of canvassing; no previous experience necessary; a splendid opportunity for energetic men who desire to engage in a work that will pay them liberally and furnish permanent employment. Rand, McNally & Co., 142 Fifth ave., New York.

STAR EMPLOYMENT BUREAU,
OLDEST, LARGEST AND BEST.
Men of character (American only) can secure employment from bookkeepers to porters and mechanics. 120 Sixth st.

STAR EMPLOYMENT BUREAU.
EXPERIENCE 29 YEARS, AND RELIABLE.
Quickly place desirable men in good positions. From heads of departments down to porters, janitors and others. 120 Sixth st.

SALESMEN everywhere; salary or commission paid weekly to solicit orders in towns, villages and rural districts; outfit free. Brown Brothers Company, Rochester, N. Y.

STAR EMPLOYMENT BUREAU,
ESTABLISHED AND RELIABLE.
UNDER EXPERIENCED MANAGEMENT.
29 YEARS' CONTINUOUS BUSINESS.
120 Sixth st.

SALESMAN and window dresser. Apply Glasgow Woolen Mills Co., Park bldg., Fifth ave.

WANTED.

Male Help.

THE STAR EMPLOYMENT BUREAU.
THE KING OF THEM ALL.
Established and reliable, 29 years' experience enables us to place good men in desirable positions. 120 Sixth st.

WATCHMEN, janitors, porters, drivers, engineers, machinists and men of every class furnished free to employers.
STAR BUREAU,
120 Sixth st.

WANTED—Three or four good stout boys from 16 to 18 years of age to work in cracker shop. Apply at office, Ward-Mackey Co., 3212 Liberty ave., city.

WIRE WORKERS—Chas. G. Hanny & Co., 536 W. North ave., Allegheny.

YOUNG men at once to prepare for customs, postal and department positions. Inter-State Cor. Inst., Cedar Rapids, Ia.

YOUNG man assistant bookkeeper and bill clerk; state age, experience and salary expected. Address Z 16, The Gazette.

Female Help.

COOK—Protestant cook for private family in East End; for a competent girl, well recommended, the highest wages will be paid. Address D 13, The Gazette.

COOK for family of three; reference required. Apply 1201 Fayette st., Allegheny.

GIRLS—If you want to look bright and attractive, drink SATISFACTION TEA and COFFEE, and you will have all the boys at your feet. Grocers sell them.

GIRLS to sew on awnings and tents, with power machines. Apply to Jas. W. Blakeney, 209 and 211 Sixth ave.

GIRL for general housework; good place for right person; wages $4.50 per week. 50 Linden ave., Allegheny, Ferryaville ave. cars.

GIRL for chamber work and to help with care of baby; small family. Address Mrs. S. H. Lloyd, 156 N. Craig st., E. E.

GIRLS to work on mangle and collar machine. Royal Laundry, Pennsylvania ave. and Sedgwick, Allegheny.

GIRL for general housework; family of two; 824 Collins ave., near Stanton, East End.

GIRLS for marking department. Apply at once Bruce Bros., West Wilkinsburg.

GIRL—Laundry girl and dishwasher. Hotel Mabold, 116 Federal st., Allegheny.

GIRL for general housework at once. 800 Millvale ave., E. E.

LADIES—Home employment; ladies with a little spare time can easily earn from $1 to $3 per day in their own homes; no canvassing; genteel employment. Address Dept. 21, American Tea Co., Pittsburgh, Pa.

LADY cashiers who have had experience in large retail stores; must furnish first-class reference and bond. Apply 10 a. m., 24 floor office, Kaufmann's store.

WOMEN canvassers, $1.00 day, car fares and commission. Call 1235 Penn ave.

WAITRESSES—Kroeger, 19 Park way, Allegheny.

100 GIRLS to work in packing and icing department; good wages to experienced help. Apply at office, Ward-Mackey Co., 3212 Liberty ave., city.

Male and Female Help.

MALE and female help supplied. Walker's, 610 Duquesne way. Both telephones. No. 330.

$3 DAILY copying letters at home; either sex; inclose two stamps with application. Illinois Industrial Union, Dept. 18, Masonic Temple, Chicago.

Situations—Male.

SITUATION as mine boss by practical man. Address X 17, The Gazette.

Situations—Female.

POSITION by experienced young woman bookkeeper and stenographer. Address I 16, The Gazette.

POSITION by experienced woman as office assistant or bill clerk. Address G 5, The Gazette.

POSITION as stenographer by young woman Address Y 15, The Gazette.

WANTED—Situation to travel with a lady; reference; good sewer. Address Z 4, The Gazette.

Partners.

WANTED—A partner in the plumbing business; small capital; good business established; must be a practical man. Address 1117 Kedron ave., Homewood, East End.

Pupils.

RENO SHORTHAND AND PENMANSHIP SCHOOL
432 Wood st. Most modern progressive, thorough and practical school in Western Pennsylvania. Under the personal direction of MR. MARSHALL H. RENO, for over 15 years engaged in reporting in the Allegheny county and United States court; MR. E. L. WOODWARD, for many years professor of shorthand in the Pittsburgh high school, and MR. H. G. BURTNER, for seven years professor of penmanship in the same institution, assisted by MISS EMMA C. SAWHILL, and other expert instructors. Day and evening sessions the entire year. Call or send for catalogue. Bell telephone 2526 Court.

RENO SHORTHAND AND PENMANSHIP SCHOOL, 422 Wood st. Day and evening sessions the entire year. Call or write for catalogue. Bell telephone 2526 Court.

Real Estate.

WANTED.

To buy residence on or near Fifth ave, E. E.; will pay from $25,000 to $50,000. Address Inquirer, E. E., station A, Pittsburgh.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Philadelphia lady visiting an East End lady: "My, that's the most delicious coffee I ever drank. Whose is it?" East End Lady: "Why, that is SATISFACTION COFFEE, and until I tried it I used a 70c coffee; this costs less than one-quarter that price, and I would not use any other, it has such a delicious flavor. All grocers sell it, and SATISFACTION TEA is just as good.

MEN—Mind when you was a little scamp about eight years old, how delightful you felt when you got a seat right in your sister's bean's chair, how you enjoyed being him jump? There is just as much pleasure derived now from drinking SATISFACTION TEA and COFFEE. The tea is a new one; try it. Just out this week. Ask your grocer about it. Put up in quarter-pound boxes.

WANTED—Everybody to know that the disrupted Republican organization of Pennsylvania have all been drinking SATISFACTION COFFEE—that's why they have all become agreeable. Everything is pleasant where Satisfaction Coffee is used.

WANTED—Everyone who is economizing to think whether it is cheaper to pay doctor bills or grocery bills; three cents a pound more for coffee—SATISFACTION COFFEE is healthful. You can drink a gallon.

ROOMERS, with board if desired; nice location, all modern conveniences; well furnished rooms; only 15 minutes' ride from center of city. 508 Beaver ave., Sewickley, Pa.

COMMERCIAL stationery, printing and blank books, the kind that pleases; done promptly and right by H. C. Knapp, printer, 3521 Butler st. Both telephones.

ALLEGHENY flats; furnished and unfurnished; rooms single or en suite to rent; list with the Keystone Exchange, 618 Sherman ave., Allegheny.

WANTED—You to examine our printing carefully. Satisfaction guaranteed. H. C. Knapp, 3521 Butler st. Bell 'phone 81 Fisk; P. & A., 81 Lawrence.

WANTED—Carriage horse, 16 hands; black, gray or seal brown preferred. Must be perfectly sound. Address, stating price, X 15, The Gazette.

SIGNS ON
most anything or place. F. J. Byrne, 114 Fifth ave. Both 'phones.

WANTED.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—To know if you want printing done by a good printer? H. C. Knapp, 3521 Butler st.

FOR RENT.

City and Suburban Residences.

FOR RENT.
Belmar Place, Homewood Park, near Frankstown ave, car line and Homestead R. R. station.

NEW BRICK HOUSES—8 rooms, tiled bathrooms, range, laundry, stationary tubs, furnaces, gases, electric light, porches. Possession about June 1.
S. H. LLOYD, No. 6016 Penn ave., E. E., Pittsburgh.

FOR RENT—Handsome 14-room colonial residence, with all modern improvements; South Negley ave., near Friendship; choice surroundings; rent per month $125.
L. A. CLARK & CO.,
409 Fourth ave.

East End Residences.

FOR RENT.
New 5-room brick house with bath, gas, furnace and instantaneous water heater. Each room newly papered. On paved street, near car line. For $25 per month.

P. C. CAMPBELL, Agent, at houses on Hermitage st., near Collier st., Belmar plan, 21st ward, Pittsburgh.

SEND for my rent list of East End houses. F. A. Van Gorder, 6212 Penn ave. Tel. 301.

Rooms.

FOR RENT.
Lodge room, centrally located in the East End, 40x40, with suite-rooms. Well furnished, electric light, gases
janitor service.
First and third Wednesday and Friday, second and fourth Tuesday and Saturday evenings. Rent reasonable.
S. H. LLOYD, No. 6016 Penn ave., E. E., Pittsburgh.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished front room at 517 Second st., Allegheny.

FOR RENT—Two nice furnished rooms at 43 Chatham st., city.

Apartments.

FOR RENT—Second and third floor flats at 6106 Liberty ave.; 6 rooms, bath, all modern improvements. Inquire at 801 Bank for Savings.

Furnished Houses.

WELL FURNISHED HOUSES.
With Every Modern Convenience.
Desirably located in Atlantic City; will rent only to private families for one month or longer. For full particulars and photos, see
S. H. LLOYD,
No. 6016 Penn ave., E. E., Pittsburgh, Pa.

A COMPLETELY furnished house on Dallas ave., near Penn ave., containing reception hall and 10 rooms; all modern conveniences; hardwood floors; rent reasonable.
S. H. LLOYD, 6016 Penn ave., E. E., Pittsburgh.

Store Rooms.

WANTED—TENANTS.
For store room in the Iroquois building, Forbes, Meyran avenue and Atwood street; elegant, large, well lighted and ventilated room. The following business would pay: Millinery, drygoods and trimmings, shoe store, hardware, tailoring and strictly first-class cafe. Light and heat plant on the premises, together with artesian well with good supply fine water; all included in rent; size of room, 20x80 feet. Apply to
CHAS. H. CHANCE, Oakland Bank.

Offices.

ONE-HALF interest in office; everything complete; rent reasonable. Address 308 Chronicle Telegraph building, city.

Desk Room.

DESK room for rent; centrally located; reasonable. Address E 5, The Gazette.

FOR SALE.

City and Suburban Residences.

AMBERSON AVE.

SHADYSIDE

We offer at attractive prices four pressed brick center hall colonial houses, situated on Amberson ave.

CORNER OF BAYARD ST.,

Just completed and now ready for occupancy. These houses contain all the modern improvements, including three bathrooms (tiled); hard wood throughout first floor; hot water heater; newest laundry appliances; hot air furnace; gas range.

HARDWOOD FLOOR IN HALL, DINING ROOM AND LIBRARY.

Gas and electric fixtures; decorations, etc., etc.; lots 50x125; surroundings and neighborhood unsurpassed. Terms satisfactory to purchaser.

For further particulars apply to

A. H. CHILDS, Bank of Commerce Bldg., or
HARVEY CHILDS, JR., 813 Fenn ave.

FOR SALE—$18,000.
New center hall residence.
Lately finished.
Well finished and decorated, 12 rooms.
Large cupboards, closets, laundry, billiard, pantry.
Modern throughout. Location good. Baum Grove district, East End.
For permits and full particulars see
W. A. HERRON & SONS,
327 and 329 Fourth avenue.

SWISSVALE HOME.

Have you seen our new 6-room frame houses, with bath, all complete, for $250 cash and $29 per month?

P. C. CAMPBELL, Swissvale, Pa.

10% NET ON $6,000 INVESTMENT.

In 5 new brick houses, with all conveniences and especially located on car line, one block from depot.

P. C. CAMPBELL, Swissvale, Pa.

AN elegant 10-room new brick house in choice neighborhood. This house contains every convenience that a modern house can have; our price is $10,000. We will sell it at $600 down and balance to suit purchaser.
ROOM 1507 ARROTT BLDG.,
40½ Wood st.

FOR SALE—Dithridge st. Brick, 12 rooms; 5 rooms on second floor; bath and modern conveniences; lot 50x165. Price very reasonable. Handy to Carnegie library.
See W. A. HERRON & SONS,
327 and 329 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE—Cheap—Seven-room new houses with bath, cabinet mantels, elegantly papered, gas fixtures, gas ranges, cement cellar and asphalt paved street; $200 cash and balance at $22 per month. Inquire at 7180 Mc Vernon ave., cor. of Homewood ave., in Belmar plan, East End.

AUCTION SALE—REAL ESTATE.
Thursday, May 29, 1902, 2 o'clock p. m. on premises; two-story frame dwelling, 5 rooms; lot 20x90; No. 40 (old No.) Eleventh avenue, McKeesport, Pa.; terms: One-half cash, balance on time; 10 per cent at time of sale.
H. F. McGRADY, 309 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE—Near North Highland ave., delightful location, wide paved st., eastern exposure, handsome 8-room house, reception hall, bath, set glass entrance, fine cabinet mantels, pantry, range, furnace, laundry, cement cellar, large porch, stone walks. Terms easy. See owner, C. G. Mitchell, 815 Hebron ave. Bell 'phone 1658-2 East.

GO TO GROVE ST., WEST PARK Plan, McKees Rocks, and buy a complete home at $25 a month.

$4,700—For this week to make quick sale. Choice pressed brick reception hall house, in good location near Wilkinsburg station. Built 2 years, could not be duplicated at present prices. A fine home for little money. Inquire F. Hallett, 440 Fourth ave.

IF you want to buy or sell any kind of real estate, see CAVANAGH CO., 431 Fourth ave.

East End Residences.

OWNER is discouraged with his efforts to sell. Will sell at very low price a 10 room new brick house, Rebecca st., East End, corner property; see us about it quick.
SAMUEL W. BLACK & CO.,
207 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE.

East End Residences.

$50 FOR A HOME.
EASY. EASY. EASY. EASY.
$3,750—$50 only cash needed; now or never! this means that you get a lovely East End home at $3,750 on payment of $50 down and then $27 50 per month straight; this offer open only for 10 days to effect a few quick sales; no use to apply without very best reference as a strictly fine neighborhood must be maintained; lovely brand new Queen Anne home; 6 rooms, 2 bedrooms, bathroom and large finished attic; bath, inside w. c., stationary w. s., hall and open hardwood stairway, hardwood and cabinet mantels, furnace, flues, etc., etc.; everything very best; clean, lovely, healthful location; fine lot 38x100; this is really a rare chance for nice, respectable people longing for a home of their own, but wanting the ready cash for first payment; would be glad to talk the matter over with you; no agents. Address
Owner, P. O. Box 232.

HANDSOME RESIDENCE.
No. 5225 Penn ave., fronting on the property of the late Judge Slagle; lot 70x200.6 in depth, on which is erected a three-story frame residence of 11 rooms, trunk room, two bathrooms, furnace, hot water heater, large halls; also stable, chicken house, shrubbery, shade and fruit trees; one of the finest districts in the East End. Confidential price and terms given upon application. Owner desires to sell quickly and will make satisfactory price and terms.
L. A. CLARK & CO.,
Exclusive Agents,
409 Fourth avenue.

EAST END HOME
FOR SALE—Cheap—7-room new brick houses, with bath, cabinet mantels, elegantly papered, gas fixtures, gas ranges, cement cellar and asphalt paved street; $200 cash and balance at $22 per month. Inquire at 7180 Mc Vernon ave., cor. of Homewood ave., in Belmar plan, East End.

FOR SALE—A very desirable residence of 12 rooms; large lot; on North Negley ave., near Ferguson street, E. E. For full information and permit to examine the house, see W. A. Herron & Sons, 327-329 Fourth ave.

Allegheny Residences.

AUCTION SALE—REAL ESTATE.
Wednesday, May 28, 1902, 2 o'clock p. m., on premises; two-story and mansard brick dwelling, 7 rooms; lot 40x185; corner Margaret street and Wolff alley and runs back to Colfax street, Allegheny; terms: One-third cash, balance on time; 10 per cent at time of sale.
H. F. McGRADY, 309 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE at a sacrifice, if taken quickly; No. 30 Maple st., near Linden ave., Allegheny; handsome frame residence of 8 rooms, reception hall, front and rear porches, both gases, cabinet mantels, tubular and furnace; lot 45x115; at the low price of $4,750.
L. A. CLARK & CO.,
409 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE—Second ward, near North ave. $5,000; rental $600; brick house, 8 rooms, hall, bath and all conveniences. On rear, brick house, 4 rooms.
C. C. ALLISON,
209 Federal street.

Lots.

BRIGHTON ROAD LOTS

The Kleber Plan, in Allegheny.

The Finest Lots in the Two Cities, Adjoining the Brighton Country Club.

Only 28 minutes from the business center of Pittsburgh.

These choice lots are not situated in the middle of a farm; they are in the heart of the very best residential district of Allegheny, running 600 feet deep right up to the Brighton road, 70 feet back toward California ave., adjoining and being a part of the property until recently occupied by the Allegheny Country Club.

This property is level, lies high and dry and is free from the city smoke and dirt, being, in fact, cleaner and healthier than Bellevue, Avalon, the East End and other nearby suburbs.

The Brighton road and California ave. cars pass right at the property, requiring about 25 minutes to reach the business center of Pittsburgh. The property is located about half way between Allegheny and Bellevue.

Don't Wait

Buy a lot for investment or a home. Reference to the above plan will show that these lots are amply large for roomy houses and lawns.

Considering the high quality of these most desirable home building sites, the prices at which they can be bought are the most reasonable that were ever put on such gilt-edge property. Plans mailed on application. Call or address 1528 Grant and 614 Main, or call on

H. KLEBER, Jr.,
221-223 Fifth ave.

FOR SALE—Handsome building lot on Pacific ave., near Hartley st., lot having a frontage of 50x160 to an alley; paved, sewered and sidewalk; only $107 50 per foot front; lot is surrounded by handsome residences.
L. A. CLARK & CO.,
409 Fourth ave.

BIG BARGAIN
600-ft. frontage within 15 minutes' walk of Swissvale station, at $15.00 per front foot; $1,200 cash, balance on long mortgage.
C. C. HAMILTON,
314 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE—Lot situated at the corner of Fairmount ave. (paved) and Edgecliffe alley; lot 65x165; this property is beautifully situated and may be had at a decided bargain.
L. A. CLARK & CO.,
409 Fourth ave.

AVALON, PA.
A bargain; few good lots

FOR SALE.

Miscellaneous.

Soda Fountain.

Call and see our handsome new marble soda fountains; will sell or rent; easy terms if desired. Siegel Exhaust Fan. 1307 Wylie at. Store open evenings till 10 o'clock.

SIGNS OF THE TIMES.
Appropriate, attractive and business bringing ones made here by the J. F. Byrne, the painter, 634 Fifth ave. and 55 Tunnel st., both 'phones.

FOR SALE—
There is no foolish question or a mere idle jest, Have you tried our SATISFACTION TEA in the quarter-pound chest?

EXTRACTS FOR SODA FOUNTAIN
And ice cream. We also carry a full line of supplies. Mail orders promptly attended to. SIEGEL EXTRACT CO., 1307 Wylie av. Store.

PERSONAL.

Reuben, Reuben, I've been thinking
What a sad thing it would be
If the men would all stop drinking
Everything except coffee and tea.

Cynthia, Cynthia, I've been thinking
Stranger things have oft come true,
If their wives used SATISFACTION,
That's exactly what they'd do.

Reuben, Reuben, I've been thinking
What their coffee's done for me.
If 'twas made us both so happy
That I'm going to try their tea.

Cynthia, Cynthia, you're a corker;
It has made you look so grand
SATISFACTION TEA AND COFFEE
Are the finest in the land.
All grocers sell it.

PERSONAL.—Theodora Low de Vasse, the highest authority in this country on compound and irregular verbs, pronounces unwarranted abbreviation. Walter Pearce, an English authority, regrets the injudicious use of different styles of lettering and the sham relief of shaded letters. This and more is to be known when good lettering is done. For correct and reasonable sign work, call or send for P. J. BYRNE, 634 Fifth ave, Tel. E. E. Garnsey.

Don't talk to me of liquors,
Of ale or lager beer;
They make me feel too frisky,
And put me on the queer;
But what I like is coffee
All drinks I do detest,
And SATISFACTION COFFEE
Is the only drink I love.

ALLEGHENY TRANSFER & STORAGE CO.
MOVING,
PACKING,
STORAGE.
PADDED VANS.
LARGE WAGONS.
EXPERIENCED MEN.
540 WEST NORTH AVENUE, ALLEGHENY.
BOTH "'PHONES."

PERSONAL.—Will the little boy who wrote a letter telling how he liked to read the SATISFACTION COFFEE advertisements, and how well his mother liked SATISFACTION COFFEE, please write to all his friends and say that SATISFACTION TEA is just as good as any high-priced tea sold? Put up in quarter-pound packages.

MOVING!
If so, employ practical and experienced parties; it is the cheapest. Light wagons for hire, with or without drivers. Also carriers of passengers and pedigree to Perrysville and Wexford.
J. O'NEIL, EXPRESS,
813 and 815 West Diamond, Allegheny.
Both 'Phones No. 458, Allegheny.

RUBBER BOOTS for men, for women, for boys, for little folks; all first quality, honest goods; fine light weight rubber boots contain more rubber than heavyweights; wear better, not so clumsy, keep dry. That is
CAIN Quality,
503 Market st.

JUST THINK.
High-grade mandolin, violin, banjo or guitar, including 36 lessons for $11.75, payable 25c weekly; also banjo, guitar and mandolin music. Mfg. Co., 545 Smithfield st., 526 Federal st., Allegheny.

RICH YOUR APPAREL
as the purse can buy."
Keep your house well dressed, too; that's important.
BYRNE, 634 Fifth ave.

"Are you riding to work or for pleasure?" said he,
As they met one day on the traction;
"I am going to purchase some coffee and tea;
Yes, the very best brand, SATISFACTION.

PERSONAL.—If you want everybody to be agreeable and to think your way, give them SATISFACTION COFFEE. Its effects are most pleasant.

PERSONAL.—Allen's Rug Works, 5005 and 5007 Center ave. E. E. can weave your old carpets into fine rugs and druggets; send for circular.

PERSONAL.—When you need printing call up Bell 'phone 81 Fisk, or P. & A. 81 Lawrence, and get "Printing Our Specialty" on good work.

PERSONAL.—Commercial printing and blank books done as you want them; prompt and reasonable. H. C. Knapp, Both 'phones.

PERSONAL.—Call by telephone or drop a postal and I will call on you when you want printing. H. C. Knapp, 3521 Butler st.

RUBBER BOOTS for Men—Extra length in legs, too; best quality only.
CAIN Quality, 503 Market st.

PERSONAL.—Vapor, alcohol and sponge baths. Mrs. Hayden, 20 East Robinson, between Federal and Sandusky, Allegheny.

PERSONAL.—Business cards printed properly. H. C. Knapp, 3521 Butler st. Both 'phones.

PERSONAL.—Electric treatment, massage and baths. Annie Day, 642 Penn ave., ground floor.

RENO
SHORTHAND AND PENMANSHIP SCHOOL,
432 Wood st. Day and evening sessions. Bell telephone 2526 Court. Call or send for catalogue.

FOUND—That Mrs. Murphy, Chimmy Fadden's friend, who would say when full of hops, "It's a proud day," and "a proud day!" She now says "It's a proud day" for every person using SATISFACTION COFFEE, as it makes people respectable, healthy and wise. Ask your grocer about it.

SIGNS OF SPRING
or any other season made or furnished on short notice. P. J. Byrne, painter, late with E. E. Garnsey, 634 Fifth ave. and 55 Tunnel st.; both 'phones.

RUBBER BOOTS for Men—Extra lengths; first quality only—and there are three grades; buy your the second would be, not to mention the third, only in a whisper.
Try CAIN'S, 503 Market st.

FOUND—Printing executed exactly correct by H. C. Knapp, 3521 Butler st. Both 'phones. Optometrists' Printing Our Specialty.

LOST.

LOST—The cat said to the coffee pot: "You are black!" The coffee pot replied: "No wonder. She—they tried SATISFACTION COFFEE in this house; they don't do so often but drink coffee, and I'm on the fire all the time; but you never mind, they are selling SATISFACTION TEA now, and from what I hear you will get simmered more than your fate likely. They say SATISFACTION TEA is a wonder."

"WHO RUNS MAY READ"
the readable signs made by P. J. Byrne, the Painter, are the best. 634 Fifth ave. and 55 Tunnel st.; both 'phones.

LOST—The chance to get good painting done if you fail to get P. J. Byrne, the Painter, to give you an estimate. 634 Fifth ave.

LOST—Bunch of keys on silver ring. Please return to 408 Neville st., Shadyside, and receive reward.

MARSHAL'S SALE.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE—Western district of Pennsylvania. By virtue of an order of sale issued out of the United States district court for the western district of Pennsylvania, on the 22d day of May, 1902, I do hereby give notice that I will sell by public auction, for cash, on Thursday, the 5th day of June, 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the office of the United States marshal in the city of Pittsburgh, Pa., Room 505 Federal building, the steamer "K. Hullugs," her engines, boilers, machinery, boats, tackle, apparel, appurtenances and furniture, libeled, seized, attached and condemned in said court. Stephen P. Stone, United States Marshal; U. S. Marshal's Office, Pittsburgh, Pa., May 22, 1902.

OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY.

(No. 385.)
AN ORDINANCE—Fixing the salary of the superintendent of the bureau of electricity, department of public safety.
Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That from and after June 1, 1902, the salary of the superintendent of the bureau of electricity, department of public safety, be and the same is hereby fixed at twenty-four hundred ($2,400.00) dollars per annum, payable monthly, out of appropriation No. 8, bureau of electricity, department of public safety.
Section 2—That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.
Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 15th day of May, A. D. 1902.
GEO. W. SNAMAN,
President of Select Council Pro. Tem.
Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
JOHN M. GOEHRING,
President of Common Council.

(No. 386.)
AN ORDINANCE—Fixing the salary of the inspector of meat and milk, department of public safety.
Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That from and after June 1, 1902, the salary of the inspector of meat and milk, department of public safety, be and the same is hereby fixed at eighteen hundred ($1,800.00) dollars per annum, payable monthly, out of appropriation No. 7, bureau of health, department of public safety.
Section 2—That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.
Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 15th day of May, A. D. 1902.
GEO. W. SNAMAN,
President of Select Council Pro. Tem.
Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
JOHN M. GOEHRING,
President of Common Council.

(No. 387.)
AN ORDINANCE—Changing the grade of Woods Run avenue, Eleventh ward, from McClure avenue to Brighton road.
Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the grade of Woods Run avenue, Eleventh ward, from McClure avenue to Brighton road, and the same is hereby established as follows:
Beginning at a point where the center line of Woods Run avenue intersects the east line of McClure avenue, at an elevation of seventy-four and five tenths (74.5) feet above city datum; thence ascending at a rate of one (1) foot in one hundred (100) feet for a distance of one thousand fifty-seven and seventy-three hundredths (1,057.73 feet to the west curb line of Brighton road, elevation ninety-two and eighty-five hundredths (92.85) feet above city datum.
Section 2—That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.
Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 15th day of May, A. D. 1902.
GEO. W. SNAMAN,
President of Select Council Pro. Tem.
Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
JOHN M. GOEHRING,
President of Common Council.

(No. 388.)
AN ORDINANCE — Authorizing the purchase of a steam fire engine.
Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the city controller be and he is hereby authorized and instructed to advertise for proposals for the purchase of a steam fire engine for Company No. 10, Lafayette avenue. In accordance with the specifications prepared by and on file in the office of the director of the department of public safety.
Section 2—The city recorder and the director of the department of public safety be and they are hereby authorized and directed to award and execute a contract therefor in accordance with the act of Assembly in such cases made and provided.
Section 3—Said steam fire engine to be paid for out of appropriation No. 5, bureau of fire, item No. 6.
Section 4—That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.
Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 14th day of May, A. D. 1902.
GEO. W. SNAMAN,
President of Select Council Pro. Tem.
Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
JOHN R. HENRICKS,
President of Common Council Pro. Tem.
Attest:
ROBERT DILWORTH, City Clerk.
City Recorder's Office, Allegheny, Pa., May 19, A. D. 1902. The above ordinance examined and approved.
J. R. MURPHY,
City Recorder.

(No. 389.)
AN ORDINANCE—Fixing the salary of the assistant engineer of the bureau of water, department of public safety.
Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That from and after June 1, 1902, the salary of the assistant engineer of the bureau of water, department of public safety, be and the same is hereby fixed at eighteen hundred ($1,800.00) dollars per annum, payable monthly, out of appropriation No. 1, bureau of water, department of public safety.
Section 2—That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.
Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 15th day of May, A. D. 1902.
GEO. W. SNAMAN,
President of Select Council Pro. Tem.
Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
JOHN M. GOEHRING,
President of Common Council.

(No. 390.)
AN ORDINANCE—Fixing the salary of the chief clerk in the office of the city controller.
Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That from and after June 1, 1902, the salary of the chief clerk in the office of the city controller is hereby fixed at eighteen hundred ($1,800.00) dollars per annum, payable monthly.
The above salary to be paid out of appropriation No. 1, salaries.
Section 2—That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.
Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 15th day of May, A. D. 1902.
GEO. W. SNAMAN,
President of Select Council Pro. Tem.
Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
JOHN M. GOEHRING,
President of Common Council.

(No. 391.)
AN ORDINANCE—Fixing the salary of the city clerks.
Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That from and after June 1, 1902, the salary of the city clerks shall be eighteen hundred ($1,800.00) dollars per annum, each, payable monthly. Said salaries shall be payable from appropriation No. 1, salaries.
Section 2—That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.
Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 15th day of May, A. D. 1902.
GEO. W. SNAMAN,
President of Select Council Pro. Tem.
Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
JOHN M. GOEHRING,
President of Common Council.

(No. 392.)
AN ORDINANCE—Fixing the salary of the city recorder.
Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That from and after June 1, 1902, the salary of the city recorder shall be twenty-three hundred ($2,300.00) dollars per annum, payable monthly, and that of the assistant city recorder shall be twenty-one hundred ($2,100.00) dollars per annum, payable monthly.
Section 2—That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.
Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 15th day of May, A. D. 1902.
GEO. W. SNAMAN,
President of Select Council Pro. Tem.
Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
JOHN M. GOEHRING,
President of Common Council.

(No. 393.)
AN ORDINANCE—Fixing the salaries of the department of assessors, and of the permanent clerk.
Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That from and after June 1, 1902, the salary of the chief assessor is hereby fixed at twenty-three hundred ($2,300.00) dollars per annum, payable monthly; the salaries of the assessors are hereby fixed at eighteen hundred ($1,800.00) dollars, each, per annum, payable monthly, and that of the permanent clerk is hereby fixed at fourteen hundred ($1,400.00) dollars per annum, payable monthly. Said salaries to be paid out of appropriation No. 1, salaries.
Section 2—That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.
Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 15th day of May, A. D. 1902.
GEO. W. SNAMAN,
President of Select Council Pro. Tem.
Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
JOHN M. GOEHRING,
President of Common Council.

(No. 394.)
AN ORDINANCE—Fixing the salaries of the department of assessors, and of the permanent clerk.
Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That from and after June 1, 1902, the salary of the chief assessor is hereby fixed at twenty-three hundred ($2,300.00) dollars per annum, payable monthly; the salaries of the assessors are hereby fixed at eighteen hundred ($1,800.00) dollars, each, per annum, payable monthly, and that of the permanent clerk is hereby fixed at fourteen hundred ($1,400.00) dollars per annum, payable monthly. Said salaries to be paid out of appropriation No. 1, salaries.
Section 2—That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.
Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 15th day of May, A. D. 1902.
GEO. W. SNAMAN,
President of Select Council Pro. Tem.
Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
JOHN M. GOEHRING,
President of Common Council.

(No. 395.)
AN ORDINANCE—Fixing the salary of the bacteriologist in the bureau of health, department of public safety.
Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That from and after June 1, 1902, the salary of the bacteriologist in the bureau of health, department of public safety, be and is hereby fixed at eighteen hundred ($1,800.00) dollars per annum, payable monthly, out of appropriation No. 7, bureau of health, department of public safety.
Section 2—That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.
Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 15th day of May, A. D. 1902.
GEO. W. SNAMAN,
President of Select Council Pro. Tem.
Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
JOHN M. GOEHRING,
President of Common Council.

(No. 403.)
AN ORDINANCE—Fixing the salary of the bacteriologist in the bureau of health, department of public safety.
Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That from and after June 1, 1902, the salary of the bacteriologist in the bureau of health, department of public safety, be and is hereby fixed at eighteen hundred ($1,800.00) dollars per annum, payable monthly, out of appropriation No. 7, bureau of health, department of public safety.
Section 2—That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.
Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 15th day of May, A. D. 1902.
GEO. W. SNAMAN,
President of Select Council Pro. Tem.
Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
JOHN M. GOEHRING,
President of Common Council.

(No. 396.)
AN ORDINANCE—Fixing the salary of the chief clerk in the office of the city controller.
Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That from and after June 1, 1902, the salary of the chief clerk in the office of the city controller is hereby fixed at eighteen hundred ($1,800.00) dollars per annum, payable monthly.
The above salary to be paid out of appropriation No. 1, salaries.
Section 2—That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.
Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 15th day of May, A. D. 1902.
GEO. W. SNAMAN,
President of Select Council Pro. Tem.
Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
JOHN M. GOEHRING,
President of Common Council.

(No. 397.)
AN ORDINANCE—Fixing the salary of the market constable.
Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That from and after June 1, 1902, the salary of the market constable shall be ninety ($90.00) dollars per month, payable monthly, the same to be payable out of appropriation No. 6, bureau of police, department of public safety.
Section 2—That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.
Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 15th day of May, A. D. 1902.
GEO. W. SNAMAN,
President of Select Council Pro. Tem.
Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
JOHN M. GOEHRING,
President of Common Council.

(No. 398.)
AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing and ordering the re-grading and re-paving of Brabec street, Thirteenth ward, from Point street to Basin street, and providing for the payment of the cost thereof.
Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and its is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the re-grading and re-paving of Brabec street, Thirteenth ward, from Point street to Basin street, is hereby authorized and ordered, and the director of the department of public works is hereby instructed to prepare specifications therefor, and the city recorder and the said director are authorized to advertise for proposals for doing said work in accordance with such specifications, and award the contract therefor according to the provisions of the acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided.
Section 2—When said re-grading and repaving is completed, the cost and expense thereof shall be paid out of the proceeds of the sale of "Street Improvement Bonds."
Section 3—That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.
Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 15th day of May, A. D. 1902.
GEO. W. SNAMAN,
President of Select Council Pro. Tem.
Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
JOHN M. GOEHRING,
President of Common Council.

(No. 399.)
AN ORDINANCE—Fixing the grade of Brabec street, Thirteenth ward, from Point street to Basin street.
Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That from and after June 1, 1902, the grade of Brabec street, from Point street to Basin street, be and the same is hereby established as follows:
Beginning at a point where the center line of Brabec street intersects the center line of Point street, at an elevation of seventy-four and five tenths (74.5) feet above city datum; thence ascending at a rate of one (1) foot in one hundred (100) feet for a distance of one thousand (1,000) feet; thence ascending at a rate of two (2) feet in one hundred (100) feet for a distance of one thousand seventy-seven and seventy-three hundredths (1,077.73) feet to the center line of Basin street, at an elevation of ninety-two and eighty-five hundredths (92.85) feet above city datum.
Section 2—That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.
Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 15th day of May, A. D. 1902.
GEO. W. SNAMAN,
President of Select Council Pro. Tem.
Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
JOHN M. GOEHRING,
President of Common Council.

(No. 400.)
AN ORDINANCE—Fixing the salaries of the department of assessors, and of the permanent clerk.
Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That from and after June 1, 1902, the salary of the chief assessor is hereby fixed at twenty-three hundred ($2,300.00) dollars per annum, payable monthly; the salaries of the assessors are hereby fixed at eighteen hundred ($1,800.00) dollars, each, per annum, payable monthly, and that of the permanent clerk is hereby fixed at fourteen hundred ($1,400.00) dollars per annum, payable monthly. Said salaries to be paid out of appropriation No. 1, salaries.
Section 2—That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.
Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 15th day of May, A. D. 1902.
GEO. W. SNAMAN,
President of Select Council Pro. Tem.
Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
JOHN M. GOEHRING,
President of Common Council.

(No. 401.)
AN ORDINANCE—Fixing the salary of the meat and milk inspector in the bureau of health, department of public safety.
Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That from and after June 1, 1902, the salary of the meat and milk inspector in the bureau of health, department of public safety, be and the same is hereby fixed at eighteen hundred ($1,800.00) dollars per annum, payable monthly, out of appropriation No. 7, bureau of health, department of public safety.
Section 2—That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.
Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 15th day of May, A. D. 1902.
GEO. W. SNAMAN,
President of Select Council Pro. Tem.
Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
JOHN R. HENRICKS,
President of Common Council Pro. Tem.
Attest:
ROBERT DILWORTH, City Clerk.
City Recorder's Office, Allegheny, Pa., May 19, A. D. 1902. The above ordinance examined and approved.
J. R. MURPHY,
City Recorder.

(No. 402.)
AN ORDINANCE—Fixing the salary of the inspector of meat and milk, department of public safety.
Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That from and after June 1, 1902, the salary of the inspector of meat and milk, department of public safety, be and the same is hereby fixed at eighteen hundred ($1,800.00) dollars per annum, payable monthly, out of appropriation No. 7, bureau of health, department of public safety.
Section 2—That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.
Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 15th day of May, A. D. 1902.
GEO. W. SNAMAN,
President of Select Council Pro. Tem.
Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
JOHN M. GOEHRING,
President of Common Council.

SPECIAL.

AN OUNCE OF PREVENTION
BETTER THAN A POUND OF CURE.
Before the sun and weather cracks, warps or rules woodwork, or starts the nails to rust from brickwork, have them painted
BYRNE, 634 Fifth ave.

OFFICE SIGNS
neatly and promptly printed. P. J. Byrne, late with E. E. Garnsey, 634 Fifth ave.; both 'phones.

COMMERCIAL printing and blank books is my specialty. H. C. Knapp, printer, 3521 Butler st. Telephone, P. & A., 81; Bell, 81 Fisk.

REMEMBER, H. C. Knapp's 'phone numbers are P. & A. 81 Lawrence, Bell 81 Fisk, when you want good printing at the right price.

WEAR Cain's shoes for sore and tired feet. 503 Market st.

REMOVALS.

DELAYS ARE DANGEROUS.
This is a great truth when said of painting. Paint your house or barn before the rains of the year. Send for BYRNE, 634 Fifth ave.

AFTER you move you will need new stationery. Call up H. C. Knapp, the printer, on either telephone, and a representative will call.

FOR stationery, booklets, blank books, etc., printed properly, see H. C. Knapp, printer, 3521 Butler st. Call either telephone.

NOTICES.

LEGAL—Now, since we have gone to the trouble of putting up this advertisement and you have read it, it will be your fault if you do not call at 503 MARKET ST. and get CAIN'S COFFEE, and reap the reward.

ROOM FOR ONE MORE.
Usually there's not, but at this season, if you want good painting done, send for BYRNE, the Painter, 634 Fifth ave.

LEGAL NOTICES.

R. M. BARNES, Attorney-at-Law, 410 Grant st., Pittsburgh, Pa. In the court of common pleas No. 2 of Allegheny county, Pa. No. 254 July term, 1902.
In the matter of petition of David M. Kammerer for the release and discharge of a mortgage from John Green to James Allcorn, assigned to Henry S. Magraw, recorded in Mortgage Book "L," vol. 220, p. 21.
Take notice that the petition of David M. Kammerer, filed Saturday, May 3, 1902, at the above number and term, respectfully represents that petitioner is the owner in fee simple of all that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the Tenth ward of the city of Pittsburg, in the county of Allegheny and state of Pennsylvania, beginning on the southerly side of Penn avenue two hundred and thirty-four (234) feet ten and one-fourth (10¼) inches northeastwardly from the southeasterly corner of Penn avenue and Seventeenth street; thence southeastwardly one hundred (100) feet to a point on the northerly line of Spring alley, said point being distant two hundred and thirty-four (234) feet and one-eighth (⅛) inches eastwardly from the northeasterly corner of Spring alley and Seventeenth street; thence northeastwardly by the line of said alley one hundred (100) feet; thence northwestwardly and parallel with first mentioned line thirty-seven (37) feet nine (9) inches to the wall of church building erected upon the premises hereby leased; thence northeastwardly and parallel with Spring alley one (1) foot six (6) inches to the corner of said church building; thence northwestwardly and parallel with Penn avenue sixty-two (62) feet six (6) inches to the southerly line of Penn avenue and thence southwestwardly along Penn avenue twenty-six (26) feet six (6) inches to the place of beginning.
That said property is encumbered by the lien of a certain mortgage, bearing date the 25th day of June, 1842, and recorded in the recorder's office of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, in mortgage book "L," vol. 9, page 21, having been given interalia upon the property above described by one John Glenn of the city of Pittsburgh to one James Allcorn of Morgantown, West Virginia, to secure to the said Allcorn and to his executors, administrators and assigns, $1,195.90, payable: $200.00 on June 1, 1843; $200.00 June 1, 1844; $200.00 on June 1, 1845, and $300.00 on June 1, 1846, together with interest thereon.
That said mortgage and all moneys thereby secured by writing upon the margin of the record of mortgage aforesaid duly entered on November 2, 1846, to Henry S. Magraw.
That no payment of principal or interest has been made, either in full or on account of said mortgage debt, but the full sum secured by the present owner of the above described premises or so far as can be ascertained by any of his predecessors in title, and that petitioner has no knowledge of any person or parties interested in said mortgage, although diligent search has been made therefor. That no release of the premises above described from said mortgage nor any acquittance or acknowledgement of payment thereof or on account thereof is of record in the county of Allegheny aforesaid.
Wherefore your petitioner prays your honorable court, after notice given according to law, to decree and direct that the above described premises be released and discharged from the lien of said mortgage, and for general and that a copy of this petition and said decree shall be entered of record in the office of the recorder of deds of the county of Allegheny aforesaid.
Now be it known that I, William C. McKinley, sheriff of Allegheny county, do hereby give public notice, requiring all persons interested in said mortgage to appear in said court on the 7th day of June, 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m., to answer said petition and to claim payment for or on account of said mortgage, or show cause why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.
WILLIAM C. M'KINLEY, Sheriff.

IN the court of common pleas, No. 2 of Allegheny county, Pa., No. 318, July term, 1902. In re bond of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company to the commonwealth of Pennsylvania for use of Mary Laverty, et al. To Mary Laverty, John Bannon, James Laverty, the Pennsylvania Trust Company of Pittsburgh, trustee for James Laverty, and all others interested. Notice is hereby given that on May 12, 1902, at above number and term, the said court appointed as viewers to assess the damages in above entitled matter W. N. Haymaker, George N. Monro, A. S. Brubaker, J. P. Bingaman, W. L. Sailor, H. H. Welsh, Sr., and C. W. Taylor, and also appointed June 4, 1902, at 10:30 o'clock a. m. as the time for said viewers to meet upon the premises, to-wit: in the borough of North Braddock, Allegheny county, Pa., Patterson, Sherrett & Acheson, solicitors Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

T. F. NEWLIN, 426 Fourth avenue, State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss: In the court of common pleas No. 2, No. 606 July term, 1902. Thomas Wendler, Libel in divorce, a vinculo matrimonii. To Charles F. Wendler, respondent: You will please take notice that the above-entitled case has been put upon the divorce list in the court of common pleas, No. 2, of Allegheny county, and shall be called for trial in said court on the fourth Monday of June next, when and where you may attend if you see proper. T. F. Newlin, Attorney for Libellant.

NOTICE.
Our advertisement appearing in Pittsburgh papers, dated May 18, 1902, should be excluded the Steinway pianos in the list of pianos for which we are sole agents. We are sole agents for Gemina Chickering Pianos, which is the best piano manufactured in the world, oldest in America.
G. SCHROEDER, Mgr. W. F. FREDERICK.

LEGAL NOTICES.

J. M. SHIELDS, 501 Fifth avenue. In the court of common pleas No. 3 of Allegheny county, No. 52 August term, 1901. Lawrence W. Krupp et al. versus The United States Fidelity & Guaranty Co. Notice is hereby given that the first and partial account of the Safe Deposit and Trust Company of Pittsburgh, receiver of the United Market Company, was filed in Prothonotary's office of Allegheny county on May 16, 1902, and that it will be presented to said court on Saturday, June 14, 1902, at 9:30 o'clock a. m., for confirmation unless cause be shown to the contrary. The Safe Deposit and Trust Company of Pittsburgh, Receiver. Pittsburgh, May 16, 1902.

GEO. L. McCLEARY, Attorney-at-Law, 518 Fourth ave., Pittsburgh, Pa. Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Nicholas Ott, deceased, late of Allegheny county, have been granted to the undersigned, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will make them known without delay. J. G. Steinmark, Administrator, No. 854 Green st., Allegheny, Pa.

JOHN A. EMERY, JR., Attorney-at-Law, No. 403 Fifth ave., Pittsburgh, Pa. Estate of Paul Rode, deceased. Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Paul Rode, deceased, late of Allegheny county, have been granted to the undersigned, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will make them known without delay. Anna R. Rode, Administratrix, Pittsburgh, Pa.

A. B. STEVENSON, Attorney-at-Law, 420 Diamond st., Pittsburgh, Pa. Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Basil Meek, deceased, late of Allegheny county, have been granted to the undersigned, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will make them known without delay. W. J. Meek, Executor, Carnot P. O., Allegheny county, Pa.

JOHN A. EMERY, JR., Attorney-at-Law, No. 403 Fifth ave., Pittsburgh, Pa. Estate of Charles C. Foreman, deceased. Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Charles C. Foreman, deceased, late of Allegheny county, have been granted to the undersigned, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will make them known without delay. Bella Foreman, Administratrix, Glasport, Pa.

WHITESELL BROS., Attorneys-at-Law, No. 500 Diamond st., Pittsburgh, Pa. Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Charles Maul, deceased, late of Allegheny county, have been granted to the undersigned, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will make them known without delay. Catherine Maul, executrix, Knoxville borough, Pa.

C. W. JONES, Attorney-at-Law, No. 408 Grant st., Pittsburgh, Pa. Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of John Jenkins, late of Allegheny county, have been granted to the undersigned, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will make them known without delay. Thomas Chambers, Geo. Ball, Executors, No. 29 Homestead st., Twenty-second ward, Pittsburgh, Pa.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned will, on the 31st day of May, 1902, make an application to the court of quarter sessions of Allegheny county, Pa., for a renewal of his license to carry on the business of a detective and conduct a detective agency, under the provisions of an act of the general assembly of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania, approved May 25, A. D. 1887, and its supplements. Harry H. Perkins.

BANK STATEMENTS.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE SAFE DEPOSIT AND TRUST COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH, Wood street and Fourth avenue, of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, at the close of business May 22, 1902.

RESOURCES.

Cash on hand		$ 1,583 09
Checks and other cash items		826 18
Due from banks and bankers		25,682 14
Investment securities owned, viz:		
Stocks, bonds, etc.	$407,818 60	
Mortgages	920,293 60	
		1,328,112 53
Real estate, furniture and fixtures		258,275 85
Miscellaneous assets		859 25
Total		$1,705,144 45
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock paid in		$ 1,000,000 00
Surplus fund		699,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		81,342 02
Miscellaneous liabilities		23,802 43
Total		$1,705,144 45
Amount of trust funds invested		10,409,177 38
Amount of trust funds uninvested		513,977 85
Total		$10,883,155 23

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:
I, W. T. Howe, treasurer of the above named company, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
Now be it known that I, William C. McKinley, sheriff of Allegheny county, do hereby give public notice, requiring all persons interested in said mortgage to appear in said court on the 7th day of June, 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m., to answer said petition and to claim payment for or on account of said mortgage, or show cause why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.
WILLIAM C. M'KINLEY, Sheriff.

IN the court of common pleas, No. 2 of Allegheny county, Pa., No. 318, July term, 1902. In re bond of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company to the commonwealth of Pennsylvania for use of Mary Laverty, et al. To Mary Laverty, John Bannon, James Laverty, the Pennsylvania Trust Company of Pittsburgh, trustee for James Laverty, and all others interested. Notice is hereby given that on May 12, 1902, at above number and term, the said court appointed as viewers to assess the damages in above entitled matter W. N. Haymaker, George N. Monro, A. S. Brubaker, J. P. Bingaman, W. L. Sailor, H. H. Welsh, Sr., and C. W. Taylor, and also appointed June 4, 1902, at 10:30 o'clock a. m. as the time for said viewers to meet upon the premises, to-wit: in the borough of North Braddock, Allegheny county, Pa., Patterson, Sherrett & Acheson, solicitors Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

T. F. NEWLIN, 426 Fourth avenue, State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss: In the court of common pleas No. 2, No. 606 July term, 1902. Thomas Wendler, Libel in divorce, a vinculo matrimonii. To Charles F. Wendler, respondent: You will please take notice that the above-entitled

PEEBLES HOUSE IN THE EAST END BRINGS GOOD SUM

Joseph M. Shea Buys Handsome Home for Col. M. A. Morgan, for $45,000.

HOTEL CHANGES HANDS

Fifth Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church Optioned — New School House for Braddock and New Postoffice for Coraopolis.

Another fine East End residence is reported to have changed owners for a consideration of $45,000. It formerly belonged to William Peebles and was bought by Joseph M. Shea for Col. S. M. A. Morgan, who will occupy it as a home. It is a colonial brick dwelling containing 12 rooms handsomely finished. The lot fronts 139 feet in Richland avenue, near Penn, and has a depth of 140 feet, making it one of the most desirable residence sites in the Twenty-second ward. The deal is credited to W. A. Herron & Sons.

The old Jacob Freuhaurser hotel property on the South Side was sold yesterday for $16,000 to C. P. Freund. Title was secured from the Fidelity Title and Trust Company. The lot faces 100 feet in Diamond square and has a depth of 40 feet. On it is erected a two-story brick hotel which the new owner will remodel at a cost of about $3,000. This property has been used as a hotel for over 30 years. The sale was made through the agency of Charles O. Lappe.

Good Prices for Church Lots.

Another church is likely to be sold as the result of options secured. The Fifth Avenue Methodist Episcopal church, in Fifth avenue, near Magee street, has been optioned for $100,000. The congregation will meet June 2 to discuss the sale. This is the last church property remaining in Fifth avenue below Marion street. Extensive improvements have been made on the building within a few months. It is said that the congregation generally favors a sale at the price offered and an effort is being made to secure a site in the Squirrel Hill district.

A $20,000 Home.

The George Hubbard residence in South Negley avenue has been purchased by William Oberlin for $20,000. The deal was negotiated by L. A. Clark & Co. The house is a 14-room colonial brick, on a lot, 99x110 feet, near Friendship avenue. Mr. Oberlin will occupy the property as a home as soon as he disposes of his present residence.

The Stevenson plan of lots in the West End is being put on the market again by S. Arnold. The plan originally consisted of about 225 lots but many of them have been sold and a considerable amount of building is now going on in consequence. Mr. Arnold is taking bids on four more frame dwellings of six rooms each, which will be followed by eight others of the same description, if the estimates are satisfactory. The houses will cost $2,500 each. A plan is on foot to bring the Chartiers street car line in on Division street, which will adjoin the plan, and give a 16-minute service to the city.

The Epiphany Roman Catholic church in Congress street is having plans drawn by Architect Edward Stotz for a brick and stone parish house, to cost $50,000.

Architects E. J. Carlisle & Co. are preparing plans for a $30,000 school house at the corner of Talbot avenue and Eleventh street, Braddock.

Coraopolis is to have a new postoffice, plans for which are being drawn by Architect T. Ed. Cornelius. The building will be a three-story brick, 22x75 feet, and will cost $8,000.

Coal Official to Build.

G. F. Newmeyer, vice president of the Washington Coal & Coke Company, is having plans prepared by Beezer Bros. for a brick and stone residence at Dawson, Pa. The house will have 22 rooms and cost $30,000. The contract for its erection has been awarded to George Blackburn of Dawson.

William T. Powell has the contract from Architect W. E. Shaman for the erection of a $25,000 brick and stone residence for A. B. Hay, at Sewickley.

Avalon: The Allegheny Real Estate Company sold for Elizabeth Tate to Annie C. Stern a lot, 100x145 feet, improved with a 10-room frame house, in Middle street, Avalon, for $6,250. The purchaser bought for a home.

Etna: Seidel Bros. sold for Robert Moffatt to John E. Joos a lot, 62x250 feet, on the north side of Butler street, near Pine street, Etna, for $3,300. The lot is improved with a brick store and dwelling.

Meadow street: James F. Craighead of Wilkinsburg sold to Ella G. Edmunds an improved lot, 23x100 feet, on the south side of Meadow street, near Park avenue, Twenty-first ward, for $4,000.

A Chestnut Street Sale.

Vickroy street: Mary A. Phillips sold to Charles Egan an improved lot, 21x118 feet, on the north side of Vickroy street, near Chestnut street, Sixth ward, for $4,250.

Washington avenue: Dr. Elmer E. Briggs sold to Dr. Charles C. Williams an improved lot, 24.5x140 feet, on the south side of Washington avenue, Thirty-first ward, for $4,000.

Bingler street: W. L. Scott & Co. sold for Samuel J. Porter to Laura J. Still an improved lot, 75x111 feet, on Bingler street, Twenty-third ward, for $1,750.

Main street: The Diamond National bank sold to Mary A. Byles a one-sixteenth interest in an improved lot on the north side of Main street, adjoining the bank property, for $3,500.

Shaler Plan: The Real Estate Trust Company sold for J. Walter Hay to George Lintner two lots in the Shaler plan, Thirty-fifth ward, for $700.

Catharine street: James M. Bailey sold to Elizabeth L. Phillips a lot, 25x80 feet on the south side of Catharine street, near Fifth street, Thirty-second ward, for $400.

Minor Realty Deals.

Coraopolis: George A. Lashell sold to George E. McCoy a lot, 40x133 feet., the Kenyon residence, at the northwest corner of Main street and Fifth avenue, Coraopolis, for $4,000.

Allegheny: L. A. Clark & Co. sold to Edward White lot No. 11 in their Tenth ward plan, Allegheny, for $1,000. The lot is 25x110 feet, and will be improved at once.

Allegheny: The Federal Realty Company sold to E. A. Giniff lot No. 137 in its Ideal plan, for $200; also, to R. N. Giniff, lots Nos. 138 and 139, in the same plan, for $1,000.

The Real Estate Trust Company sold for the Glassport Land Company to Thomas G. Thomas, a lot in Iowa avenue, Glassport, for $200; and to Frank Forny a lot in the same avenue, for $200. Also sold for the Pittsburgh & Homestead Company in New Homestead, a lot in Armor avenue, to Bridget Cosgrove for $350, and to Joseph A. Jordan, a lot in the same avenue, for $300.

The bureau of building inspection yesterday issued a permit to James Jones for six two-story frame dwellings in Oakwood avenue, Twenty-third ward, to cost all told, $8,100.

Transfers Recorded.

Thirtieth Wd. B & L A to Louis W. Bayer, Apr 26, '02, 28 wd, Pgh, 22x60, South 12th st ..... $ 2,500
Mansfield Land Co to Elizabeth M Strome, Apr 26, '02, Carnegie, 45x165, Beechwood ave 350
Bambridge John W to P O Boyd, May 20, '02, Homestead, 25x126, 8th ave.. 1,500
Fisher Paul R ex to same, May 17, '02, Homestead, 25x126, 8th st 2,000
Homestead Realty Co to Sam'l E Wilson, April 12, '02, Munhall, 25x110, Martha st 900
Girdy H P M ex to Edith E Rathburn, May 26, '02, Ben Avon, 50x78, Monitor st 3,700
Thewards Abraham L to Allen W Reed, Mch 10, '02, Turtle Creek, 25x100, Highland ave 450
Jessop Frank W ex to P M Foney Sr, May 15, '02, Mifflin twp, 25x149, 7th ave 1,000
Fa[illegible] John et al to Emma S Hamilton, May 8, '02 350
*Hall R C to Anton Lutz, May 24, '02.. 45,000
Berry Samuel to J Galvin, May 22, '02.. 700
*Jobe Peter to E B Coun, May 16, '02.. 950
Tanner Geo E to J Miller, May 15, '02.. 8,000
Hakanson Oscar to F H Kirker, May 1, '02 400
Hyatt Frank to Dollar Sav Bk, April 7, '02 700
McKean Geo A to same, May 1, '02..... 2,500
Dever Frank C to Germania Sav Bank, May 8, '02 500
Black W D to Peoples Savings Bank, May 26, '02 8,500
Rothgeb Mathias to Peoples Bk, McKeesport, May 17, '02 1,400
Lorosch Anna M to Ger Fire Ins Co, May 22, '02 2,500
Zollinger John to Trustees of Synod, May 21, '02..... 934
Same to same, May 21, '02..... 5,065
*Miller Julius to Knoxville L Impt Co, May 8, '02 1,637
Stewart Samuel to Safe Dep & Tr Co, May 26, '02 2,800
*Davis Thos G to Mansfield Land Co, May 3, '02 300
Mammer Mary M to Life Pro S & L A, May 26, '02 2,300
Zimmerman J B to Iron Cty S & L A, May 26, '02 1,200
Hammer F L to German Nat B & L A, May 26, '02 2,200
Hamblin Jno G to Model B & L A, May 24, '02 2,200
Petrailes Dominic to Traction B & L A, May 24, '02 2,100
McConnell W A to East Pgh B & L A, May 19, '02 1,800
Stevenson Jno A to Verona B & L A, Mch 1, '02 400
Guallasse Michael to Keystone State B & L A, May 22, '02 2,300
Mainer Michael to same, May 22, '02.. 1,000
Grice Wm to same, May 22, '02..... 1,400
Ament Jacob to Savings Fund B & L A, May 23, '02 780
Wallace Adam to South 12th St B & L A, May 28, '02 2,000
Fisher Jno H to Pa S F & L A, May 23, '02 3,000

*Purchase money.

Anderson Geo E ex to Wm H Lenhard, May 16, Millvale, 24x48, Butler st.... 1,075
Eichenlaub John et al to Mary Kress, April 5, '02, 20th wd, Pgh, 52x140, Graham st 6,072
Packer Redman Land Co to Jas Davison, April 7, '02, Braddock, 50x120, Grandview ave 600
Mahon Richard M to Lucinda M Allison, Mch 14, '02, Sherraden, 50x100, Ash st 950
Wandless Harvey R to Geo F Smith, May 3, '02, Sheraden, 50x180, Middletown Road 500
Goldthorpe Margaret R et al to Wm E Kiner, May 21, '02, Wilkinsburg, 35x120, Whitney st 5,500
Bell Jas M et al to Tuxedo Land Co., May 19, '02, Sewickley twp, 1,940 acres 100,000
McMorran Jas ex to Dorothea Nevergold, April 24, '02, 17 wd, Pgh, 20x100, Horne st 5,500
Wilson Alex G ex to Jno A Snee, May 21, '02, Jefferson twp, 25x146, State st 1,800
Goebel H J to G Rosa, May 13, '02, L St, Clair twp, 25x100, Waide ave 237
McCannon Myles to P O Boyd, May 15, '02, Homestead, 25x110, 7th ave..... 1,200
Baumgartner Jhn to Lodge Jno, Apr 15, '02, McKeesport, 24x100, Abraham ave 1,500
Klingler Geo ex to Thos Aiken, May 13, '02, 35th wd, Pgh, 40x100, Albany ave 300
Baldridge John Jr to Fred'k Sumhuber, May 12, '02, 24x100, Hawkins ave.... 625
Goebel H J to Lawrence Peter, May 15, '02, L St, Clair twp, 25x100, Fisher ave 208
Lehrman Henry ex to Wm Reith ex, May 15, '02, 27 wd, Pgh, 20x100, Hacketraw st 1,500
Anderson Wm J ex to Emma K Patterson, May 15, '02, Mifflin twp, Louisa st 5,650
Masters W L to May E Van Sickle, Feb 3, '02, Oakdale, 25x87, Noblestown road 340

Mortgages Recorded.

Obitz Andrew to B W Barnett, May 14, '02 ..... $ 2,000
Rathbun W W to M Walker, May 26, '02 500
Hall M B to J M Smith ex, May 26, '02. 1,100
Kirk Geo W to M J Henderson, May 20, '02 2,500
Egan Charles to C C Kohne ex, May 21, '02 1,250
Philp Andrew to E F Kennedy, April 30, '02 600
Murphy A A to H Frazier, May 24, '02.. 700
Stragand Peter to J H Brown, May 24, '02 200
House F A ux to J G Kelly, May 24, '02 900
Richards Owen L to J Lautner, May 12, '02 4,500
Potts W H to J Hickey, May 22, '02.... 200
Gormann Charles to R Cunningham, May 24, '02 3,000
Marller J R to W D Sarena, May 24, '02. 500
*Moritz Rubin to G Downie, April 1, '02. 350
Seaberg Gust W to Geo Cochran, May 15, '02 1,100
*Colb David to C Hartman, May 21, '02. 2,500
*Kovac Joseph to J E McKelvey et al,

LYCEUM SITE IS LOCATED IN WASHINGTON ST.

New Building for the Catholic Institution to Be Erected Soon.

PLANS ARE UNDER WAY

Three-Story Brick Structure Containing Library, Reading Room, Theater, Chapel and Gymnasium Will Be Erected.

The building fund for the new Cathedral lyceum, which will take the place of the present institution in Fifth avenue, has assumed such prosperous proportions that negotiations are already under way for the erection of the building. It was announced yesterday that it will be built in Washington street, opposite the new Church of the Epiphany, the foundation of which is now almost built. It will cost about $20,000. The site is now occupied by two dwelling houses, which will be torn down in the fall.

The deal for the purchase of this property was made shortly after the purchase of the site for the new church. The lyceum is an idea of the Rev. Father Canevin, rector of the cathedral, and has done an immense amount of good for the young men in the downtown districts by furnishing a place for legitimate recreation and providing the very best of literature, besides numerous lectures, entertainments and the like. The gymnasium attached to it is one of the best equipped in the city.

When the cathedral was purchased Father Canevin's idea, it was thought, would suffer from the change. It certainly could not stay where it is, but Father Canevin was not to be frightened. He argued with the directors that the work the lyceum has accomplished should be preserved; in fact, the lyceum should be developed for greater work. A few Sundays after this an announcement was made in the cathedral that part of the monthly offerings would be put aside for the purpose of erecting a larger and better equipped lyceum as an adjunct of the new parish of the Epiphany.

Since then there have been liberal contributions to the work from the parish in general and the young ladies of the parish have helped on the work. Several times they have "turned in" just to help the boys along, and they have added not a little to the building fund. Father Canevin states that he is much encouraged with the progress of the building fund, although there is a large amount yet to be raised.

The new Lyceum will be a three-story brick building of modern design. The library, reading room, parlors, theater, chapel, and gymnasium will be handsomely equipped. It is likely that the excavating for the foundation will be started in the fall. The cathedral is to be vacated about February 1, 1903. While the new Lyceum is being erected, temporary quarters will be established in the basement of the new church of the Epiphany.

There are now 200 members in the Lyceum. Father Lawrence O'Connell has charge of the work. Joseph Hodgetts is manager. The Catholic Truth society is one of the fruits of the institution. It gives monthly expositions of points of Catholic doctrine. The closing session of this society will be held Sunday night. Monday night an athletic and vaudeville entertainment will be given by the Lyceum members, the proceeds of which will go to the building fund.

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FOR THE WOMAN OF FASHION
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FOR SALE AT ALL LEADING RETAILERS
STROUSE, ADLER & CO. MANUFACTURERS 412 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

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Perfect communication — and to all points — That's the grand aim realized in the Bell telephone —it's worth much to you!
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Special Window Display—
$1.50 to $5.00
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Tailored Suits worth $10, to $25 at
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Some Rare Bargains.
PATTERSON DRY GOODS CO.,
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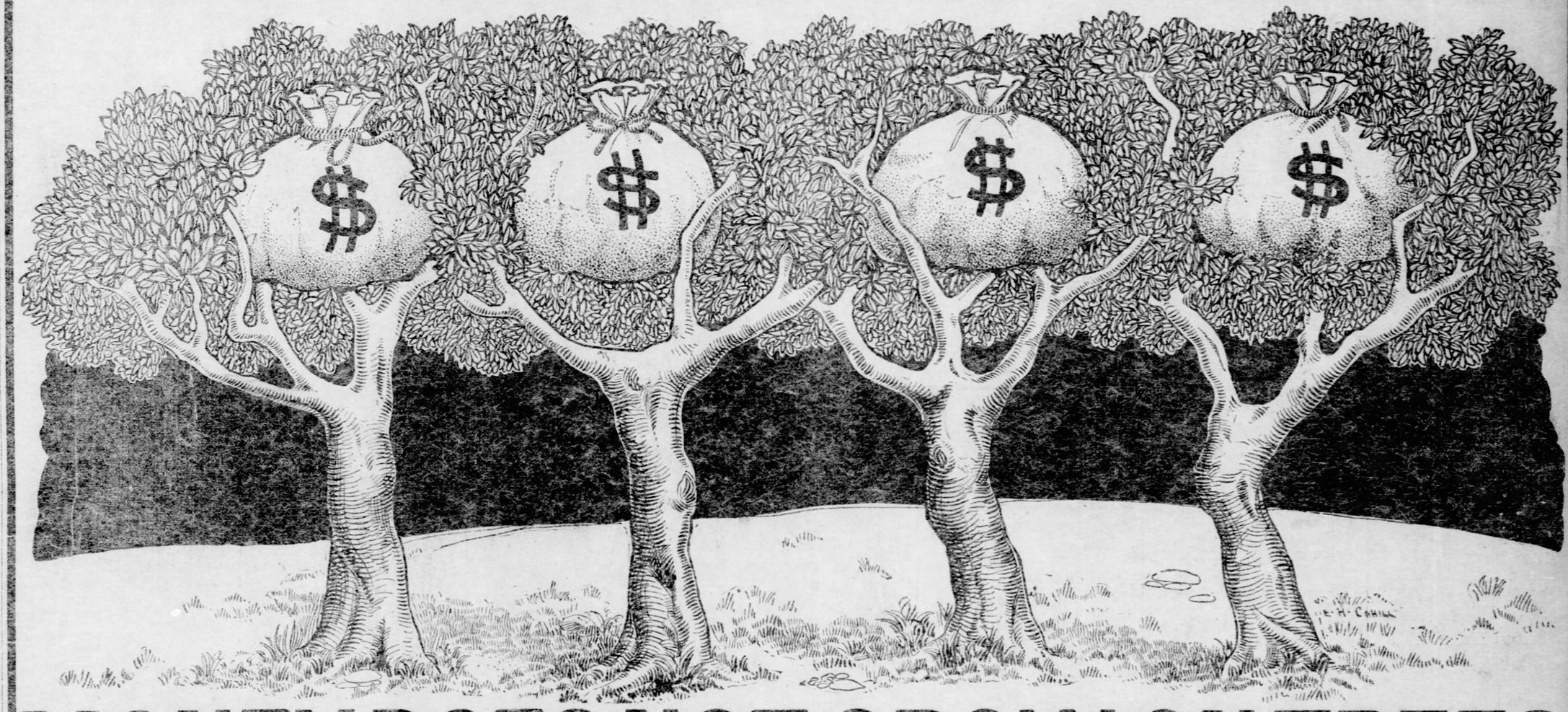
WEST CARNEGIE
THE TOWN OF GOLDEN OPPORTUNITIES.



MONEY DOES NOT GROW ON TREES

THE BASIS OF WEALTH IS REAL ESTATE.

BUY A LOT AT WEST CARNEGIE AND GET A REAL START

Prices, $75 and Upwards---Small Payment Down---Balance Weekly or Monthly.

THE ONLY ROAD TO WEALTH IS AN EASY ROAD TO TRAVEL

No person should expect to find money hanging like apples ready to be plucked.

You have to plant the right kind of seed to raise the right kind of fruit, and you must put your money into the right property if you want to get rich.

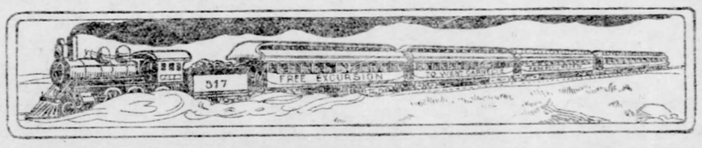
No one ever became rich by standing around and waiting for money to come to him.

WHY WEST CARNEGIE IS THE MOST FAVORABLE PLACE TO BUY LOTS

If you want to make money rapidly buy where everything is favorable. West Carnegie offers opportunities that no man can afford to pass by. It is within 25 minutes' ride of the Union Station, Pittsburgh, and is itself a bee-hive of industrial activity. It immediately adjoins Carnegie, Pa., and has numerous large mills in full operation, employing thousands of men. A few short months ago it was a farm. Today it has 500 substantial houses, together with stores, hotels and all that goes to make up a thriving, growing town. Undoubtedly West Carnegie holds out greater inducements to the home seeker and the investor today than any other place on the face of the earth.

You can buy a lot in West Carnegie for from $75 upwards. And whether you buy it as a home site or merely as a speculation your investment is certain to prove immensely profitable.

Don't pay rent any longer. It is a "bad habit." Just forget about all the money you've spent in this way and make up your mind to own a home of your own at West Carnegie.



FREE EXCURSION TO WEST CARNEGIE

Next Saturday, May 31.

And we want every man and every woman interested in making money to go on this free excursion. No tickets required and no fares will be collected.

You will really miss the opportunity of a lifetime if you fail to go on this excursion.

Get on the free train at Union Station, Fourth Avenue, Birmingham, Point Breeze—or at any station between Pittsburgh and West Carnegie. Bring your friends along. It will be a great day. A brass band will accompany the party, assuring a merry time for all.

Free Train Leaves Saturday, at 2 P. M., Sharp.

A LESSON IN VALUES THAT APPLIES TO WEST CARNEGIE

For the benefit of those who are unfamiliar with the wonderful growth of an industrial community, we mention the following facts: A few years ago the Carnegie Steel Company bought a large plot of ground at Homestead. On this ground numerous plants were erected. But the company refused to sell to the public any property adjoining these plants. These lots were held until recently, when they were placed on the market and sold at almost fabulous prices. Some of them brought as much as $500 a front foot. This shows emphatically that manufacturing industries are the greatest possible help to a community such as has been established at West Carnegie.

WE are not holding back the property adjoining the plants in our locality, but offer them freely with the rest. Take your choice. You can't make a mistake, no matter what part of the plan you select or how many lots you buy.

The Wabash railroad passes right through the property at West Carnegie. The Panhandle and the Lake Erie railroads also pass the property. The West End street car line extends right to the property and the new electric line between Washington and Pittsburgh will pass directly in front of it. Hence, transportation facilities are ample for all purposes and, in fact, all that could be desired.

WEST CARNEGIE ALREADY ESTABLISHED YOU DON'T HAVE TO WAIT FOR DEVELOPMENTS

West Carnegie appeals to all sensible people because it is already established. The improvements on a good many of the places advertised for the sale of lots exist only in the imagination of the projectors, but West Carnegie is different. The mills already in operation there provide employment for thousands of men. And there is room for thousands more. Mechanics can make money there. Clerks can make money there. Storekeepers can make money there. Professional men are needed at West Carnegie.

So don't forget the free excursion, but go out next Saturday, May 31.

If you visit the property on Decoration Day you will find an agent there to show you around and explain the particulars.

See for yourself just what is being done in this remarkable place.

For Further Particulars Apply to **W. H. SKIVINGTON** GENERAL AGENT FOR TORRENCE LAND CO.
317 and 318 Park Building Pittsburgh, Pa.